Declaration of Conformity

We **DUAL DISPLAY DIGITAL** GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT CO., LTD. No. 7-1, Jhongsing Rd, Tucheng City, Taipei County 236. Taiwan GOOD WILL INSTRUMENT (SUZHOU) CO., LTD. **MULTIMETER** No.69 Lushan Road, Suzhou New District Jiangsu, China. declares that the below mentioned product **MODEL: GDM-8245** GDM-8245 is herewith confirmed to comply with the requirements set out in the Council Directive on the Approximation of the Law of Member States relating to Electromagnetic Compatibility (89/336/EEC, 92/31/EEC, 93/68/EEC) and Low Voltage Equipment Directive (73/23/EEC, 93/68/EEC). For the evaluation regarding the Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Equipment Directive, the following standards were applied: © EMC User Manual **EN 61326-1:** Electrical equipment for measurement, control and laboratory use EMC requirements (1997+A1: 1998) Conducted and Radiated Emissions Electrostatic Discharge EN55011 Group II class B: 1998 EN 61000-4-2: 1995 Current Harmonic Radiated Immunity EN 61000-3-2: 1995 EN 61000-4-3: 1996 Voltage Fluctuation Electrical Fast Transients EN 61000-3-3: 1995 EN 61000-4-4: 1995 Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5: 1995 Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6: 1996 Voltage Dips/ Interrupts _____ EN 61000-4-11: 1994 <u>G<u></u>UINSTEK</u> **O** Safety Low Voltage Equipment Directive 73/23/EEC & amended by 93/68/EEC Good Will Instrument Co., Ltd. IEC/EN 61010-1: 2001



GW Part No. 82DM-82450MI

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DUAL DISPLAY DIGITAL MULTIMETER USER MANUAL

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1.SAFETY SUMMARY

Please take a moment to review these safety terms and symbols which may appear in this manual or on Equipment to prevent damage to the instrument.



WARNING. Warning statements identify condition or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.

CAUTION. Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Measurement category I is for measurements performed on circuits not directly connected to MAINS.

Measurement category II is for measurements performed on circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.

Measurement category III is for measurements performed in the building installation.

Measurement category IV is for measurements performed at the source of the low-voltage installation.

DANGER High Voltage



Protective Conductor Terminal

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(ground) Earth Terminal

Frame or Chassis Terminal

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FOR UNITED KINGDOM ONLY

NOTE: This lead/appliance must only be wired by

competent persons

WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in

accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow: Earth Blue: Neutral Brown: Live(Phase)



As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the colours marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with the letter E or by

the earth symbol 🕒 or coloured Green or Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the

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terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse : refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, cable of 0.75mm² should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any moulded mains connector that requires removal /replacement must be destroyed by removal of any fuse & fuse carrier and disposed of immediately, as a plug with bared wires is hazardous if a engaged in live socket. Any rewiring must be carried out in accordance with the information detailed on this label.

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2. INTRODUCTION

This instrument is a portable, bench-type dual display digital multimeter with a good-performance 50000 counts designed for general purpose application. The dual display allows you to display two functions of the input signal being measured.

Features

- 50000 counts DMM
- Multi-function ACV, DCV, ACA, DCA, R, C, Hz, Continuity Beeper, Diode Test, MAX/MIN, REL, HOLD, dBm
- Dual display Indicate ACV and Hz or DCV (ACV) and dBm
- Manual or Autoranging
- 0.03% DCV accuracy
- 20A high current range
- 1000V high voltage range
- AC True RMS or AC+DC True RMS.

USER MANUAL

3.SPECIFICATIONS

The specifications are operated under the essential conditions as follows:

- A 1-year calibration cycle.
- An operating temperature of 18 to 28° C (64.4 to 82.4° F)
- Relative humidity not exceeding 75%
- Accuracy is expressed as \pm (percentage of reading + digits).
- The AC specification is based on the 50% of duty cycle.

| 1. DC VOLTAGE | | | | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|
| RANG | E RES | RESOLUTION | | CURACY | INPUT IMPEDANC | | |
| 500mV | 7 | $10\mu\mathrm{V}$ | | | $10 M \Omega$ | | |
| 5V | | $100\mu\mathrm{V}$ | | 0.020/14 | 11.1 | MΩ | |
| 50V | | 1mV | , c | 0.03%+4 | 10.1 M Ω | | |
| 500V | | 10mV | | | 10N | ſΩ | |
| 1000V | r | 100mV | (| 0.03%+9 | 10N | ſΩ | |
| Input Imped | ance | Ap | prox. 101 | M Ω in parall | el with <100pl | F, all ranges. | |
| Normal Mod | | | | Hz or 50Hz. | | | |
| Common M | ode Rejectio | on Ratio >9 | 0dB at 60 | Hz or 50Hz. | | | |
| Common M | ode Voltage | (Max.) 50 | 00V dc or peak ac. | | | | |
| Maximum Input 450 | | | 50V dc or peak ac continuous on 500mV range. 000V dc or peak ac continuous on other range. | | | | |
| | | | 53.80 dBm ~-97.7 dBm | | | | |
| | s the full sc e indication | | e selected ran | ge, the display | will appear | | |
| 2. TRUE RMS AC OR AC+DC VOLTAGE | | | | | | | |
| Accuracy between 2% of range and full range. | | | | | | | |
| RANGE | 20Hz- | 45Hz- | 1kH | z- 2kHz | - 10kHz- | 20kHz- | |
| | 45Hz | 1kHz | 2kH | z 10kHz | z 20kHz | 50kHz | |
| 500mV | 1%+15 | 0.5 | %+15 | 1%+1 | 5 2%+30 | 5%+30 | |
| 5V | 1%+15 | 0.5 | %+15 | 1%+1 | 5 2%+30 | 5%+30 | |
| 50V | 1%+15 | 0.5 | %+15 | 1%+1 | 5 2%+30 | 5%+30 | |
| 500V | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | | | | | |
| 1000V | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | | | | | |

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| RANGERESOLUTIONINPUT IMPED $500mV$ $10 \mu V$ 100Ω $5V$ $100 \mu V$ $11.1 M\Omega$ $50V$ $1mV$ $10.1M\Omega$ $50V$ $1mV$ $10.1M\Omega$ $500V$ $10mV$ $100M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ Input ImpedanceApprox. $10M\Omega$ in parallel with < $100pF$, all ranges.Maximum Input $450V$ dc or peak ac continuous on $500mV$ range. $1000V$ rms on other range. $63.8dBm \sim -97.7dBm$ Crest Factor Range 3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"-OL-" of over-range indication. 3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGE RANGEFREQUENCY $50mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| $5V$ $100 \mu V$ $11.1 M\Omega$ $50V$ $1mV$ $10.1M\Omega$ $500V$ $10mV$ $10M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ Input ImpedanceApprox. $10M\Omega$ in parallel with < $100pF$, all ranges.Maximum Input $450V$ dc or peak ac continuous on $500mV$ range. $1000V$ rms on other range. dBm (ref 600Ω) $63.8dBm \sim -97.7dBm$ $Crest Factor Range$ $3.0 at full scale.$ $Mhen the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"-OL" of over-range indication.3.FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)500mV10Hz \sim 50kHz\geq 120mV50k \sim 150kHz\geq 200mV0.05\%5V10Hz \sim 200kHz\geq 1.2V0.05\%50V20Hz \sim 1kHz\geq 12V0.05\%50V20Hz \sim 1kHz\geq 12V0.05\%AC+DC measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range.$ | | | | | |
| $50V$ $1mV$ $10.1M\Omega$ $500V$ $10mV$ $10M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ $1000V$ $100mV$ $10M\Omega$ Input ImpedanceApprox. $10M\Omega$ in parallel with < $100pF$,all ranges.Maximum Input $450V$ dc or peak ac continuous on $500mV$ range. $1000V$ rms on other range. $1000V$ rms on other range.dBm (ref 600Ω) $63.8dBm \sim -97.7dBm$ Crest Factor Range 3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"-OL" of over-range indication. 3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGE RANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA $500mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ $0.05\%^{-1}$ $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ $0.05\%^{-1}$ $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ $0.05\%^{-1}$ $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ $0.05\%^{-1}$ $50V$ <t< td=""><td></td></t<> | | | | | |
| 500V10mV10MΩ1000V100mV10MΩInput ImpedanceApprox. 10MΩ in parallel with < 100pF,all ranges. | | | | | |
| 1000V100mV10M Ω Input ImpedanceApprox. 10M Ω in parallel with < 100pF,all ranges. | | | | | |
| Input ImpedanceApprox. $10M \Omega$ in parallel with < $100pF$, all ranges.Maximum Input $450V dc or peak ac continuous on 500mV range.1000V rms on other range.dBm (ref 600 \Omega)63.8dBm \sim -97.7dBmCrest Factor Range3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"—OL—" of over-range indication.3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA500mV10Hz \sim 50kHz\geq 120mV0.05\%50k \sim 150kHz\geq 1.2V0.05\%50V20Hz \sim 200kHz\geq 1.2V0.05\%500V20Hz \sim 1kHz\geq 12V0.05\%AC+DC measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range.$ | | | | | |
| Maximum Input450V dc or peak ac continuous on 500mV range. 1000V rms on other range.dBm (ref 600Ω)63.8dBm ~ -97.7dBmCrest Factor Range3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil "—OL—" of over-range indication. 3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGE RANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA500mV10Hz ~ 50kHz $= 120mV$ 0.05%- $50k ~ 150kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ $50V$ 20Hz ~ 200kHz $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05%- $50V$ 20Hz ~ 1kHz $\geq 12V$ 0.05%- $50V$ 20Hz ~ 1kHz $\geq 12V$ 0.05%- $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| Infaximum input1000V rms on other range.dBm (ref 600 Ω)63.8dBm ~ -97.7dBmCrest Factor Range3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"-OL" of over-range indication.3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA500mV10Hz ~ 50kHz $200mV$ 0.05%- $50k ~ 150kHz$ $\geq 1.20mV$ $50V$ 20Hz ~ 200kHz $200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% - $50V$ 20Hz ~ 1kHz $\geq 12V$ 0.05%- $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| Crest Factor Range3.0 at full scale.When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display wil"-OL" of over-range indication.3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA500mV10Hz ~ 50kHz \geqq 120mV0.05%50k ~ 150kHz \geqq 200mV0.05%5V10Hz ~ 200kHz \geqq 1.2V0.05%50V20Hz ~ 200kHz \geqq 1.2V0.05%500V20Hz ~ 1kHz \geqq 12V0.05%AC+DC measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display will—OL—" of over-range indication.3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA500mV10Hz ~ 50kHz $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50k ~ 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ 10Hz ~ 200kHz $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ 20Hz ~ 200kHz $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ 20Hz ~ 1kHz $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| "-OL-" of over-range indication.3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA $500mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50k \sim 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| 3. FREQUENCY MEASUREMENT AT ACV RANGERANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA $500mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50k \sim 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | ll appear | | | | |
| RANGEFREQUENCYINPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE)ACCURA $500mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50k \sim 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | | | | | |
| $500mV$ $10Hz \sim 50kHz$ $\geq 120mV$ 0.05% $50k \sim 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on $500mV$ range. | | | | | |
| 10000 100000 100000 $50k \sim 150kHz$ $\geq 200mV$ 0.05% $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on $500mV$ range. | ACY | | | | |
| $5V$ $10Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\ge 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200kHz$ $\ge 1.2V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1kHz$ $\ge 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | +1 | | | | |
| $50V$ $20Hz \sim 200 \text{kHz}$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $50V$ $20Hz \sim 1 \text{kHz}$ $\geq 1.2V$ 0.05% $500V$ $20Hz \sim 1 \text{kHz}$ $\geq 12V$ 0.05% $AC+DC$ measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input $450V$ peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | +1 | | | | |
| 500V20Hz ~ 1kHz \geq 12V0.05%AC+DC measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | +1 | | | | |
| AC+DC measurement does not support AC+Hz function.Maximum Input450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | +1 | | | | |
| Maximum Input 450V peak ac continuous on 500mV range. | +1 | | | | |
| | es not support AC+Hz function. | | | | |
| 500V peak ac continuous on the other range. | | | | | |
| 4. DC Current | | | | | |
| RANGE RESOLUTION ACCURACY BURDEN VO | OLTAGE | | | | |
| 500 μ A 0.01 μ A 0.2%+2 0.7Vm | ax. | | | | |
| 5mA 0.1 μ A 0.2%+2 0.7Vma | ax. | | | | |
| 50mA 1 μ A 0.2%+2 0.7Vma | ax. | | | | |
| 500mA 10μ A 0.2% +2 0.8 Vma | ax. | | | | |
| 2A 100 μ A 0.3%+2 0.8Vma | ax | | | | |
| 20A 1mA 0.3%+2 0.9Vma | | | | | |

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| Protection | | A,5mA,50mA,500mA,2A 5 ranges fuse protection. | | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------|-------------|--|--|
| | 20A range no fuse,15 seconds max. When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display will appea '-OL" of over-range indication. | | | | | |
| | MSAC ORAC+ | | | | | |
| Accuracy | Betw | een 2% of range and | full range. | | | |
| RANGE | 20Hz-45Hz | 45Hz-2kHz 2kHz-10kHz | | 10kHz-20kHz | | |
| $500 \mu\mathrm{A}$ | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | 1%+15 | 2%+15 | | |
| 5mA | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | 1%+15 | 2%+15 | | |
| 50mA | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | 1%+15 | 2%+15 | | |
| 500mA | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | | | | |
| 2A | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | | | | |
| 20A | 1%+15 | 0.5%+15 | | | | |
| Protection 500μ A,5mA,50mA,500mA,2A 5 ranges fuse protection. 20A range no fuse,15 seconds max. | | | | | | |
| Crest Factor Range 3.0 at full scale. | | | | | | |
| The burden voltage is the same as the DC current. | | | | | | |
| When the input exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display will appea "-OL-" of over-range indication. | | | | | | |
| 6. FREQU | ENCY MEASUR | EMENT AT ACA I | RANGE | | | |
| RANGE | FREQUENCY | INPUT LEVEL (SINE WAVE) | | ACCURACY | | |
| $500 \mu\mathrm{A}$ | 10Hz ~ 20 kHz | $\geq 90 \mu \mathrm{A}$ | | 0.05% + 1 | | |
| 5mA | 10Hz ~ 20 kHz | \geq 0.9mA | | 0.05% + 1 | | |
| 50mA | 10Hz ~ 20kHz | \geq 9mA | | 0.05% + 1 | | |
| 500mA | 10Hz ~ 20kHz | \geq 90mA | | 0.05% + 1 | | |
| 2A | 10Hz ~ 2kHz | $\geq 1A$ | | 0.05% + 1 | | |
| 20A | 10Hz ~ 2kHz | \geq 9. | 0.05% + 1 | | | |
| AC+DC me | easurement does n | ot support AC+Hz fu | unction. | | | |

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| 7.RESISTANCE | | | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| RANGE | RESOLUTION | ACCURACY | | | | |
| 500 Ω 0.01 Ω 0.1%+4 | | | | | | |
| $5k\Omega$ | 0.1Ω 0.1%+2 | | | | | |
| $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ | 1Ω 0.1%+2 | | | | | |
| $500 \mathrm{k}\Omega$ | 10Ω | 0.1%+2 | | | | |
| $5M\Omega$ | 100 Ω | 0.2%+2 | | | | |
| $20 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ | 1kΩ | 0.3%+2 | | | | |
| Open-circuit Voltage | 3.2 volts maximum on 500 ranges. | Ω , 1.3 volts maximum on all other | | | | |
| Protection | 450V dc or peak ac continu | uous. | | | | |
| 8. CAPACITANCE | | | | | | |
| RANGE: | RESOLUTION | ACCURACY | | | | |
| 5n * | | | | | | |
| | $<1nF \& \ge 0.5nF: 2\%+20$ | | | | | |
| 50n | | | | | | |
| <10 nF & ≥ 5 nF: 2%+30 | | | | | | |
| 500n 0.1n 2%+4 | | | | | | |
| 5 μ | 1n 2%+4 | | | | | |
| 50μ | 10n 2%+4 | | | | | |
| 0 | nterfered by the test lead's in the range on the input ter | mpedance and position. For the minal directly. | | | | |
| Protection 450V dc or peak ac continuous. | | | | | | |
| 9. DIODE CHECK | | | | | | |
| Description | Display read forward voltage of diode. | | | | | |
| Open Voltage | 3.1V approx. | | | | | |
| Maximum Forward Voltage | | | | | | |
| Protection | 450V dc or peak ac continu | ous. | | | | |

| 10. CONTINUITY BEEPER | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| Description | Built in buzzer sounds if conductance is less than 5 ohm. | | | |
| Open Voltage | 3 volts maximum. | | | |
| Protection | 450V dc or peak ac continuous. | | | |
| 11. ENVIRONMENT | AL | | | |
| Operation Environment | Indoor use, altitude up to 2000m. Ambient Temperature 0°C to 50°C. Relative Humidity 75% (Maximum). Installation category II Pollution Degree 2 | | | |
| Storage temperature -40° C to 70° C. | | | | |
| Relative Humidity | The Humidity Up to 75%, 0°C to 35°C, Up to 50%, 35°C to 50°C, except the ranges of 2M Ω and 20M Ω which are up to 75%, 0°C to 35°C. | | | |
| 12. GENERAL | | | | |
| Maximum Common Mode Voltage Warm Up | 500V dc or peak ac (low terminal potential with respect to power line ground). 0.5 hours to achieve rated accuracy. | | | |
| Power source | r · | | | |
| Accessories Test Lead $\times 1$ Instruction manual $\times 1$ 1 | | | | |
| Dimension | 251(W)×91(H)×291(D) m/m | | | |
| Weigh Approx. 2.6 kg | | | | |



WARNING : To avoid electrical shock, the power cord protective grounding conductor must be connected to ground.

CAUTION : To avoid damaging the instrument, do not use it in a place where ambient temperature exceeds 50°C. DUAL DISPLAY DIGITAL MULTIMETER USER MANUAL

4. OPERATION INSTRUCTIONS

4-1 Front panel and rear panel

The front panel, shown in Figure4-1, contains three main elements: the input terminals, the primary and secondary displays, and the push buttons.

The rear panel, shown in Figure 4-2, contains the AC power-line connector, and fuse & line voltage selector, and input fuse holder.

4-2 The [SHIFT] key and function keys

[SHIFT] button is used to enable the secondary function of certain function keys that with blue symbols printed above. The SHIFT LED will be on after pressed the [SHIFT] button. At this time, only the buttons with blue symbols are workable. To release SHIFT function, press [SHIFT] again. For example, to select DCmV function, press [SHIFT], then press [DCV] ([DCmV]).

4-3 Warm up

The instrument requires half-an-hour warm up to achieve rated accuracy.

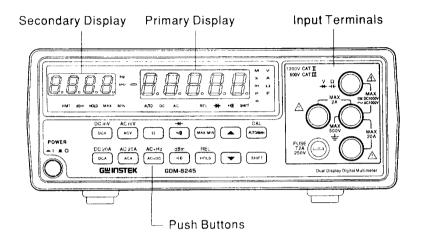
4-4 Over-range indication

An input is over-range if it exceeds the full scale of the selected range. GDM-8245 indicates an input is over-range by lighting the "—OL—" pattern on display.

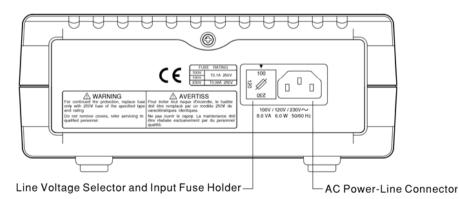
4-5 No specification indication

On AC+Hz measured mode, when an input is less sensitivity, the secondary display show "———". When the frequency of an input exceeds 51kHz, the primary display will show "———".

• Figure 4-1 Front Panel



• Figure 4-2 Rear Panel



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4-6 Input overload protection

The maximum allowable input is shown as table 4-1. Please proceed the measurement accordingly.

Table 4-1:

| FUNCTION | RANGE | MAXIMUN INPUT | |
|-----------------|------------|--|--|
| DCV | 5V~1000V | 1000Vdc or peak ac | |
| ACV (AC+DC) | 5V~1000V | 1000V rms continuous & 10 ⁷ V•Hz maximum | |
| DCA,ACA(AC+DC) | 500 μ A~2A | fuse protected: 2A 250V | |
| DC,AC20A(AC+DC) | 20A | no fuse protected | |
| DC,ACmV (AC+DC) | 500mV | 450V dc or ac peak | |
| OHM | all ranges | 450V dc or ac peak | |
| CAPACITANCE | all ranges | 450V dc or ac peak | |



WARNING: To avoid shock hazard and/or instrument damage, do not apply input potentials that exceed the input overload limits shown in table 4-1.

4-7 Input connections to common



WARNING: To avoid shock hazard and/or instrument damage, do not connect the common input terminal to any source of more than 500 volts DC or peak AC above earth ground.

5. MEASUREMENT TUTORIAL

5-1. Voltage measurements (DCV, ACV, DCmV, ACmV)

- 1).Press the button to select desired function.
- 2).Press [▲]or[♥]to the desired range (if you have no idea about the value of input, we suggest you always start at the highest range).
 Press [AUTO/MAN] button for manual or auto-ranging selection.
- 3).Connect the test lead to the V and COM input terminals of the instrument.
- 4).Connect the test lead to the measuring points and read the displayed value.
- NOTE: After measuring high voltage to 1000V dc, errors may occur when the 100μ V is measured. Allow up to one minute prior to making low-level measurements

5-2. Current measurements (DCA, DC 20A, ACA, AC 20A)

1).Press the button to select function.

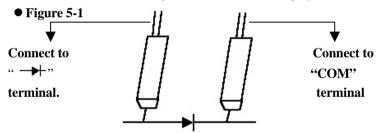
- 2).Press [▲]or[♥]to the desired range.(if you have no idea about the value of input. we suggest you always start at the highest range).Press [AUTO/MAN] button to change manual or autoranging.
- 3).Connect the test lead to the 2A or 20A and COM input terminals of the instrument.
- 4).Connect the test lead to the measuring points and read the displayed value.

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- 5-3. Resistance, capacitance, continuity beeper measurements
 - 1).Press the button to select function.
 - 2).Press [▲]or[▼]to the desired range. Press [AUTO/MAN] button to change manual or auto-ranging.
 - 3).Connect the test lead to the Ω , $\dashv \leftarrow$ and COM input terminals of the instrument.
 - 4).Connect the test lead to the measuring points and read the displayed value.

5-4. Diode test measurements

- 1).Press the button to select function.
- 2).Connect the test lead to the \rightarrow and COM input terminals of the instrument.
- 3).Connect the test lead to the semiconductor junction (diode or transistor) as shown in Figure 5-1, and read the displayed value.



5-5. dBm measurements

This function converts a voltage measurement into dBm. The function can be selected only when a voltage function (volts ac, volts dc, or volts ac+dc) is selected. Press [dBm] button, the secondary display shows the dBm value that reposed on the voltage value showed in the primary display.

For example, if [dBm] is pressed when measuring voltage in the max mode, the maximum value is converted to dBm. To release the dBm function, press [dBm] again. The dBm mode and AC+Hz mode are not selected concurrently.

The standard reference impedance of the instrument is 600Ω .

5-6. AC+Hz measurements

The function can be selected only when ac range is selected. Press [SHIFT], then press [AC+Hz], the secondary display shows the frequency of the input signal that is higher than the sensitivity. The frequency measurement does not depend on the max/min, rel, or hold mode. In this mode, the reading rate of the DMM may be slower than the normal state.

To release the AC+Hz function, press [AC+Hz] again. The dBm mode and AC+Hz mode are not selected concurrently.

5-7 AC+DC measurements

The function can be selected only when voltage or current function is selected. Press [AC+DC] button, the primary display shows the true rms value of the input signal including the ac component and dc component. In this mode, the reading rate of the DMM is slower than the normal state.

To release the AC+DC function, press other function (voltage ac or dc, current ac or dc, R,C, Continuity Beeper, Diode Test) key.

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5-8 MAX/MIN measurements

The MAX/MIN mode causes the DMM to hold the lowest and highest readings. Press [MAX/MIN] button to the MAX mode. The highest will be displayed in continuous input. In the MAX mode, press [MAX/MIN] button to the MIN mode. The lowest will be displayed in continuous input. In the MIN mode, press [MAX/MIN] button to release the MAX/MIN mode.

5-9. REL measurements

When the [REL] button is pressed, the meter stores the present reading and displays subsequent measurements as the difference between the measured value and the stored reading.

In the MAX/MIN mode, set [REL] button to the REL mode. The maximum or minimum reading will become the relative base.

5-10. HOLD measurements

The HOLD mode that allows you to keep your eyes fixing on the probes when taking measurements in difficult or hazardous circumstances, then read the display when it is convenient and safe. Press the [HOLD] button the last reading is held on the display in all function. To release the HOLD function, press [HOLD] again.

6.MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

6-1 dBm measurement technique

dBm is defined as above or below a 1mW reference. A voltage measurement is converted to dBm using the following formula: dBm=10*log $_{10}$ (1000*voltage value²/reference impedance.) The standard reference impedance of the instrument is 600 Ω . For example, 0.7746V will be convert to 0 dBm.

6-2 True rms measurement

The true rms (root-mean-square) value of a waveform is equivalent to dc value that causes the same amount of heat to be dissipated in a resistor.

Since average-responding meters have been in use for so long, you may have accumulated test or reference data based on them. Figure 6-1 illustrates the relationship between ac and dc components for common waveforms, and compares readings for true rms meters and average-responding meters. Figure 6-1 will help you convert between the two measurement methods.

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• Figure 6-1: Voltage Conversion

| | PEAK VOLTAGES | | METERED VOLTAGE | | | DC AND AC |
|---|---------------|-------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| AC-COUPLED | | | AC COMPONENT ONLY | | DC | TOTAL RMS |
| WAVEFORM | РК-РК | 0-PK | •RMS CAL | AC TRUE RMS | COMPONENT ONLY | ••TRUE RMS $\sqrt{ac^3 + dc^3}$ |
| | 2.828 | 1,414 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| PK 0 PK 0 PK PK PK PK PK PK PK PK PK PK | 1.414 | 1.414 | 0.421 | 0.435 | 0.900 | 1.000 |
| PK 0 PK 0 PK PK-PK PK-PK | 2.000 | 2.000 | 0.764 | 0.771 | 0.636 | 1.000 |
| | 2.000 | 1.000 | 1.110 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |
| | 1.414 | 1.414 | 0.785 | 0.707 | 0.707 | 1.000 |
| RECTANGULAR PULSE PK X PK-PK 0 Y \downarrow \uparrow \uparrow D = X/Y K = $\sqrt{D-D^2}$ | 2.000 | 2.000 | 2.22K | 2К | 2D | 2√0 |
| | 3.464 | 1.732 | 0.960 | 1.000 | 0.000 | 1.000 |

6-3 AC+DC measurement

A signal includes an ac component and a dc level. The relationship between the total rms value of the signal and the ac component and the dc component is:

rms total= $\sqrt{(ac \text{ component rms})^2 + (dc \text{ component})^2}$

6-4 Crest factor

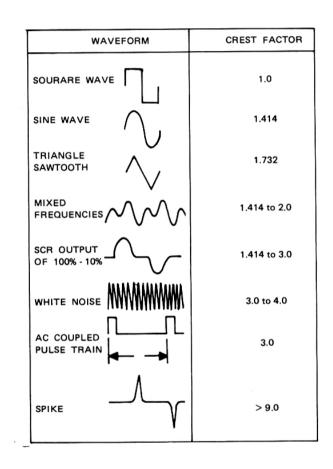
Crest factor is often overlooked in determining the accuracy of an ac measurement. Crest factor is defined as the ratio of the peak signal amplitude to the rms value of the signal.

If an input signal has a crest factor of 3.0 or less, voltage measurements will not be in error due to dynamic range limitations at full-scale.

The waveforms in Figure 6-2 show signals with increasing value of crest factor. As you can see from the series of waveforms, a signal with a crest factor above 3.0 is unusual.

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• Figure 6-2: Crest Factor



7.MAINTENANCE

The following instructions are executed by qualified personnel only. To avoid electrical shock, do not perform any servicing other than the operating instructions unless you are qualified to do so.

7-1 Line fuse replacement

If the fuse blows, the DMM would not work. Try to determine and correct the cause of the blown fuse, then replace the fuse with correct rating and type shown as below:

| FUSE RATING AND TYPE | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 100/120V | T0.1A 250V | | | |
| 230V | T0.08A 250V | | | |
| F101 on PCB | T0.5A 250V | | | |

7-2 Current fuse replacement

The current fuse protects the 500 μ A~ 2A range from an input current greater 2A.To replace the current fuse, perform the following steps:

- 1).Turn off the power, disconnect the power line and remove the test leads.
- 2).Place the end of a flat blade screwdriver into the slot of the fuse holder on the front panel. Push and carefully rotate the fuse carrier turn counterclockwise till remove the fuse and the fuse carrier off the front panel.
- 3).Remove the defective fuse and replace the correct fuse (F2A 250V).

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7-3 Line voltage conversion

The primary winding of the power transformer is tapped to permit operation from 100/120V, or 230V AC 50/60Hz line voltage. Conversion from one line voltage to another is done by changing the line voltage selector switch as shown in Figure 4-2. The rear panel identifies the line voltage to which the unit was factory set. To convert to a different line voltage, perform the following procedure:

- 1). Make sure the power cord is unplugged.
- 2). Adjust the line voltage selector switch to the desired line voltage position.
- 3). A change in line voltage may also require a corresponding change of fuse value. Install the correct fuse value as listed on rear panel.

7-4 Cleaning

To keep the instrument clean, wipe the case with a damp cloth and detergent. Do not use abrasives or solvents.