Multi-Range DC Power Supply

PSW-Multi Series

USER MANUAL



ISO-9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURER



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SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to insure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the PSW-Multi or to other properties.
<u>Å</u>	DANGER High Voltage
<u>À</u>	Attention Refer to the Manual
	Protective Conductor Terminal
\overline{H}	Earth (ground) Terminal



Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

 Do not place any heavy object on the PSW- Multi.
 Avoid severe impact or rough handling that leads to damaging the PSW-Multi.
• Do not discharge static electricity to the PSW- Multi.
• Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.
• Do not block the cooling fan opening.
• Do not disassemble the PSW-Multi unless you are qualified.
• AC Input voltage rating: 100Vac-240Vac +/-10%
• Frequency: 47Hz~63Hz
• To avoid electrical shock connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground.
• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.
• Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and water. Do not spray any liquid.
• Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.
 Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below) Relative Humidity: 20%~ 85% Altitude: < 2000m

	• Temperature: 0°C to 50°C
	 Mains supply voltage fluctuations: +/-10 %
	Overvoltage category: OVC II
	• If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
	 LAN, RS232/RS485, USB, and GPIB ports are only to be connected to the circuits which are separated from mains supply by double / reinforce insulation.
	(Pollution Degree) EN 61010-1 and EN 61010-2-030 specify the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The PSW falls under degree 2.
	Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".
	 Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.
	 Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.
	 Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non- conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.
Storage	Location: Indoor
environment	• Temperature: -25°C to 70°C
	• Relative Humidity: <90%, no condensation
Disposal	Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce environmental impact.

All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

GETTING STARTED

This chapter describes the power supply in a nutshell, including its main features and front / rear panel introduction. After going through the overview, please read the theory of operation to become familiar with the operating modes, protection modes and other safety considerations.



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GETTING STARTED

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PSW-Multi Series Overview

Series lineup

The PSW-Multi series consists of 37 models divided into 2 output terminal type (Busbar and connector type) with 2 different size model types (PSW-720 and PSW-1080). The PSW-720 is 2 channel output type and PSW-1080 is 3 channel output type. The models of busbar output type are PSW 30, PSW 40, PSW 80 and PSW160 and connector type are PSW 250 and PSW 800.



Throughout the user manual, PSW 30, PSW 40, PSW 80, PSW 160, PSW 250, PSW 800 will refer to any of the PSW models with a maximum voltage rating of 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V, 250V or 800V, respectively.

Each channel of PSW-Multi series doesn't support serial or parallel operation.

Dual Channel model

Model name	Output	Voltage Rating	Current Rating	Output Type
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-720L11	CH2	0-30V	0-36A	-
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	-
PSW-720L12	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	
PSW-720L14	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	-
P3W-720L14	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	_
PSW-720L15	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
P3W-720L13	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	
PSW-720L22	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	-
P3W-720L22	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	BusBar
PSW-720L24	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	DUSDar
P3W-720L24	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	_
PSW-720L25	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	_
PSW-720L44	CH1	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
PSW-720L45	CH1	0-80V	0-13.5A	_
	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	-
	CH1	0-160V	0-7.2A	
PSW-720L55	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	
PSW-720H66	CH1	0-250V	0-4.5A	
	CH2	0-250V	0-4.5A	-
PSW-720H68	CH1	0-250V	0-4.5A	Connector
	CH2	0-800∨	0-1.44A	Connector
PSW-720H88	CH1	0-800∨	0-1.44A	-
	CH2	0-800∨	0-1.44A	

Triple Channel model

Model name	Output	Voltage Rating	Current Rating	Output Type
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-1080L111	CH2	0-30V	0-36A	-
	CH3	0-30V	0-36A	-
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-1080L112	CH2	0-30V	0-36A	
	CH3	0-40V	0-27A	
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	-
PSW-1080L114	CH2	0-30V	0-36A	-
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	-
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-1080L115	CH2	0-30V	0-36A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	_
PSW-1080L122	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	_
	CH3	0-40V	0-27A	
PSW-1080L124	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	BusBar
	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	_
PSW-1080L125	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	_
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	_
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-1080L144	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	
PSW-1080L145	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	_
	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH1	0-30V	0-36A	
PSW-1080L155	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	

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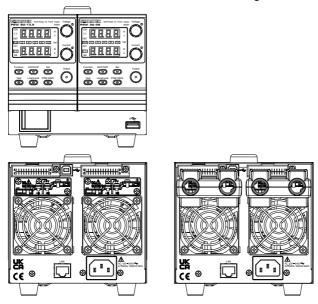
GETTING STARTED

				-
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	_
PSW-1080L222	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	_
	CH3	0-40V	0-27A	_
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	
PSW-1080L224	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	_
PSW-1080L225	CH2	0-40V	0-27A	-
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	-
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	
PSW-1080L244	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	_
PSW-1080L245	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	- -BusBar
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	-DUSDai
	CH1	0-40V	0-27A	
PSW-1080L255	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH1	0-80V	0-13.5A	-
PSW-1080L444	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	_
	CH3	0-80V	0-13.5A	_
	CH1	0-80V	0-13.5A	
PSW-1080L445	CH2	0-80V	0-13.5A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH1	0-80V	0-13.5A	-
PSW-1080L455	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	_
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	_
	CH1	0-160V	0-7.2A	
PSW-1080L555	CH2	0-160V	0-7.2A	
	CH3	0-160V	0-7.2A	

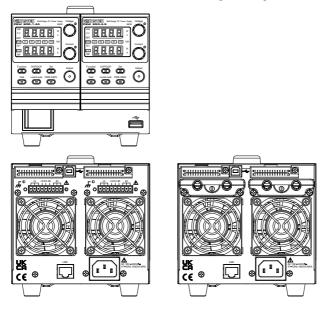
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CH1	0-250V	0-4.5A	
CH2	0-250V	0-4.5A	
CH3	0-250V	0-4.5A	
CH1	0-250V	0-4.5A	
CH2	0-250V	0-4.5A	
CH3	0-800V	0-1.44A	Commenter
CH1	0-250V	0-4.5A	Connector
CH2	0-800V	0-1.44A	
CH3	0-800V	0-1.44A	
CH1	0-800V	0-1.44A	
CH2	0-800V	0-1.44A	
CH3	0-800V	0-1.44A	
	CH2 CH3 CH1 CH2 CH3 CH1 CH2 CH3 CH1 CH2 CH1 CH2	CH2 0-250V CH3 0-250V CH1 0-250V CH2 0-250V CH3 0-800V CH1 0-250V CH3 0-800V CH2 0-800V CH3 0-800V CH3 0-800V CH3 0-800V CH1 0-800V	CH2 0-250V 0-4.5A CH3 0-250V 0-4.5A CH1 0-250V 0-4.5A CH2 0-250V 0-4.5A CH3 0-800V 0-1.44A CH1 0-250V 0-4.5A CH3 0-800V 0-1.44A CH2 0-800V 0-1.44A CH3 0-800V 0-1.44A CH1 0-800V 0-1.44A CH1 0-800V 0-1.44A CH1 0-800V 0-1.44A

Apart from the differences in output type, each unit differs at output channels and voltage. The PSW-720 is two channel output and PSW-1080 is three channel output. PSW-Multi 2-channel modules with low voltage models.

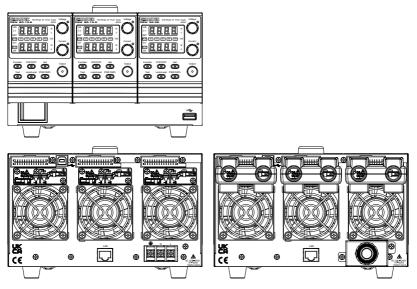


PSW-Multi 2-channel modules with high voltage models.

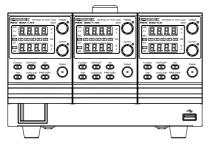


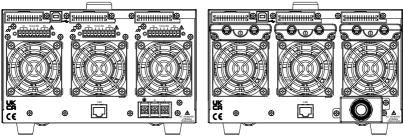
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PSW-Multi 3-channel modules with low voltage models.



PSW-Multi 3-channel modules with high voltage models.





Main Features

Performance	 High performance/power Power efficient switching type power supply Low impact on load devices Fast transient recovery time of 1ms Fast output response time
Features	 OVP, OCP and OHP (OTP) protection Adjustable voltage and current slew rates User adjustable bleeder control to quickly dissipate the power after shutdown to safe levels.
	 Extensive remote monitoring and control options Power on configuration settings. Supports test scripts Web server monitoring and control
Interface	 Ethernet port Analog connector for analog voltage and current monitoring USB host and device port

Accessories

Please check the contents before using the PSW-Multi.

PSW 30/40/80/160 Accessories

Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
		Power cord (PSW-720)
		Power cord (PSW-1080)
		Output terminal Cover (per channel)
	GTL-123	Test leads: 1x red, 1x black (per channel)
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	PSW-004	Basic Accessory Kit (per channel):
		M4 terminal screws and washers x2, M8 terminal bolts, nuts and washers x2, Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-001	Extended terminal with max. 30A
	GET-005	Extended European terminal with max. 20A
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool
	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)

	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	GUR-001A	RS-232 to USB adapter with M3 rivet nut
	GUR-001B	RS-232 to USB adapter with #4-40 UNC rivet nut
Download	Name	Description
		ada inf UCD duiven

PSW-Multi_cdc.inf USB driver

PSW 250/800 Accessories

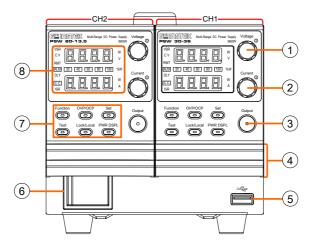
Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
		Power cord (PSW-720)
		Power cord (PSW-1080)
		High voltage output terminal (per channel)
	GTL-240	USB Cable
		High voltage output terminal (per channel)
	PSW-008	Basic Accessory Kit (per channel):
		(Air filter x1, Analog control protection dummy x1, Analog control lock level x1
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	GET-002	Extended terminal with max. 10A
	PSW-001	Accessory Kit:
		Pin contact x10, Socket x1, Protection cover x1
	PSW-002	Simple IDC Tool

	PSW-003	Contact Removal Tool
	GRA-410-J	Rack mount adapter (JIS)
	GRA-410-E	Rack mount adapter (EIA)
	GTL-130	Test leads: 2x red, 2x black
	GUG-001	GPIB to USB adapter
	GTL-240	USB Cable
	GUR-001A	RS-232 to USB adapter with M3 rivet nut
	GUR-001B	RS-232 to USB adapter with #4-40 UNC rivet nut
Download	Name	Description
	PSW-Multi_cdc.inf USB driver	

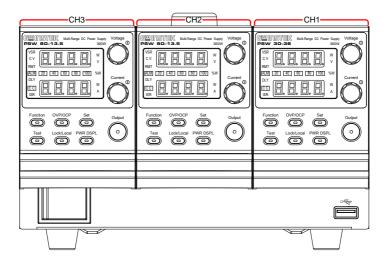
Appearance

PSW-Multi Front Panel

PSW-720



PSW-1080



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1 Voltage Knob Voltage ſ Sets the voltage.



2 Current Knob Current \bigcirc

Sets the current.

3 Output Button Output



Press to turn on the output. The Output key will light up when the output is active.

4 Cover panel

5 USB



USB A port for data transfer, loading test scripts etc.

6 Power Switch



Used to turn the power on/off.

The Function keys along with the Output key will 7 Function Keys light up when a key is active.



The Function key is used to configure the power supply.

OVP/OCP Set the over current or over voltage protection levels.





Sets the current and voltage limits.

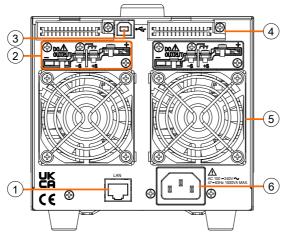


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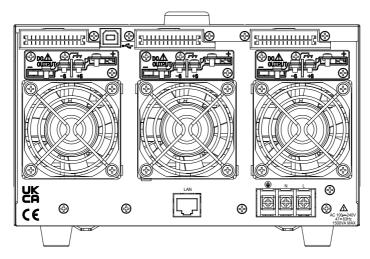
Test	Used to run customized scripts for testing.
Lock/Local	Locks or unlocks the panel keys to prevent accidentally changing panel settings.
PWR DSPL	Toggles the display from viewing V/A \rightarrow V/W or A/W*. *Press the Voltage knob for V/W, press the Current knob for A/W.
VSR	Voltage Slew Rate
сv	Constant Voltage Mode
RMT	Remote Control Mode
ALM	Alarm on
DLY	Delay Output
CC	Constant Current Mode
ISR	Current Slew Rate
20 40 80 100 %	 Power bar Indicates the current power output as a percentage.

8 Display Indicators PSW-Multi Rear Panel (low voltage models)

PSW-720

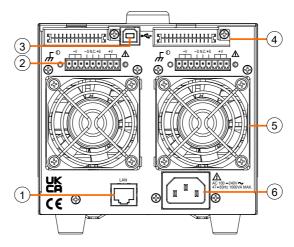


PSW-1080

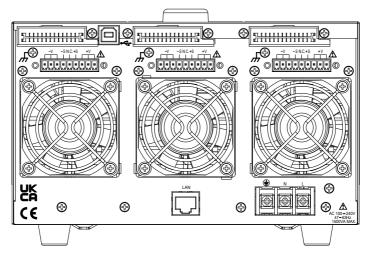


PSW-Multi Rear Panel (high voltage models)

PSW-720



PSW-1080



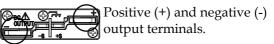
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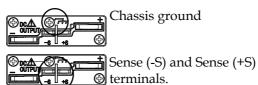
1 Ethernet Port



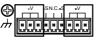
The ethernet port is used for remote control and digital monitoring from a PC.

2 Output Terminals (30, 40, 80, 160 volt models)

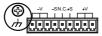




Output Terminals (250, 800 volt models) The 250 and 800 volt models use a 9 pin connector and a plug for the output and sense terminal connections. The plug is a MC420-38109Z plug by DECA SwitchLab Inc. This plug is also available separately (GW part number PSW-012).

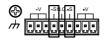


Positive (V+) and negative (V-) output terminals (3 of each).



Chassis ground

remote control.



Sense (-S) and Sense (+S) terminals.

The USB B port is used for

³ USB B port



4 Analog Control Connector Standard 26 pin MIL connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug).

The analog control connector is used to monitor current and voltage output, machine status (OVP, OCP, OHP (OTP) etc.), and for analog control of the

current and voltage output. Use an OMRON XG5 IDC

socket as the mating socket.

5 Fans

Temperature controlled fans

6 Line Voltage Input (PSW-720)



Line Voltage Input (PSW-1080)

- Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC
- Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)
 - Voltage Input: 100~240 VAC
 - Line frequency: 50Hz/60 Hz (Automatically switchable)

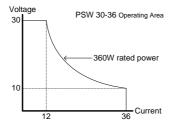
Theory of Operation

The theory of operation chapter describes the basic principles of operation, protection modes and important considerations that must be taken into account before use.

Operating Area Description

Background The PSW power supplies are regulated DC power supplies with a high voltage and current output. These operate in CC or CV mode within a wide operating range limited only by the output power.

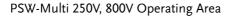
> The operating area of each power supply is determined by the rated output power as well as the voltage and current rating. For example the operating area and rated power output for the PSW 30-36 is shown below.

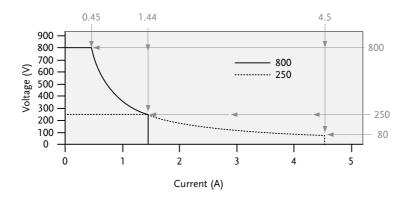


When the power supply is configured so that the total output (current x voltage output) is less than the rated power output, the power supply functions as a typical constant current, constant voltage power supply.

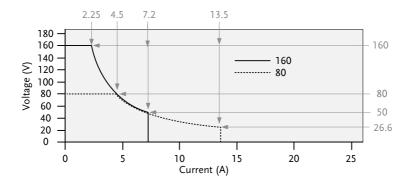
If however, the power supply is configured such that the total output (current x voltage output) exceeds the rated power output, the effective output is actually limited to the power limit of the unit. In this case the output current and voltage then depend purely on the load value.

Below is a comparison of the operating areas of each power supply.

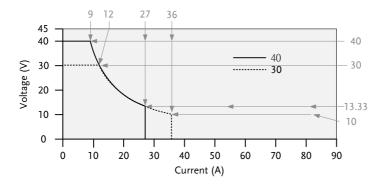




PSW-Multi 80V, 160V Operating Area



PSW-Multi 30, 40V Operating Area



CC and CV Mode

CC and CV mode When the power supply is operating in constant current mode (CC) a constant current will be supplied to the load. When in constant current mode the voltage output can vary, whilst the current remains constant. When the load resistance increases to the point where the current limit (I_{SET}) can no longer be sustained the power supply switches to CV mode. The point where the power supply switches modes is the crossover point.

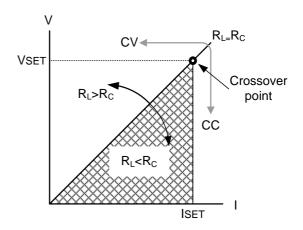
When the power supply is operating in CV mode, a constant voltage will be supplied to the load, whilst the current will vary as the load varies. At the point that the load resistance is too low to maintain a constant voltage, the power supply will switch to CC mode and maintain the set current limit.

The conditions that determine whether the power supply operates in CC or CV mode depends on the set current (I_{SET}), the set voltage (V_{SET}), the load

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resistance (R_L) and the critical resistance (R_C). The critical resistance is determined by V_{SET}/I_{SET} . The power supply will operate in CV mode when the load resistance is greater than the critical resistance. This means that the voltage output will be equal to the V_{SET} voltage but the current will be less than I_{SET} . If the load resistance is reduced to the point that the current output reaches the I_{SET} level, the power supply switches to CC mode.

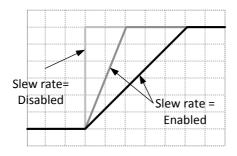
Conversely the power supply will operate in CC mode when the load resistance is less than the critical resistance. In CC mode the current output is equal to I_{SET} and the voltage output is less than V_{SET} .



Slew Rate

Theory

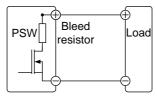
The PSW has selectable slew rates for CC and CV mode. This gives the PSW power supply the ability to limit the current/voltage draw of the power supply. Slew rate settings are divided into High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority mode disables slew rate settings for CC or CV mode. Slew Rate Priority mode allows for user adjustable slew rates for CC or CV mode. The rising and falling slew rate can be set independently.



Bleeder Control

Background

The PSW DC power supplies employ a bleed resistor in parallel with the output terminals.



Bleed resistors are designed to dissipate the power from the power supply filter capacitors when power is turned off and the load is

disconnected. Without a bleed resistor, power may remain charged on the filter capacitors for some time and be potentially hazardous.
In addition, bleed resistors also allow for smoother voltage regulation of the power supply as the bleed resistor acts as a minimum voltage load.
The bleed resistance can be turned on or off

using the configuration settings.



By default the bleed resistance is on. For battery charging applications, be sure to turn the bleed resistance off as the bleed resistor can discharge the connected battery when the unit is off.

Sink Current Table

Background Sink current (reference value) from an external voltage source according to the bleeder circuit setting.

PSW 30-36

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
1	1.455	0.000
3	1.733	0.000
5	1.559	0.002
10	1.123	0.009
15	0.715	0.014
20	0.471	0.021
25	0.353	0.031
30	0.267	0.038

PSW 40-27

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	1.193	0.002
10	0.994	0.009
15	0.799	0.014
20	0.625	0.021
25	0.51	0.025
30	0.445	0.03
35	0.397	0.035
40	0.356	0.041

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PSW 80-13.5

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cur	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
5	0.640	0.002
10	0.589	0.009
20	0.488	0.015
30	0.387	0.026
40	0.292	0.032
50	0.224	0.045
60	0.188	0.058
80	0.140	0.084

PSW 160-7.2

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.173	0.009
20	0.164	0.017
40	0.146	0.034
60	0.128	0.057
80	0.112	0.076
100	0.101	0.095
130	0.093	0.128
160	0.088	0.207

PSW 250-4.5

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
vout	Sink Cu	ırrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
10	0.158	0.031
30	0.143	0.098
50	0.129	0.164
80	0.107	0.267
100	0.092	0.333
150	0.061	0.508
200	0.463	0.697
250	0.035	0.961

PSW 800-1.44

Vout	Bleeder ON	Bleeder OFF
voui	Sink Cu	rrent
(V)	(A)	(mA)
20	0.061	0.056
50	0.058	0.138
100	0.054	0.274
200	0.046	0.550
300	0.037	0.823
400	0.029	1.097
600	0.020	1.653
800	0.015	2.214

Internal Resistance

Background	In the PSW, the internal resistance of the power apply can be user-defined in software. (Internal esistance Setting, page 85). When the internal esistance is set it can be seen as a resistance in eries with the positive output terminal. This lows the power supply to simulate power ources that have internal resistances such as lead cid batteries.	
Internal Resistance Range	Unit Model PSW 30-36 PSW 40-27 PSW 80-13.5 PSW 160-7.2 PSW 250-4.5 PSW 800-1.44	Internal Resistance Range $0.000 \sim 0.833\Omega$ $0.000 \sim 1.481\Omega$ $0.000 \sim 5.926\Omega$ $0.000 \sim 22.222\Omega$ $0.000 \sim 55.55\Omega$ $0.0 \sim 555.5\Omega$

Alarms

The PSW power supplies have a number of protection features. When one of the protection alarms are set, the ALM icon on the display will be lit. For details on how to set the protection modes, please see page 61.

OVP	Overvoltage protection (OVP) prevents a high voltage from damaging the load.
OCP	Overcurrent protection prevents high current from damaging the load.
онр (отр)	Overheat (Over temperature) protection protects the instrument from overheating.
Power Switch Trip	When the Power Switch Trip configuration setting is enabled, the power supply will automatically shut down when a protection setting has been tripped (OCP, OVP, OHP (OTP)).
Alarm output	Alarms are output via the analog control connector. The alarm output is an isolated open- collector photo coupler output.

Considerations

The following situations should be taken into consideration when using the power supply.

Inrush current	When the power supply switch is first turned on,
	an inrush current is generated. Ensure there is
	enough power available for the power supply
	when first turned on, especially if a number of
	units are turned on at the same time.

Caution	inrush current	wer on and off quickly can ca limiting circuit to fail as well e of the input fuse and powe	as reduce
Pulsed or Peaked loads	When the load has current peaks or is pulsed, it is possible for the maximum current to exceed the mean current value. The PSW power supply ammeter only indicates mean current values, which means for pulsed current loads, the actual current can exceed the indicated value. For pulsed loads, the current limit must be increased, or a power supply with a greater capacity must be chosen. As shown below, a pulsed load may exceed the current limit and the indicated current on the power supply ammeter.		
	Current limit level Measured Ammeter current		

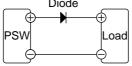
Reverse Current:

When the power supply is connected to a Regenerative load regenerative load such as a transformer or inverter, reverse current will feed back to the power supply. The PSW power supply cannot absorb reverse current. For loads that create reverse current, connect a resistor in parallel (dummy load) to the power supply to bypass the reverse current.

> To calculate the resistance for the dummy resistor, R_D, first determine the maximum reverse current, I_R, and determine what the output voltage, Eo, will be.

	PSW R _D E _O Load I _R	
<u>∕</u> ∎ Note	The current output will decrease by the amount of current absorbed by the dummy resistor.	
	Ensure the resistor used can withstand the power capacity of the power supply/load.	
Reverse Current: Accumulative energy.	When the power supply is connected to a load such as a battery, reverse current may flow back to the power supply. To prevent damage to the power supply, use a reverse-current-protection diode in series between the power supply and load.	
	Diode	

 $R_D(\Omega) \le E_O(V) \div I_R(A)$





Ensure the reverse withstand voltage of the diode is able to withstand 2 times the rated output voltage of the power supply and the forward current capacity can withstand 3 to 10 times the rated output current of the power supply.

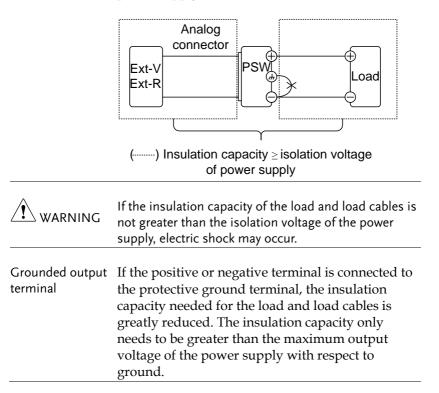
Ensure the diode is able to withstand the heat generated in the following scenarios.

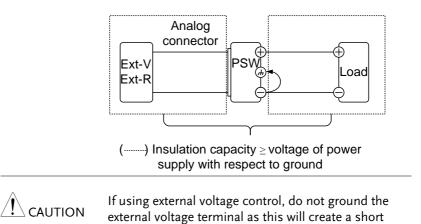
When the diode is used to limit reverse voltage, remote sensing cannot be used.

Grounding

The output terminals of the PSW power supplies are isolated with respect to the protective grounding terminal. The insulation capacity of the load, the load cables and other connected devices must be taken into consideration when connected to the protective ground or when floating.

Floating As the output terminals are floating, the load and all load cables must have an insulation capacity that is greater than the isolation voltage of the power supply.





circuit.

OPERATION

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Set Up

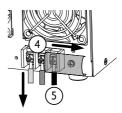
Line Voltage Connection – PSW-1080 Models

Background	The PSW-1080 models use a us input that can be used with 10 systems. To connect or replace (GW Instek part number: 4320 procedure below:	0 and 200 VAC the power cord
Warning	The following procedure should competent persons. Ensure the AC power cord is not	
	Ensure the AC power cord is not	connected to power.
Removal	1. Turn off the power switch.	
	2. Unscrew the power cord protective sheath.	
	3. Remove the 2 screws holding the power cord cover and remove.	2

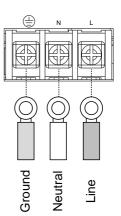
G^wINSTEK

Installation

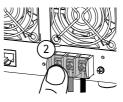
- 4. Slide the cover off the AC terminals.
- 5. Remove the AC power cord wires.

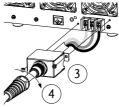


- Connect the AC power cord wires to the AC input terminals.
 - White/Blue \rightarrow Neutral (N)
 - Green/Greenyellow→GND ((=))
 - Black/Brown \rightarrow Line (L)



- 2. Set the cover back over the AC terminals.
- 3. Re-install the power cord cover.
- 4. Screw the power cord sheath back onto the cover.





Filter Installation

Background	The PSW has a small filter (GW Instek part number, 57RG-30B001X1) that must first be inserted under the control panel before operation. The small filter must be inserted for all model types.
Steps	1. Insert the small filter in the open area under the control panel.
	2. The unit is now ready to power up.
Power Up	
Steps	1. PSW-720: Connect the power cord to the rear panel socket.
	PSW-1080: Connect the Page 43 power cord to the universal power input.
	 Press the POWER key. If used for the first time, the default settings will appear on the display, otherwise The PSW recovers the state right before the power was last turned OFF. For default configuration settings, see page 143.







The power supply takes around 8 seconds to fully turn on and shutdown.

Do not turn the power on and off quickly. Please wait for the display to fully turn off.

Wire Gauge Considerations

Background Before connecting the output terminals to a load, the wire gauge of the cables should be considered.

It is essential that the current capacity of the load cables is adequate. The rating of the cables must equal or exceed the maximum current rated output of the instrument.

Recommended wire gauge	Wire Gauge	Nominal Cross Section	Maximum Current
	20	0.5	9
	18	0.75	11
	18	1	13
	16	1.5	18
	14	2.5	24
	12	4	34
	10	6	45
	8	10	64
	6	16	88
	4	25	120
	2	32	145
	1	50	190
	0	70	240
	0	95	290
	0	120	340

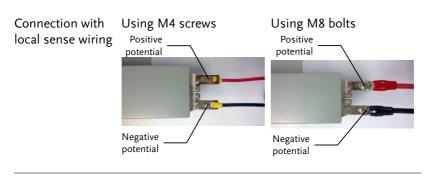
The maximum temperature rise can only be 60 degrees above the ambient temperature. The ambient temperature must be less than 30 deg.

Output Terminals PSW 30/40/80/160

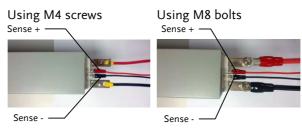
Background	Before connecting the output terminals to the load, first consider whether voltage sense will be used, the gauge of the cable wiring and the withstand voltage of the cables and load.			
	The output terminals can be connected to load cables using M4 sized screws or M8 sized bolts.			
WARNING	Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the power to the instrument is disabled before handling the power supply output terminals. Failing to do so may lead to electric shock.			
Steps	1. Turn the power switch off.			
	2. Remove the output terminal cover. Page 49			
	3. If necessary, screw the chassis Page 40 ground terminal to either the positive or negative terminal. See the grounding chapter for details.			
	Ground Sense joining plates			

4. Choose a suitable wire gauge for Page 46 the load cables.

- 5. Choose a suitable crimp for the terminals.
- 6. If using voltage sense, remove the Page 70 sense terminal joining plates and connect sensing wires to the load(s).
- 7. Connect the positive load cable to the positive output terminal and the negative cable to the negative output terminal.
- 8. Reattach the output terminal Page 49 cover.



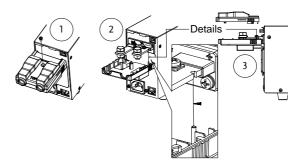
Connection with voltage sense wiring



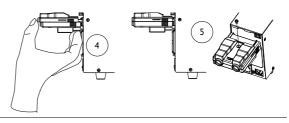
Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW 30/40/80/160

Steps 1. Remove the screw holding the top cover to the bottom cover.

- 2. Line-up the bottom cover with the notches in the output terminals.
- 3. Place the top terminal cover over the bottom cover.



- 4. Use your thumb to slide the terminal covers shut, as shown in the diagram below.
- 5. When the top and bottom covers are flush, reinsert the screw that was removed in step 1.



Removal Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal covers.

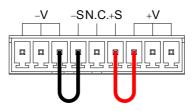
Output Terminals PSW 250/800

Background	The high voltage models (PSW 250 and PSW 800 models) use a 9 pin socket for the output voltage and sense connections. The corresponding plugs (GW part number PSW-012 //DECA SwitchLab MC420-38109Z) should be used to connect the terminals to the appropriate cable.	
	Before connecting the ou- load, first consider whet used, the gauge of the ca withstand voltage of the	her voltage sense will be ble wiring and the
WARNING	Dangerous voltages. Ensure that the power to the instrument is disabled before handling the power supply output terminals. Failing to do so may lead to electric shock.	
		e used and the capacity of necessary to wire the load to offset the capacity over a
Output Connector Overview	r When using the output connector make sure the wires that are used follow the following guidelines:	
	Wire gauge:	AWG 26 to AWG 16
	Strip length	6.5mm // 0.26 in.
	Current rating	10A
	Insulation resistance	AC 2000V min
	Insulation withstand voltage	>2000MΩ DC500V
	Operation Temperature	-40°C to +105°C

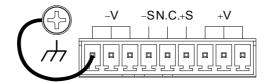
Output Connector Pinout	-V -S N.C. +S +V	 -V: -V terminals (x3) -S: -Sense terminal NC: Not connected +S: +Sense terminal +V: +V terminals (x3)
Wiring the Connector Plug	Loosen a a. Tighten c	Unscrew the appropriate terminal anticlockwise to release the receptacle.
	b b.	Insert a wire that has had at least ~7mm stripped from the insulation.
	c.	Tighten the receptacle by screwing clockwise.
Steps	1. Turn the power switch o	ff.
	2. Remove the output term cover.	inal Page 54
	3. Choose a suitable wire g the load cables.	auge for Page 46
	4. Strip ~7mm from one en	d of each load cable.
	 Connect the positive load +V pins and the negative pins. 	

WARNING Please note the wire gauge used and the capacity of the plug/socket. It may be necessary to wire the load to a number of terminals to offset the capacity over a number of terminals.

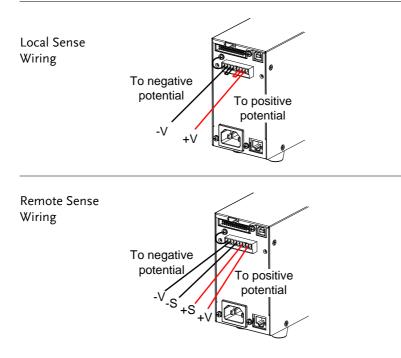
6. If using local sense, connect the -S pin to a -V pin, and connect the +S pin to a +V pin.



- If not using local sense, see the remote sense section to wire the sense terminals for remote sensing.
- 8. If necessary, connect the chassis Page 40 ground terminal to either the -V or +V pin. See the grounding chapter for details.

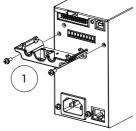


9. Reattach the output terminal Page 54 cover.

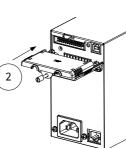


Using the Output Terminal Cover PSW 250/800

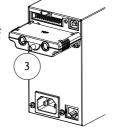
Steps 1. Screw the bottom cover onto the rear panel using the two M4 screws.



2. Slide the top cover over the bottom cover.



3. Finally, secure the top cover with the screw in the center of the top cover.



Removal Reverse the procedure to remove the terminal covers.

Using the Rack Mount Kit

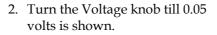
Background The PSW series has an optional Rack Mount Kit (GW Instek part number: [JIS] GRA-410-J, [EIA] GRA-410-E[EIA]) that can be used to hold 6x PSW models, 3x PSW-720 models, 2x PSW-1080 models or a combination of all models (1x PSW, 1x PSW-720 and 1x PSW-1080).



How to Use the Instrument

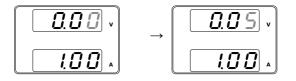
Background	The PSW power supplies use a novel method of configuring parameter values only using the Voltage or Current knobs. The knobs are used to quickly edit parameter values at 0.01, 0.1 or 1 unit steps at a time.
	When the user manual says to set a value or parameter, use the steps below.
Example	Use the Voltage knob to set a voltage of 10.05 volts.

 Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the last digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 0.01 volt steps.

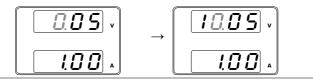




Voltage



- 3. Repeatedly press the Voltage knob until the first digit is highlighted. This will allow the voltage to be edited in 1 volt steps.
- 4. Turn the Voltage knob until 10.05 is shown.





Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage.

If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

Reset to Factory Default Settings

Background	The F-88 configuration setting allows the PSW to be reset back to the factory default settings. See page 143 for the default factory settings.		
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The Function key will light up.	Function	
	2. The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.	- 0 1 0.00	
	 Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-88 (Factory Set Value). 	Voltage ()	
	4. Use the Current knob to set the F-88 setting to 1 (Return to factory settings).	Current	
	5. Press the Voltage knob to confirm. ConF will be displayed when successful.	Voltage	
	F-88 Lonf		
	6. Press the Function key again to	Function	

6. Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will turn off.



 \bigcirc

View System Version and Build Date

Background	th ve co	The F-89 configuration setting allows you to view the PSW version number, build date, keyboard version, analog-control version, kernel build, test command version, test command build date, and the USB driver version.		
Steps	1.		Function key. The key will light up.	Function
	2.	01 on the f	ay should show F- top and the tion setting for e bottom.	- 0 1 0.00
	3.	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-89 (Show Version).		
	4.		Current knob to view n and build date for the ems.	Current
		F-89	0-XX: PSW Main Program W 1-XX: PSW Main Program W 2-XX: PSW Main Program F Year. 3-XX: PSW Main Program F Year. 4-XX: PSW Main Program F Month. 5-XX: PSW Main Program F Day. 6-XX: Keyboard CPLD vers 7-XX: Keyboard CPLD vers 8-XX: Analog CPLD version	Version Build On- Build On- Build On- Build On- ion. ion.

	 9-XX: Analog CPLD version. A-XX: Control Board Version. B-XX: Reserved. C-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. D-XX: Kernel Build On-Year. E -XX: Kernel Build On-Month. F-XX: Kernel Build On-Day. G-XX: Test Command Version. H-XX: Test Command Version. I-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. J-XX: Test Command Build On-Year. K-XX: Test Command Build On-Month. L-XX: USB Driver version (Major). N-XX: USB Driver version (Minor).
	5. Press the Function key again to exit. The function key light will turn off.
Example	Main Program Version: Vt1.50, 2014/01-13 0-t1: PSW Main Program Version 1-50: PSW Main Program Version 2-20: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 3-14: PSW Main Program Build On-Year. 4-01: PSW Main Program Build On-Month. 5-13: PSW Main Program Build On-Day.
Example	Keyboard CPLD Version: 0x030c 6-03: Keyboard CPLD Version. 7-0c: Keyboard CPLD Version.
Example	Analog CPLD Version: 0x0427 8-04: Analog CPLD Version. 9-27: Analog CPLD Version.
Example	Kernel Version: 2013/03/22

	C-20: Kernel Build On-Year. D-13: Kernel Build On-Year. E-03: Kernel Build On-Month. F-22: Kernel Build On-Day.
Example	Test Command Version: V01:00, 2011/08/01
	G-01: Test Command Version. H-00: Test Command Version. I-20: Test Command Build On-Year. J-11: Test Command Build On-Year. K-08: Test Command Build On-Month. L-01: Test Command Build On-Day.
Example	USB Driver Version: V02.01:
	M-02: USB Driver Version (Major release). N-01: USB Driver Version (Minor release).

Basic Operation

This section describes the basic operations required to operate the power supply.

- Setting OVP/OCP \rightarrow from page 61
- C.V. mode \rightarrow from page 62
- C.C. mode \rightarrow from page 66
- Display modes \rightarrow page 69
- Panel lock \rightarrow page 70
- Remote sensing \rightarrow from page 70

Before operating the power supply, please see the Getting Started chapter, page 8.

Setting OVP/OCP Levels

Background	For most models the OVP level has a selectable range of approximately* 10% to 110% of the rated output voltage. Likewise the OCP level for most models has a selectable range of approximately* 10% ~ 110% of the rated output current. The OVP and OCP level is set to the maximum by default. The OCP level can also be turned off.
	*Note that the <i>actual</i> setting range differs for each model.
	When one of the protection measures are on, ALM is shown on the panel display. By default, the power switch will turn off when any of the protection levels are tripped.

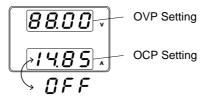


Before setting the OVP or OCP level:

- Ensure the load is not connected.
- Ensure the output is set to off.

Setting Ranges						
PSW	30-36	40-27	80-13.5	160-7.2	250-4.5	800-1.44
OVP Range (V)	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
OCP Range (A)	3.6-39.6	2.7-29.7	1.35-14.85	0.72-7.92	0.45-4.95	0.144-1.584

- Steps
 1. Press the OVP/OCP key. The OVP/OCP OVP/OCP key lights up.
 - 2. The OVP setting will be displayed on the top and the OCP setting (or OFF) will be displayed on the bottom.



OVP Level 3. Use the Voltage knob to set the OVP level.



OCP Level 4. Use the Current knob to set the OCP level, or to turn OCP off.



	5. Press OVP/OCP again to exit. The OVP/OCP oVP/OCP indicator will turn off.
Power switch trip	Set F-95 (Power switch trip) to 1 (to Page 98 disable the power switch trip) or to 0 (to enable the power switch trip) and save.
	F-95 1 (Disable) or 0 (Enable)
Clear OVP/OCP protection	The OVP or OCP protection can be cleared after it has been tripped by holding the OVP/OCP button for 2 seconds. (Only applicable when the power switch trip setting is disabled [F-95 = 1])

Set to C.V. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant voltage mode, a current limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the current exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.C. mode. For details about C.V. operation, see page 28. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background	Before setting the power supply to C.V. modeensure:The output is off.The load is connected.	2,
Steps	Function key will light up	
	2. The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.	<i>ו</i> <i>0</i>
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).	oltage ①
	 4. Use the Current knob to set the F-03 setting. Set F-03 to 0 (CV High Speed Priority) or 2 (CV Slew Rate Priority). 	urrent ()
	F-03 0 = CV High Speed Priority 2 = CV Slew Rate Priority	
	 5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful. F - O J LonF 	Altage

- If CV Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, repeat steps 3~5 to set F-04 (Rising Voltage Slew Rate) and the F-05 (Falling Voltage Slew Rate) and save.
 - $\begin{array}{c} \mbox{F-04 / F-05} & 0.1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 60 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 30)} \\ & 0.1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 80 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 40)} \\ & 0.1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 160 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 80)} \\ & 0.1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 320 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 160)} \\ & 0.1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 500.0 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 250)} \\ & 1 \mbox{V/s} \sim 1600 \mbox{V/s} \mbox{(PSW 800)} \end{array}$
- 7. Press the Function key again to exit the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.
- 8. Use the Current knob to set the current limit (crossover point).
- 9. Use the Voltage knob to set the voltage.



Current





Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage. If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

10. Press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.



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CV and the Power Bar will become illuminated (top left & center)

Note	Only the voltage level can be altered when the output is on. The current level can only be changed by pressing the Set key.

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 ~ F-61, F-88~F-89) see page 87.

Set to C.C. Mode

When setting the power supply to constant current mode, a voltage limit must also be set to determine the crossover point. When the voltage exceeds the crossover point, the mode switches to C.V. mode. For details about C.C. operation, see page 28. C.C. and C.V. mode have two selectable slew rates: High Speed Priority and Slew Rate Priority. High Speed Priority will use the fastest slew rate for the instrument while Slew Rate Priority will use a user-configured slew rate.

Background	Before setting the power supply to C.C.mode, ensure:The output is off.The load is connected.
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The Function Function key will light up.
	 2. The display should show F- 01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting to F-03 (V-I Mode Slew Rate Select).

Current

4. Use the Current knob to set the F-03 setting.

Set F-03 to 1 (CC High Speed Priority) or 3 (CC Slew Rate Priority) and save.

5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.





- 6. If CC Slew Rate Priority was chosen as the operating mode, set F-06 (Rising Current Slew Rate) and F-07 (Falling Current Slew Rate) and save.
 - F-06 / F-07 0.01A/s ~ 72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.01A/s ~ 54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.01A/s ~ 27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s ~ 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.001A/s ~ 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.001A/s ~ 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)
- 7. Press the Function key again to exit the configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.
- 8. Use the Voltage knob to set the voltage limit (crossover point).



9. Use the Current knob to set the current.



Note Notice the Set key becomes illuminated when setting the current or voltage. If the Voltage or Current knobs are unresponsive, press the Set key first.

10. Press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.





CC and the Power Bar will become illuminated (bottom left & center)



Only the current level can be altered when the output is on. The voltage level can only be changed by pressing the Set key.

For more information on the Normal Function Settings (F-00 ~ F-61, F-88~F-89) see page 87.

Display Modes

The PSW power supplies allow you to view the output in three different modes: voltage and current, voltage and power or current and power.

Steps	1. Press the PWR/DSPL key. The PWR DSPL key lights up.PWR DSPL
	 The display changes to voltage and power (V/W).
	 To switch between displaying A/W and V/W, simply press the corresponding Voltage or Current knob.
	For example: when in A/W mode, press the Voltage knob to display V/W. Conversely when in V/W mode, press the Current knob to display A/W.
	S.C.C. v Voltage S w
	• When V/W is displayed, the Voltage knob can still be used to change the voltage level.
	• When A/W is displayed, the Current knob can still be used to change the current level.
Exit	Press the PWR/DSPL key again to return to normal display mode. The PWR DSPL light will turn off.

Panel Lock

The panel lock feature prevents settings from being changed accidentally. When activated, the Lock/Local key will become illuminated and all keys and knobs except the Lock/Local key and Output key (if active) will be disabled.

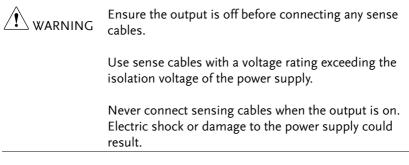
If the instrument is remotely controlled via the USB/LAN interface, the panel lock is automatically enabled.

Activate the panel lock	Press the Lock/Local key to active the panel lock. The key will become illuminated.	Lock/Local
Disable the panel lock	Hold the Lock/Local key for ~3 seconds to disable the panel lock. The Lock/Local light turns off.	Lock/Local

Remote Sense

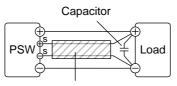
Remote sense is used to compensate for the voltage drop seen across load cables due to the resistance inherent in the load cables. The remote sense terminals are connected to the load terminals to determine the voltage drop across the load cables.

Remote sense can compensate up to 0.6 volts for 30V/40V/80V/160V models and 1V for 250V/800V models (compensation voltage). Load cables should be chosen with a voltage drop less than the compensation voltage.



Note	Be sure to remove the Sense joining plates so the units are not using local sensing.			
Single Load	 Connect the Sense+ terminal to the positive potential of the load. Connect the Sense- terminal to the negative potential of the load. 			
	PSW	Load –⊕ Input	Page 47	
	Output Sense Sense Sense	Itput Input		
	 Operate the instrument as normal. Page 61 See the Basic Operation chapter for details. 			
Wire Shielding and Load line impedance	To help to minimize the oscillation due to the inductance and capacitance of the load cables, use an electrolytic capacitor in parallel with the load terminals.			

To minimize the effect of load line impedance use twisted wire pairing.



Twisted pair

Test Scripts

This section describes how to use the Test function to run, load and save test scripts for automated testing. The Test function is useful if you want to perform a number of tests automatically. The PSW test function can store ten test scripts in memory.

Each test script is programmed in a scripting language. For more information on how to create test scripts, please contact GW Instek.

- Test Script File Format→ from page 73
- Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 73
- Setting the Test Script Settings \rightarrow from page 74
- Load Test Script \rightarrow from page 75
- Run Test Script (Manually) \rightarrow from page 77
- Run Test Script (Automatically at startup) \rightarrow from page 79
- Export Test Script \rightarrow from page 80
- Remove Test Script \rightarrow from page 81
- Check the Available Memory Capacity \rightarrow from page 82

Test Script File Format

Background	The test files are saved in *.tst file format.		
	Each file is saved as tXXX.tst, where XXX is the save file number 001~010.		
Test Script Set	tings		
Test Run	Runs the chosen test script from the internal memory. A script must first be loaded into the internal memory before it can be run. See the test function Test Save, below.		
	started.	un as soon as the test function is	
	T-01	1~10	
Test Load	Loads a test script from the USB drive to the designated save slot in memory. A script must first be loaded into internal memory before it can be run.		
	T-02	1~10 (USB→PSW)	
Test Export	Exports a script from the designated memory save slot to the USB drive. T-03 $1\sim10$ (PSW \rightarrow USB)		
Test Remove	Deletes the chosen test file from the PSW internal memory.		
	T-04	1~10	
Test Memory	Displays the amount of internal memory that is available on the unit in kilobytes (1024 bytes). T-05 Max: 1848 KB		

Setting the Test Script Settings

The test script settings (T-01~T-04) are set with the Test key.		
1. Press the Test key. The Test key will Test light up.		
2. The display will show T-01 on the top and the memory no. for T-01 on the bottom. The bottom of the screen will also indicate whether the memory no. has a script loaded, "y" (yes) or "n" (no).		
Script not present I Test Setting Memory number Test Setting		
Script Memory present I number		
 3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the T setting (Test setting). Test Run T-01 Test Load T-02 Test Export T-03 Test Remove T-04 Test Memory T-05 		

4. Rotate the Current knob to choose a memory number.

Range 1~10

- Current ①
- 5. Press the Voltage knob to complete the setting.
- Exit Press the Test key again to exit the Test settings. The Test key light will turn off.

Load Test Script from USB

Overview	Before a test script can be run, it must first be loaded into a one of the 10 memory save slots. Before loading a test script into memory:	
	• Ensure the script file is placed in the root directory.	
	• Ensure the file name number corresponds to the memory number that you wish to save to.	
	For example: A test file named t001.tst can only be saved to memory number 01, t002.tst can only be saved to memory number 02, and so on.	
Steps	1. Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot. Ensure the flash drive contains a test script in the root directory.	

2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.



Note If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for F-20 = 1 (page 91). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.

3. Configure T-02 (Test Load) to 1~10 Page 74 (save memory slot)

T-02 range 1~10 (t001 ~t010)

4. The script will now be available in the memory slot the script was saved to.



Error messages: If you load a file that is not present on the USB drive "Err 002" will be displayed on the display.



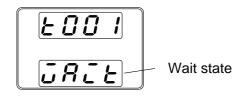
Run Test Script (Manual)

Overview	A test script can be run from one of ten memory slots.		
Steps	 Before a test script can be run, it Page 75 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots. 		
	 Configure T-01 (Run Test) to 1~10 Page 74 (save memory slot#) 		
	T-01 range 1~10		
	3. The loading screen will appear. For example if memory slot #1 is loaded, the following screen will appear.		
	LoRd		
Note Note	If the script is very small, the loading screen may not appear on the screen for very long.		
	When the "t00X Load" screen is shown on the display, pushing the TEST key will abort the loading procedure.		

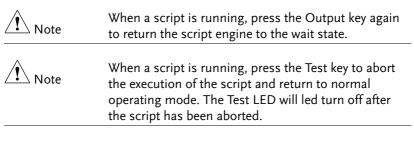
Output

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4. If there are no errors during loading, the script engine will enter the wait state. The wait state indicates that the unit is ready to execute the script.



- 5. To execute the script, press the Output key. The Output key becomes illuminated.
- When the script is executing, the measurement results will display as normal.
- The Test LED will flash.





Error messages: If you try to run a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



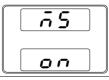
Run Test Script (Automatically at Startup)

Overview	The power supply can be configured to automatically run a test script at startup.		
Steps	 Before a test script can be run, it Page 75 must first be loaded into one of the 10 memory save slots. 		
	2. Turn the unit off.		
	 Enter the power-on configuration Page 98 settings and set F-92 (Power-ON Output) to run the desired test script. 		
	Range T001~T010*		
	4. The selected test script will automatically start to run the next time the unit is powered on.		
Note	*Setting F-92 to 0 or 1 will disable loading a test script at startup. 0 will turn the output off at startup. 1 will turn the output on at startup. See the power on configuration settings for details, page 94.		
Note	When a script is running, press the Output key to pause the script. To resume the script, press the Output key again.		

Export Test Script to USB

Overview	The Export Test function saves a test file to the root directory of a USB flash drive.
	• Files will be saved as tXXX.tst where XXX is the memory number 001~010 from which the test script was exported from.
	• Files of the same name on the USB flash drive will be written over.
Steps	1. Insert a USB flash drive into the front panel USB-A slot.

2. Turn on the power. MS (Mass Storage) will be displayed on the screen after a few seconds if the USB drive is recognized.



Note Note	If the USB drive is not recognized, check to see that the function settings for $F-20 = 1$ (page 91). If not, reinsert the USB flash drive.		
	 Configure T-03 (Test Export) to Page 74 0~10 (save memory slot) 		
	T-03 range 1~10		
	4. The script will now be copied to the USB flash drive.		



Error messages: If you try to export a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.



Remove Test Script

Overview	The Remove Test function will delete a test script from the internal memory.		
Steps	 Select T-04 (Test Remove) and Page 74 choose which test script to remove from the internal memory. 		
	T-04 range $1 \sim 10$		
	2. The test script will be removed from the internal memory.		
Note	Error messages: If you try to remove a test script from an empty memory location "Err 003" will be displayed on the display.		



Checking the Available Memory

Overview	The T-05 function displays the amour memory that is left on the unit to load The displayed units are in kilobytes (1	l test scripts.
Steps	Select T-05 (Test Memory). The available memory in kilobytes is displayed.	Page 74
	T-05 range 1~1848 KB	

CONFIGURATION

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LAN Settings*	
System Settings	
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Calibration	
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Setting Power On Configuration Settings	

Configuration

Configuration of the PSW power supplies is divided into six different configuration settings: Normal Function, USB/ GPIB/ RS232, LAN, Power ON Configuration, Calibration Setting, Multichannel Function setting and System settings. Power ON Configuration differs from the other settings in that the settings used with Power ON Configuration settings can only be set during power up. The other configuration settings can be changed when the unit is already on. This prevents some important configuration parameters from being changed inadvertently. Power On Configuration settings are numbered F-90 to F-95 and the other configuration settings are numbered F-00 to F-61, F-71 to F-74, F-88 to F-89 and F130 to F132.

Configuration Table

Please use the configuration settings listed below when applying the configuration settings.

Normal Function Settings	Setting	Setting Range
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s~99.99s
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s~99.99s
	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority
V-I mode slew rate select		1 = CC high speed priority
v-i mode siew rate select		2 = CV slew rate priority
		3 = CC slew rate priority
		0.01V/s ~ 60.00V/s (PSW 30)
		0.01V/s ~ 80.00V/s (PSW 40)
Dising voltage clow rate	F-04	0.1V/s ~ 160.0V/s (PSW 80)
Rising voltage slew rate	F-04	0.1V/s ~ 320.0V/s (PSW 160)
		0.1V/s ~ 500.0V/s (PSW 250)
		1V/s ~ 1600V/s (PSW 800)
	F-05	0.01V/s ~ 60.00V/s (PSW 30)
		0.01V/s ~ 80.00V/s (PSW 40)
		0.1V/s ~ 160.0V/s (PSW 80)
Falling voltage slew rate		0.1V/s ~ 320.0V/s (PSW 160)
		0.1V/s ~ 500.0V/s (PSW 250)
		1V/s ~ 1600V/s (PSW 800)

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Rising current slew rate F-06 $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)$ Rising current slew rate F-06 $0.01A/s \sim 54.00A/s (PSW 40-27)$ $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s (PSW 250-4.5)$ $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)$ $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)$ $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)$ $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 40-27)$ $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 40-27)$ $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 40-27)$ $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)$ $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-13.5)$ $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.0000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 250-4.5)$ $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.000\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 80-1.44)$ $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 80-1.45$			
Rising current slew rateF-06 $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 14.40A/s$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 30-1.44)Falling current slew rateF-07 $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s$ (PSW 30-36) $0.01A/s \sim 54.00A/s$ (PSW 40-27) $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44)Falling current slew rateF-07 $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 30-36) $0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 55.5\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.5\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44)Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$, $2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1 F-10 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$ Measurement Average Setting $F-17$ $0 = Low$, $1 = Middle$, $2 = High$ $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			
Rising current slew rate F-06 $0.01A/s \sim 14.40A/s$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44) $0.01A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 30-36) $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s$ (PSW 40-27) $0.01A/s \sim 54.00A/s$ (PSW 40-27) $0.01A/s \sim 72.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 80-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44) Bleeder circuit control F-09 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1 F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average F-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock Mode $E 19$ $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$		F-06	
$ \begin{array}{c} 0.017 \text{ A/S} \sim 14.40 \text{ A/S} (PSW 160-7.2) \\ 0.001 \text{ A/S} \sim 9.000 \text{ A/S} (PSW 250-4.5) \\ 0.001 \text{ A/S} \sim 2.880 \text{ A/S} (PSW 800-1.44) \\ 0.01 \text{ A/S} \sim 2.880 \text{ A/S} (PSW 800-1.44) \\ 0.01 \text{ A/S} \sim 72.00 \text{ A/S} (PSW 30-36) \\ 0.01 \text{ A/S} \sim 72.00 \text{ A/S} (PSW 40-27) \\ 0.01 \text{ A/S} \sim 27.00 \text{ A/S} (PSW 40-27) \\ 0.01 \text{ A/S} \sim 27.00 \text{ A/S} (PSW 160-7.2) \\ 0.001 \text{ A/S} \sim 9.000 \text{ A/S} (PSW 250-4.5) \\ 0.001 \text{ A/S} \sim 2.880 \text{ A/S} (PSW 800-1.44) \\ \hline 0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega (PSW 30-36) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega (PSW 30-36) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega (PSW 40-27) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 25.55\Omega (PSW 80-13.5) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 25.55\Omega (PSW 80-13.5) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega (PSW 800-1.44) \\ \hline \end{array} $	Rising current slew rate		, , , , ,
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	C		
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 0.01 \mbox{A/s} \sim 72.00 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 30-36)} \\ 0.01 \mbox{A/s} \sim 54.00 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 40-27)} \\ 0.01 \mbox{A/s} \sim 27.00 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 80-13.5)} \\ 0.01 \mbox{A/s} \sim 27.00 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 80-13.5)} \\ 0.01 \mbox{A/s} \sim 14.40 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 160-7.2)} \\ 0.001 \mbox{A/s} \sim 2.880 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 800-1.44)} \\ \hline 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 2.880 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 800-1.44)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 2.880 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 80-1.3.5)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 2.880 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 80-1.44)} \\ \hline 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 2.926 \mbox{A} \mbox{(PSW 80-1.3.5)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 2.2222 \mbox{(PSW 80-13.5)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 25.55 \mbox{A} \mbox{(PSW 80-1.3.5)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{A} \sim 55.55 \mbox{(PSW 80-1.44)} \\ \hline \hline \mbox{Bleeder circuit control} \mbox{F-09} \mbox{O} = \mbox{OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO} \\ \hline \mbox{Buzzer ON/OFF control}^{*1} \mbox{F-10} \mbox{O} = \mbox{OFF, 1 = ON} \\ \hline \mbox{Measurement Average} \\ \hline \mbox{Setting} \mbox{F-17} \mbox{O} = \mbox{Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High} \\ \hline \mbox{Out Mode} \mbox{F-19} \mbox{O} = \mbox{Panel lock: allow output off} \\ \hline \end{array}$			
Falling current slew rateF-07 $0.01A/s \sim 54.00A/s$ (PSW 40-27) $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 14.40A/s$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44)Internal resistance settingF-08 $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 30-36) $0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.00\Omega \sim 255.55\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44)Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			
Falling current slew rateF-07 $0.01A/s \sim 27.00A/s$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.01A/s \sim 14.40A/s$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44)Internal resistance settingF-08 $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 30-36) $0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.00\Omega \sim -5.55\Omega$ (PSW 80-1.44)Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			
Failing current siew rate F-07 $0.01A/s \sim 14.40A/s$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.001A/s \sim 9.000A/s$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.001A/s \sim 2.880A/s$ (PSW 800-1.44) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 30-36) $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44) Bleeder circuit control F-09 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$, $2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1 F-10 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$ Measurement Average F-17 $0 = Low$, $1 = Middle$, $2 = High$ Lock Mode F-19 $0 = Panel lock$: allow output off			
$\begin{array}{c} 0.0174/s ~ 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) \\ 0.001A/s ~ 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) \\ 0.001A/s ~ 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44) \\ 0.000\Omega ~ 0.833\Omega (PSW 30-36) \\ 0.000\Omega ~ 1.481\Omega (PSW 40-27) \\ 0.000\Omega ~ 1.481\Omega (PSW 40-27) \\ 0.000\Omega ~ 22.222\Omega (PSW 80-13.5) \\ 0.000\Omega ~ 22.222\Omega (PSW 160-7.2) \\ 0.00\Omega ~ 55.55\Omega (PSW 250-4.5) \\ 0.00\Omega ~ 555.5\Omega (PSW 250-4.5) \\ 0.00\Omega ~ 555.5\Omega (PSW 800-1.44) \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ Bleeder circuit control F-09 0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO \\ \hline \\ Buzzer ON/OFF control^{*1} F-10 0 = OFF, 1 = ON \\ \hline \\ Measurement Average \\ \hline \\ Setting \\ \hline \\ lock Mode \\ \hline \\ F-19 0 = Panel lock: allow output off \\ \hline \end{array}$	Falling current slew rate	F-07	, , , , ,
$ \begin{array}{c} 0.001 \mbox{A/s} \sim 2.880 \mbox{A/s} \mbox{(PSW 800-1.44)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 0.833 \mbox{Ω} \mbox{(PSW 40-27)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 0.481 \mbox{Ω} \mbox{(PSW 40-27)} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 0.2222 \mbox{Ω} \mbox{$(PSW 40-27)$} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 0.2222 \mbox{Ω} \mbox{$(PSW 80-13.5)$} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 22.222 \mbox{Ω} \mbox{$(PSW 80-13.5)$} \\ 0.000 \mbox{\sim} 55.55 \mbox{$(PSW 800-1.44)$} \\ \hline \mbox{Bleeder circuit control } F-09 \mbox{0} \mbox{$=$} O \mbox{$=$} O \mbox{$F,1$} \mbox{$=$} O \mbox{$<$} \mbox{$>$} 2.222 \mbox{$$\Omega$} \mbox{$(PSW 80-1.44)$} \\ \hline \mbox{Bleeder circuit control } F-09 \mbox{$$0$} \mbox{$=$} O \m$	5		
$ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} 0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega \ (\text{PSW 30-36}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-27}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-13.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-7.2}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-4.5}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-1.44}) \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Bleeder circuit control} & \text{F-09} & 0 = \text{OFF, 1} = \text{ON, 2} = \text{AUTO} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Buzzer ON/OFF control}^{*1} \ \text{F-10} & 0 = \text{OFF, 1} = \text{ON} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Measurement Average} \\ \text{Setting} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{Lock Mode} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \text{F-19} \\ \hline \end{array} $ \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \bigg \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \hline \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \hline \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \end{array} \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\			
$ \begin{array}{c} \text{Internal resistance setting } F-08 & \begin{array}{c} 0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega \ (\text{PSW 40-27}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega \ (\text{PSW 80-13.5}) \\ 0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega \ (\text{PSW 160-7.2}) \\ 0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega \ (\text{PSW 250-4.5}) \\ 0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-1.44}) \end{array} \\ \hline \\$			
Internal resistance settingF-08 $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44)Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$, $2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF$, $1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low$, $1 = Middle$, $2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock$: allow output off			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Internal resistance settingF-08 $0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44)Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			· · · · · ·
$\begin{array}{c} 0.000\Omega \sim 22.22\Omega \text{ (PSW 160-7.2)}\\ 0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega \text{ (PSW 250-4.5)}\\ 0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega \text{ (PSW 800-1.44)}\\ \hline \\ \hline$	Internal resistance setting	F-08	
$\begin{array}{c c} 0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega \ (\text{PSW 800-1.44}) \\ \hline \text{Bleeder circuit control} & F-09 & 0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO \\ \hline \text{Buzzer ON/OFF control}^{*1} & F-10 & 0 = OFF, 1 = ON \\ \hline \text{Measurement Average} & F-17 & 0 = \text{Low, 1} = \text{Middle, 2} = \text{High} \\ \hline \text{Setting} & 0 = \text{Panel lock: allow output off} \\ \hline \end{array}$	5		
Bleeder circuit controlF-09 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO$ Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Buzzer ON/OFF control*1F-10 $0 = OFF, 1 = ON$ Measurement Average SettingF-17 $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock ModeF-19 $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			· · ·
Measurement Average Setting $F-17$ $0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High$ Lock Mode $F-19$ $0 = Panel lock: allow output off$			
Setting $0 = \text{Low, I} = \text{Middle, Z} = \text{High}$		F-10	0 = OFF, I = ON
	0	F-17	0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High
		Г 10	0 = Panel lock: allow output off
I = Panel lock: allow output on/off		-	1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off
USB/GPIB/RS232 settings ^{*1}			
Front panel USB State F-20 0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage			0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage
Rear panel USB State $F-21$ 0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB-	Poor popul LISP State	E 21	0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB-
USB adapter, $5 = RS232$ -USB adapter	Real parler OSB State	F-ZI	USB adapter, 5 = RS232-USB adapter
0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host,			0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host,
Rear panel USB mode F-22 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed	Rear panel USB mode	F-22	2 = Auto detect speed, $3 =$ Full speed
only			only
GPIB address F-23 0 ~ 30	GPIB address	F-23	0 ~ 30
LAN settings ^{*1}	LAN settings ^{*1}		
MAC Address-1 F-30 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-1	F-30	0x00 ~ 0xFF
MAC Address-2 F-31 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-2	F-31	0x00 ~ 0xFF
MAC Address-3 F-32 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-3	F-32	0x00 ~ 0xFF
MAC Address-4 F-33 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-4	F-33	0x00 ~ 0xFF
MAC Address-5 F-34 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-5	F-34	0x00 ~ 0xFF
MAC Address-6 F-35 0x00 ~ 0xFF	MAC Address-6	F-35	0x00 ~ 0xFF
LAN F-36 0 = Disable, 1 = Enable			

DHCP	F-37	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
IP Address-1	F-39	0 ~ 255
IP Address-2	F-40	0~255
IP Address-3	F-41	0~255
IP Address-4	F-42	0 ~ 255
Subnet Mask-1	F-43	0~255
Subnet Mask-2	F-44	0~255
Subnet Mask-3	F-45	0 ~ 255
Subnet Mask-4	F-46	0~255
Gateway-1	F-47	0~255
Gateway-2	F-48	0 ~ 255
Gateway-3	F-49	0~255
Gateway-4	F-50	0~255
DNS address -1	F-51	0 ~ 255
DNS address -2	F-52	0 ~ 255
DNS address-3	F-53	0~255
DNS address-4	F-54	0~255
Sockets active	F-57	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web Server active	F-59	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web password active	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable
Web setting password	F-61	0000~9999
UART Settings*1*3		
		0 = 1200, 1 = 2400, 2 = 4800,
UART Baud Rate	F-71	3 = 9600, 4 = 19200, 5 = 38400,
		6 = 57600, 7 = 115200
UART Data Bits	F-72	0 = 7 bits, 1 = 8 bits
UART Parity	F-73	0 = None, 1 = Odd, 2 = Even
UART Stop Bit	F-74	0 = 1 bit, 1 = 2 bits
System Settings		
		0 = No effect
Factory Cat Value	F-88	1 = Return to factory settings
Factory Set Value	г-00	2^{*1} = All channels return to factory
		settings
		0, 1 = PSW version
		2, 3 = PSW build year
		4, 5 = PSW build month/day
Show Version	F-89	6, $7 = Keyboard CPLD$ version
	1 05	8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version
		A = Control Board Version
		B = Reserved

G^W**INSTEK**

		C, D = Kernel build year
		E, $F = Kernel build month/day$
		G, $H =$ Test command version
		I, J = Test command build year
		K, L = Test command build month/
		day
		M, N = USB Driver version.
Power On Configuration	Settings*2	
		0 = Panel control (local)
		1 = External voltage control
	F 00	2 = External resistance control
CV Control	F-90	(Ext-R \nvdash 10k Ω = Vo, max)
		3 = External resistance control
		$(Ext-R \square 10k\Omega = 0)$
		0 = Panel control (local)
		1 = External voltage control
		2 = External resistance control
CC Control	F-91	$(Ext-R \swarrow 10k\Omega = Io, max)$
		3 = External resistance control
		$(Ext-R \square 10k\Omega = 0)$
		0 = OFF at startup
		1 = ON at startup
Power-ON Output	F-92	•
		$T001 \sim T010 = Run \text{ test script TXX at}$
Futamal Qut Lasia	F 0.4	start up
External Out Logic	F-94	0 = High ON, 1 = Low ON
Power Switch trip*1	F-95	0 = Enable , 1 = Disable
Multi-Channel Function S	settings	
		0 = OFF, 1 = ON,
Output Synchronize	F130	$2^{*1} = \text{All Channel ON},$
		3 ^{*1} = All Channel OFF
Protection Trigger		0 = OFF, 1 = ON,
Synchronous	F131	$2^{*1} = All Channel ON,$
Synchronous		3 ^{*1} = All Channel OFF
Key Lock/ Local	F132	0 = OFF, 1 = ON
Synchronize ^{*1}	1152	<u> </u>
Calibration Settings		
Calibration	F-00	0000 ~ 9999

Note

^{*1}: Only configure from CH1
^{*2}: Power on configuration settings only can be set during power up.

Enter configuration setting from CH1 and each channel can be used different settings. Under normal operation they only can be viewed.

*3 : Need to be used together with GUR-001 series.

Normal Function Settings

Output ON Delay Delays turning the output on for a designated Time amount of time. The Delay indicator will light when the Delay time is not 0.

Note: The Output ON Delay Time setting has a maximum deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output ON Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.



Output OFF Delay Time	Delays turning the output off for a designated amount of time. The Delay indicator will light when the Delay time is not 0.
Note	The Output OFF Delay Time setting has a maximum

deviation (error) of 20ms.

The Output OFF Delay Time setting is disabled when the output is set to external control.



V-I Mode	Selects High Speed Priority or Slew Rate Priority
	for CV or CC mode. The voltage or current slew
	rate can only be edited if CC/CV Slew Rate
	Priority is selected. The ISR indicator will be lit for
	CC Slew Rate Priority and the VSR indicator will
	be lit for CV Slew Rate Priority.

Note: CC and CV Slew Rate Priority mode are disabled when voltage/current output is set to external control.

	CC Slew Rate prior	CV Slew Rate priority
	G-03	0 = CV high speed priority 1 = CC high speed priority 2 = CV slew rate priority 3 = CC slew rate priority
Rising Voltage Slew Rate	0	oltage slew rate. Only applicable if to CV Slew Rate Priority. 0.01V/s ~ 60V/s (PSW 30) 0.01V/s ~ 80.00V/s (PSW 40) 0.1V/s ~ 160V/s (PSW 80) 0.1V/s ~ 320V/s (PSW 160) 0.1V/s ~ 500.0V/s (PSW 250) 1V/s ~ 1600V/s (PSW 800)
Falling Voltage Slew Rate		voltage slew rate. Only applicable et to CV Slew Rate Priority. 0.01V/s ~ 60V/s (PSW 30) 0.01V/s ~ 80.00V/s (PSW 40) 0.1V/s ~ 160V/s (PSW 80) 0.1V/s ~ 320V/s (PSW 160) 0.1V/s ~ 500.0V/s (PSW 250) 1V/s ~ 1600V/s (PSW 800)

Rising Current Slew Rate	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
Falling Current Slew Rate	Sets the falling current slew rate. Only applicable if V-I Mode is set to CC Slew Rate Priority. F-07 0.01A/s ~ 72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 0.01A/s ~ 54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.01A/s ~ 27.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 0.01A/s ~ 14.40A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 0.01A/s ~ 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 0.001A/s ~ 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 0.001A/s ~ 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)	
Internal Resistance Settings	Sets the internal resistance of the power supply. F-08 $0.000\Omega \sim 0.833\Omega$ (PSW 30-36) $0.000\Omega \sim 1.481\Omega$ (PSW 40-27) $0.000\Omega \sim 5.926\Omega$ (PSW 80-13.5) $0.000\Omega \sim 22.222\Omega$ (PSW 160-7.2) $0.00\Omega \sim 55.55\Omega$ (PSW 250-4.5) $0.0\Omega \sim 555.5\Omega$ (PSW 800-1.44)	
Bleeder Control	Bleeder control turns ON/OFF the bleeder resistor. When set to AUTO the bleeder resistor is automatically turned on when the output is turned on and turned off when the output or power is turned off. See page 32 for usage details.	
Caution	When Bleeder Control is turned OFF or set to AUTO, the bleeder resistor is turned off when the power or output is turned off.	

The AUTO setting is only applicable to firmware version 1.59 or above.

The following table shows how the state of the bleeder resistor depends on the Bleeder Control settings, the power state and the output state.

Bleeder Control Setting			
F-09	0 = OFF	1 = ON	2 = AUTO
	Bleeder resistor State		
Output ON	OFF	ON	ON
Output OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
Power OFF	OFF	ON	OFF
F-09	0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 = AUTO		

Buzzer ON/OFF^{*} Turns the buzzer sound on or off. The buzzer is associated with alarm sounds and keypad entry sounds.

F-10	0 =	• OFF, 1	= ON		

MeasurementDetermines the level of smoothing for the averageAverage Settingsetting.

	Only available F-17	for firmware version 1.5 or above. 0 = Low, 1 = Middle, 2 = High
Lock Mode	Determines the the panel lock	e behavior of the Output key when is on.
	Only available F-19	for firmware version 1.54 or above. 0 = Panel lock: allow output off, 1 = Panel lock: allow output on/off
* 0.1		

*: Only configure from CH1

USB/GPIB Settings*

Front Panel USB State	Displays the front panel USB-A port state. This setting is not configurable.		
	F-20	0 = Absent, 1 = Mass Storage	
Rear Panel USB State	Displays the rea setting is not co F-21	rr panel USB-B port state. This nfigurable. 0 = Absent, 2 = USB-CDC, 3 = GPIB-USB adapter	
Rear Panel USB Mode	Sets the rear par	nel USB mode.	
Rear Panel USB Mode	Sets the rear par F-22	nel USB mode. 0 = Disable, 1 = USB Host, 2 = Auto detect speed, 3 = Full speed only	
Caution	Option #3, USB CDC Full Speed Only, can be used to reduce the data transmission speed when there are sources of interference in the operating environment. This option is only available for firmware version 1.42 and above.		
GPIB Address	Sets the GPIB ac F-23	ldress. 0~30	
*: Only configure	from CH1		

Constitution: Constitution: Characteristic constitution of the constitution of the

LAN Settings*

MAC Address- 1~6	Displays the MAC address 1~6. This setting is not configurable.			
	F-30~F-35	0x00~0xFF		
LAN	Turns Ethernet o			
	F-36	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable		
DHCP	Turns DHCP on	or off		
Difei				
	F-37	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable		
IP Address-1~4	Sets the default	IP address. IP address 1~4 splits		
		nto four sections.		
	(F-39 : F-40 : F-41	: F-42)		
	(0~255 : 0~255 : 0			
Subnet Mask 1~4	Sets the subnet mask. The subnet mask is split into			
	four parts.			
	(F-43 : F-44 : F-45			
	(0~255 : 0~255 : 0	0~255 : 0~255)		
Gateway 1~4	Sets the gateway address. The gateway address is split into 4 parts.			
	(F-47 : F-48 : F-49			
	(0~255 : 0~255 : 0			
DNS Address 1~4	Sets the DNS address. The DNS address is split into 4 parts.			
	-	· E 54)		
	(F-51 : F-52 : F-53 : F-54) (0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255 : 0~255)			
	10 200 . 0 - 200 . 0	, 233.0 233		
Sockets active	Enables Web socket connections.			
	F-57	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable		
Web server active Turns Web server control on/off.		er control on/off.		
	F-59	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable		

Web Password active	Turns a web password on/off.		
	F-60	0 = Disable, 1 = Enable	
Web Password	Sets the Web password. F-61 0000 ~ 9999		
*: Only configure	from CH1		
System Setting	ŞS		
Factory Set Value		V to the factory default settings. See st of the default settings. 0 = Disable, 1 = Return to factory default settings, 2 [*] = All channels return to factory settings.	
Show Version	keyboard versio	W version number, build date, on, analog-control version, kernel hand version and test command 0, 1 = PSW version 2, 3 = PSW build year 4, 5 = PSW build month/day 6, 7 = Keyboard CPLD version 8, 9 = Analog-Control CPLD version A = Control Board Version B = Reserved C, D = Kernel build year E, F = Kernel build year E, F = Kernel build month/day G, H = Test command version I, J = Test command build year K, L = Test command build month/day M, N = USB Driver version	

*: Only configure from CH1

Power On Configuration Settings

CV Control	between local a control. For ext (External Volta	nt voltage (CV) control mode and external voltage/resistance ternal voltage control, see page 103 age Control of Voltage Output) and nal Resistance Control of Voltage 0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \bowtie 10k Ω = Vo,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R $\uline{\mathbb{L}}$ 10k Ω = 0)
CC Control	between local a control. For de see page 106 (E	nt current (CC) control mode and external voltage/resistance tails on external voltage control, External Voltage Control of at) and 110 (External Resistance rent Output). 0= Panel control (local) 1 = External voltage control 2 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = Io,max) 3 = External resistance control (Ext-R \checkmark 10k Ω = 0)
Power-ON Output	Configures the power supply to do one of the following at startup: keep the output off, turn the output on, or load a test script. F-92 0 = OFF at startup 1 = ON at startup T001 ~ T010 = Run test script TXX	

at start up

External Out Logic	Sets the external logic as active high or low.	
	F-94	0= High ON, 1 = Low ON
Power Switch Trip*	protection setti	er off if enabled when the ngs are tripped.
*: Only configure fr	F-95	1 = Disable, 0 = Enable
*. Only conligure in		
Note Note	Power on configuration settings only can be set during power up. Enter configuration setting from CH1 and each channel can be used different settings. Under normal operation they only can be viewed.	

Multi-Channel Function Setting

Output Synchronize	Output synchronize setting. Each channel can be used different setting.	
		0 = OFF, 1 = ON,
	F130	2* = All Channel ON,
		3* = All channel OFF
Protection Trigger Synchronous	Protection Trigger Synchronous setting. Each channel can be used different setting.	
		0 = OFF, 1 = ON,
	F131	2* = All Channel ON,
		3* = All channel OFF
Key Lock/ Local Synchronize*	Lock/Local Synchronize setting.	
	F132	0 = OFF, 1 = ON

*: Only configure from CH1

Calibration	
Programmable Calibration	The calibration password is used to access thelocal mode calibration or other special functions.The password used determines which function isaccessed. Please see your distributor for details.F-000000 ~ 9999
Setting Norma	al Function Settings
Background	The normal function settings (F-01 ~ F-61, F88 ~ F89 and F130 ~ F132) can be easily configured with the Function key.
	Ensure the load is not connected.Ensure the output is off.
Note Note	Function setting F-89 (Show Version) can only be viewed, not edited.
	Configuration settings F-90~F-95 cannot be edited in the Normal Function Settings. Use the Power On Configuration Settings. See page 98 for details.
Steps	1. Press the Function key. The function key will light up.Function
	 2. The display will show F-01 on the top and the configuration setting for F-01 on the bottom.
	3. Rotate the Voltage knob to change the F setting.

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- Range F-00 ~ F-61, F-88 ~ F-89 and F130 ~ F132
- 4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.
- Current
- 5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.





Exit Press the Function key again to exit the Function configuration settings. The function key light will turn off.

Setting Power On Configuration Settings

Background	The Power On configuration settings can only be changed during power up to prevent the configuration settings being inadvertently changed.	
	Ensure the load is not connected.Ensure the power supply is off.	
Steps	1. Hold the Function key of CH1 whist turning the power on.	
	2. The display of all channel will show F-90 on the top and the configuration setting for F-90 on the bottom.	



3. Rotate the voltage knob to change the F setting on each channel.



- 4. Use the Current knob to set the parameter for the chosen F setting.
- 5. Press the Voltage knob to save the configuration setting. ConF will be displayed when successful.



Voltage

Current



Exit Cycle the power to save and exit the configuration settings.



The Analog Control chapter describes how to control the voltage or current output using an external voltage or resistance, monitor the voltage or current output as well as remotely turning off the output or shutting down the power supply.

Analog Remote Control Overview	
Analog Control Connector Overview	
External Voltage Control of Voltage Output	
External Voltage Control of Current Output	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output	
External Resistance Control of Current Output	
External Control of Output	
External control of Shutdown	115
Remote Monitoring	117
External Voltage and Current Monitoring	117
External Operation and Status Monitoring	119

Analog Remote Control Overview

The PSW power supply series have a number of analog control options. The Analog Control connectors are used to control output voltage and current using external voltage or resistance. The power supply output and power switch can also be controlled using external switches.

- Analog Control connector overview \rightarrow from page 101
- External voltage control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 103
- External voltage control of current output \rightarrow from page 106
- External resistance control of voltage output \rightarrow from page 108
- External resistance control of current output \rightarrow from page 110
- External control of output \rightarrow from page 112
- External control of the power switch \rightarrow from page 115

Analog Control Connector Overview

Overview	The Analog Control Connector is a standard Mil 26 pin connector (OMRON XG4 IDC plug). The connector is used for all analog remote control. The pins used determine what remote control mode is used.
	To prevent electric shock, ensure that the cover for the Analog Control Connector is used when the connector is not in use.
Pin Assignment	25 1 26 2

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Pin name	Pir	number Description
Current Share	1	No supported on PSW-Multi series.
D COM	2	Connected to the (-S) sense- terminal when
		remote sense is used. Connected to the negative
		output terminal when remote sense is not used.
CURRENT SUM	3	No supported on PSW-Multi series.
OUT		
EXT-V CV CONT	4	External voltage control of the voltage output. A
		voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale
		voltage output (0%~100%) of the instrument.
EXT-V CC CONT	5	External voltage control of the current output. A
		voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale
		current output (0%~100%) of the instrument
EXT-R CV CONT	6	External resistance control of the voltage output.
PIN1		A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control
		the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the
	_	instrument.
EXT-R CV CONT	7	External resistance control of the voltage output.
PIN2		A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control
		the full scale voltage output (0%~100%) of the
EXT-R CC CONT	8	instrument.
PIN1	٥	External resistance control of the current output. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control
PINI		the full scale current output $(0\%-100\%)$ of the
		instrument.
EXT-R CC CONT	9	External resistance control of the current output.
PIN2	2	A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control
11112		the full scale current output (0%~100%) of the
		instrument.
V MON	10	Voltage Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale
		voltage (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
IMON	11	Current Monitor Output. Outputs the full scale
		current (0~100%) as a voltage (0V~10V).
SHUTDOWN	12	The shut down signal will turn off the output or
		power when a low TTL signal is applied. The
		shutdown signal is pulled up to 5V with a $10k\Omega$
		pull-up resistor.
CURRENT_SUM_1	13	
CURRENT_SUM_2	14	No supported on PSW-Multi series.
FEEDBACK	15	No supported on PSW-Multi series.

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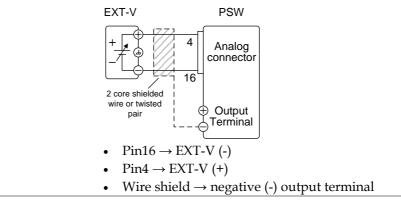
Analog signal common. Connected to the sense-
terminal when remote sense is used. Connected
to the negative output terminal when remote
sense is not used.
Common for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.
Turns on when CV mode is active. (photo
coupled open collector output)
Turns on when CC mode is active. (photo
coupled open collector output)
Turns on when any of the protection modes are
tripped (OVP, OCP) or if a shutdown signal is
input. (photo coupled open collector output)
Turns on when the output has been turned on.
(photo coupled open collector output)
Turns on when the power switch is turned off.
Not connected
Turns the output on/off when (default setting) a
low TTL signal is applied. Internally, the circuit is
pulled up to +5V with $10k\Omega$ resistance.
No supported on PSW-Multi series.
Not connected

External Voltage Control of Voltage Output

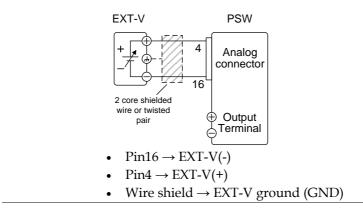
Background	External voltage control of the voltage output is
	accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the
	rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control
	the full scale voltage of the instrument, where:

Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



Connection- alt. If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.



Panel operation 1. Connect the external voltage according to the connection diagrams above.

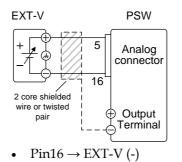
	 2. Set the F-90 power on Page 98 configuration setting to 1 (CV control - Ext voltage). Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 	
	3. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-90=1).	
	4. Press the Output key. The voltage output can now be controlled with the External voltage.	
Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k Ω .	
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external voltage control. See the normal function settings on page 87.	
	Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into the external voltage input.	
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.	

External Voltage Control of Current Output

Background External voltage control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A voltage of 0~10V is used to control the full scale current of the instrument, where:

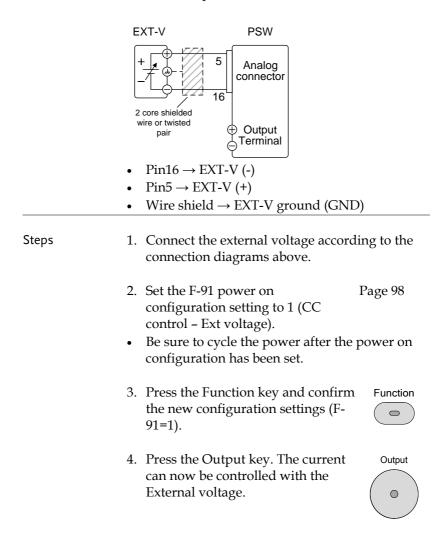
Output current = full scale current × (external voltage/10)

Connection When connecting the external voltage source to the MIL connectors, use shielded or twisted paired wiring.



- $Pin5 \rightarrow EXT-V (+)$
- Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal

Connection- alt. If the wire shield needs to be grounded at the shielding voltage source (EXT-V), then the shield cannot also be grounded at the negative (-) terminal output of the PSW power supply. This would short the output.



Note	The input impedance for external voltage control is 10k Ω_{\cdot}	
	Use a stable voltage supply for the external voltage control.	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external voltage control. See the normal function settings on page 87.	
	Ensure the voltage polarity is correct when connecting the external voltage.	
	Ensure no more than 10.5 volts are input into the external voltage input.	
External Resistance Control of Voltage Output		
Background	External resistance control of the voltage output is	

accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale voltage of the instrument.

The output voltage (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R \bowtie) 0k Ω ~10k Ω (10k Ω = Vo,max) or down (Ext-R \bowtie) 10k Ω ~0k Ω (10k Ω = 0).

For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output voltage = full scale voltage × (external resistance/10)

For $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega$: Output voltage = full scale voltage × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the voltage output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R , an unexpected high voltage would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance switches.	
	EXT-R PSW	
Connection	Analog connector 2 core shielded wire or twisted pair U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	
	• $Pin6 \rightarrow EXT-R$	
	• $Pin7 \rightarrow EXT-R$	
	• Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal	
Steps	 Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above. Set the F-90 (CV Control) Page 98 configuration settings to 2 for Ext-R↓ or 3 for Ext-R↓. Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 	
	3. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-90=2 or 3).	

	 Press the Output key. The voltage can now be controlled with the External resistance. 	Output
Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exc isolation voltage of the power supply. For e insulation tubes with a withstand voltage h the power supply can be used.	example:
	When choosing an external resistor ensure resistor can withstand a high degree of hea	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled mode (F-03) when using external resistance See the normal function settings on page 8	e control.

External Resistance Control of Current Output

Background	External resistance control of the current output is accomplished using the MIL-26 connector on the rear panel. A resistance of $0k\Omega$ ~ $10k\Omega$ is used to control the full scale current of the instrument.
	The output current (0 to full scale) can be controlled with the external resistance going up (Ext-R \carbondow) $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega(10k\Omega = Vo,max)$ or down (Ext-R \carbondow) $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega(10k\Omega = 0)$.
	For $0k\Omega \sim 10k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current \times (external resistance/10)
	For $10k\Omega \sim 0k\Omega$: Output current = full scale current × ([10-external resistance]/10)

Note	The Ext-R configuration is recommended for safety reasons. In the event that the cables become accidentally disconnected, the current output will drop to zero. Under similar circumstances using Ext-R \downarrow , an unexpected high current would be output. If switches are used to switch between fixed resistances, use switches that avoid creating open circuits. Use short-circuit or continuous resistance switches.	
Constantion	EXT-R PSW	
Connection	Analog connector 2 core shielded wire or twisted pair U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	
	• $Pin9 \rightarrow EXT-R$	
	 Pin8 → EXT-R Wire shield → negative (-) output terminal 	
	• Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal	
Steps	 Connect the external resistance according to the connection diagrams above. 	
	 Set the F-91 (CC Control) Page 98 configuration settings to 2 for Ext-R↓ or 3 for Ext-R▶. Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set. 	
	2. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings (F-91=2 or 3).	

	3. Press the Output key. The current can now be controlled with the External resistance.	
Note	Ensure the resistor(s) and cables used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.	
	When choosing an external resistor ensure the resistor can withstand a high degree of heat.	
Note	CV and CC Slew Rate Priority are disabled for V-I mode (F-03) when using external resistance control. See the normal function settings on page 87.	

External Control of Output

Background The output can be turned on or off externally using a switch. The analog control connector can be set to turn the output on from a high or low signal. The voltage across pins 2 and 24 are internally pulled to $+5V \pm 5\%$ @ 500uA with 10k Ω pull-up resistor. A short (closed switch) produces a low signal.

When set to High = On, the output is turned on when the pins 2-24 are open.

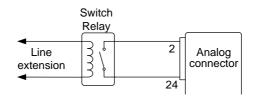
When Low = On, the output is turned on when pins 2-24 are shorted.

Connection	Switch PSW	
Connection	Analog connector 2 core shielded wire or twisted pair Output Terminal	
	• $\operatorname{Pin2} \rightarrow \operatorname{Switch}$	
	• $\operatorname{Pin2} \rightarrow \operatorname{Switch}$ • $\operatorname{Pin24} \rightarrow \operatorname{Switch}$	
	 Wire shield → negative (-) output terminal 	
	• Whe shield / heguive () butput terminar	
Steps	 Connect the external switch according to the connection diagrams above. Set F-94 (External output logic) in Page 98 the power on configuration settings to 0 (High = On) or 1 (Low = On). Be sure to cycle the power after setting the power on configuration settings. 	
	2. Press the Function key and confirm the new configuration settings.	
	3. The switch is now ready to set the output on o	

3. The switch is now ready to set the output on or off.

\wedge	
└└Note	

When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



If a single switch control is to be used for Multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.

Warning	Ensure the cables used and the switch exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.	
Note Note	Messages: If F-94 = 0 (High = on) and the pin 24 is low (0) "MSG 001" will be displayed on the display. If F-94 = 1 (Low = on) and the pin 24 is high (1) "MSG 002" will be displayed on the display.	
	Output off (High=on) Output off (Low=on)	



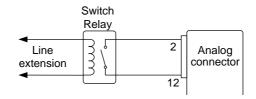
External control of Shutdown

Background The output of the power supplies can be configured to shut down via an external switch. The ability to externally shut down the power supply must first be enabled in the power on configuration settings. The voltage across pins 2 and 12 are internally pulled to $+5V \pm 5\%$ @ 500uA with $10k\Omega$ pull-up resistor.

Connection	Switch PSW	
Connection	Analog connector	
	pair \bigcirc Output	
	• $Pin2 \rightarrow Switch$	
	• $Pin12 \rightarrow Switch$	
	• Wire shield \rightarrow negative (-) output terminal	
Steps	 Connect the external switches according to the connection diagrams above. Set F-95 to in the configuration Page 98 settings to 0 (Enable). This will allow the external control of shutdown. 	
	3. Press the function key and confirm the new configuration settings.	
	4. The switch will now shut down the power supply when shorted.	



When using a switch over long distances, please use a switch relay to extend the line from the coil side of the relay.



If a single switch control is to be used for Multiple units, please isolate each instrument. This can be achieved by using a relay.

Warning

Ensure the cables and switch used exceed the isolation voltage of the power supply. For example: insulation tubes with a withstand voltage higher than the power supply can be used.

Remote Monitoring

The PSW power supplies have remote monitoring support for current and voltage output. They also support monitoring of operation and alarm status.

- External monitoring of output voltage and current → from page 117
- External monitoring of operation mode and alarm status → from page 119

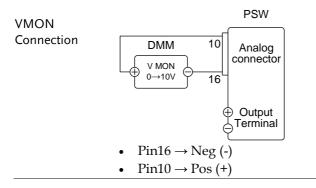
External Voltage and	Current Monitoring
----------------------	---------------------------

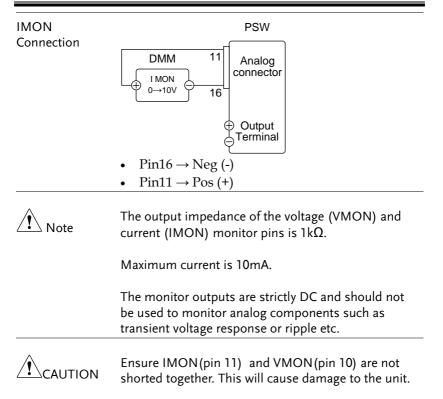
Background	The MIL 26 pin connector is used to monitor the	
	current (IMON) or voltage (VMON) output.	

An output of 0~10V represents the voltage or current output of 0~ rated current/voltage output.

- IMON = (current output/full scale) × 10
- VMON = (voltage output/full scale) × 10

External voltage and current monitoring doesn't need to be enabled in the configuration settings.



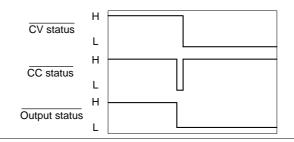


External Operation and Status Monitoring

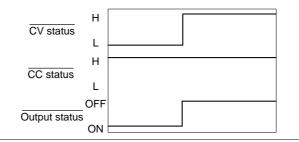
Background	The MIL 26 pin connector can also be used to monitor the status operation and alarm status of the instrument.		
	The pins are isolated from the power supply internal circuitry by photo couplers. Status Com (Pin 17) is a photo coupler emitter output, whilst pins 18~22 are photo coupler collector outputs.		
	A maximum of 30V ar each pin.	nd 8mA can be applied to	
	Name and Pin	Description	
		Common (photo coupler emitter) for status signals 18, 19, 20, 21 and 22.	
	CV STATUS 18	Low when CV mode is active.	
		Low when CC mode is active.	
		Low when any of the protection modes are tripped (OVP, OCP). Active low.	
	OUT ON 21 STATUS	Low when the output is on.	
	PWR OFF 22 STATUS	Active low.	
		Pins 18, 19, 20, 21, 22 17	

Timing diagrams Below are 4 example timing diagrams covering a number fo scenarios. Note that pins 18~22 are all active low.

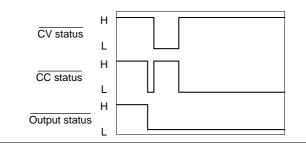
CV MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CV mode.



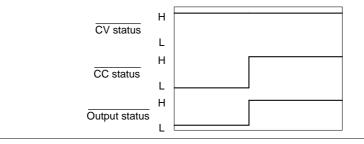
CV MODE: The diagram below shows the output status lines Output turned off when the output is turned off in CV mode.



CC MODE: The diagram below shows the timing diagram Output turned on when the output is turned on when the PSW is set to CC mode.



CC MODE: The diagram below shows the output status lines Output turned off when the output is turned off in CC mode.



COMMUNICATION INTERFACE

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the programming manual, downloadable from GW Instek website, www.gwinstek.com

Interface Configuration	123
Configure USB Remote Interface	123
Configure GPIB Interface	123
Configure Ethernet Connection	125
Web Server Configuration	
Sockets Server Configuration	
USB Remote Control Function Check	
Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection	
GPIB Remote Control Function Check	
Web Server Remote Control Function Check	
Socket Server Function Check	

Interface Configuration

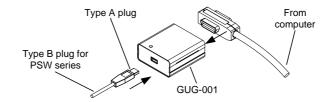
Configure USB Remote Interface

USB configuration	PC side connector	Type A, host
	PSW side connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
	Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed)
	USB Class	CDC (communications device class)
Panel operation	 Connect the USB cable to the rear panel USB B port. Press the Function key to enter the Normal configuration settings. 	
	F - 1 / 1 = 1	USB settings: Set the rear panel USB port to USB-CDC.

Configure GPIB Interface

Background	To use GPIB, the optional GPIB to USB (GUG-001) adapter must be used. The GPIB to USB adapter must be connected before the PSW is turned on. Only one GPIB address can be used at a time.
Configure GPIB	1. Ensure the PSW is off before proceeding.
	2. Connect the USB cable from the rear panel USB B port on the PSW to the USB A port on the GPIB to USB adapter.

3. Connect a GPIB cable from a GPIB controller to the GPIB port on the adapter.



- 4. Turn the PSW on.
- 5. Press the Function key to enter the Normal configuration settings.

Set the following GPIB settings:

F-22 = 1	Set the real panel USB port to USB Host.
$F-23 = 0 \sim 30$	Set the GPIB address (0~30)

GPIB constraints • Maximum 15 devices altogether, 20m cable length, 2m between each device

- Unique address assigned to each device
- At least 2/3 of the devices turned On
- No loop or parallel connection

Configure Ethernet Connection

The Ethernet interface can be configured for a number of different applications. Ethernet can be configured for basic remote control or monitoring using a web server or it can be configured as a socket server.

The PSW Series supports both DHCP connections so the instrument can be automatically connected to an existing network or alternatively, network settings can be manually configured.

Ethermore (MAC Address (display only)	LAN
Ethernet configuration	DHCP	IP Address
Parameters	Subnet Mask	Gateway
	DNS Address	Sockets Active
	Web Server Active	Web Password Active
	Web set password	0000~9999 (default 0000)

Web Server Configuration

Configuration	This configuration example will configure the PSW as a web server and use DHCP to automatically assign an IP address to the PSW.	
		Ethernet cable from the LAN the rear panel Ethernet
	2. Press the Function key to enter the Normal configuration settings.	
	Set the following LAN settings:	
	F-36 = 1	Enable LAN
	F-37 = 1	Turn DHCP to enable
	F-59 = 1	Turn the web server on

Note Note	It may be necessary to cycle the power or refresh the web browser to connect to a network.	
Sockets Server C	Configuration	
Configuration	This configuration example will configure the PSW sockets server.	
	The following configuration settings will manually assign the PSW an IP address and enable the socket server. By default, the socket server port number is 2268 and cannot be configured.	
		Ethernet cable from the LAN ne rear panel Ethernet
		nction key to enter the iguration settings.
	3. Set the follow	ving LAN settings:
	F-36 = 1	Enable LAN
	F-37 = 0	Disable DHCP
	F-39 = 172	IP Address part 1 of 4
	F-40 = 16	IP Address part 2 of 4
	F-41 = 5	IP Address part 3 of 4
	F-42 = 133	IP Address part 4 of 4
	F-43 = 255	Subnet Mask part 1 of 4
	F-44 = 255	Subnet Mask part 2 of 4
	F-45 = 128	Subnet Mask part 3 of 4
	F-46 = 0	Subnet Mask part 4 of 4
	F-43 = 172	Gateway part 1 of 4
	F-44 = 16	Gateway part 2 of 4
	F-45 = 21	Gateway part 3 of 4
	F-46 = 101	Gateway part 4 of 4
	F-57 = 1	Enable Sockets

Note The socket function is supported only in PSW firmware version V1.12 or later. However, the socket function is supported in all firmware versions of PSW-Multi.

USB Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Invoke a terminal application such as Realterm. The PSW will appear as a COM port on the PC.
	To check the COM port No, see the Device Manager in the PC. For WinXP; Control panel \rightarrow System \rightarrow Hardware tab.
Note	If you are not familiar with using a terminal application to send/receive remote commands via a USB connection, please page 128 for more information.
	Run this query command via the terminal after the instrument has been configured for USB remote control.
	*idn?
	This should return the Manufacturer, Model number, Serial number, and Firmware version in the following format.
	GW-INSTEK, PSW30-36,TW123456,01.00.20110101
	Manufacturer: GW-INSTEK
	Model number : PSW30-36
	Serial number : TW123456
	Firmware version : 01.00.20110101
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

Using Realterm to Establish a Remote Connection

Background	Realterm is a terminal program that can be used to communicate with a device attached to the serial port of a PC or via an emulated serial port via USB.	
	The following instructions apply to version 2.0.0.70. Even though Realterm is used as an example to establish a remote connection, any terminal program can be used that has similar functionality.	
Note	Realterm can be downloaded on Sourceforge.net free of charge.	
	For more information please see http://realterm.sourceforge.net/	
Operation	1. Download Realterm and install according to the instructions on the Realterm website.	
	2. Connect the PSW via USB.	
	 Go to the Windows device manager and find the COM port number for the connection. For example, go to the Start menu > Control Panel > Device Manager 	
	Double click the <i>Ports</i> icon to reveal the connected serial port devices and the COM port for the each connected device.	
	The baud rate, stop bit and parity settings can be viewed for the virtual COM port by right- clicking connected device and selecting the <i>Properties</i> option.	

Network adapters	
Portable Devices	
Ports (COM & LPT)	
PSW (COM Processors Smart card rea Sound, video a System device	Ugdate Driver Software Disable Uninstall Scan for hardware changes
Universal Seria	
·	P <u>r</u> operties

4. Start Realterm on the PC as an administrator. Click:

Start menu>All Programs>RealTerm>realterm

Tip: to run as an administrator, you can right click the Realterm icon in the Windows Start menu and select the *Run as Administrator* option.

5. After Realterm has started, click on the *Port* tab.

Enter the *Baud*, *Parity*, *Data bits*, *Stop bits* and *Port* number configuration for the connection.

The *Hardware Flow Control, Software Flow Control* options can be left at the default settings.

Press Open to connect to the PSW.

a RealTerm	Serial Capture Program 2.0.0.70	
•		•
	\	
Display Port	Capture Pins Send Echo Port I2C I2C-2 In Clea	ar Freeze 📑
		Status
Baud 9600	← Port 19 ← Qpen Spy ✓ Qhange	Disconne 🗌 🗌
	Sothere Flow Control	RXD (2)
Parity	Data bits Stop bits Beceive Xon Char 17	TXD (3)
None Odd	(8 bits (1 bit (2 bits	
	C 7 bits Hardware Flow Control Transmit Xoff Char: 19	CTS (8)
C Even		CTS (8)
C Even C Mark	C Shine C DIRICTS	DCD (1)
		DCD (1)
C Mark	C 6 bits None C RTS/CTS	DCD (1) DSR (6) Ring (9)
C Mark	C 6 bits OTR/DSR C RS/85-rts C Row	DCD (1) DSR (6) Ring (9)

6. Click on the *Send* tab.

In the *EOL* configuration, check on the +*CR* and +*LF* check boxes.

Enter the query: **idn?*

Click on Send ASCII.

RealTerm: Serial Capture Program 2.0.0	.70
GW-INSTEK, PSW250-9,,01.54.201403134	
\frown	
Display Port Capture Pins Send	Echo Port 12C 12C-2 12CMisc Misc In C
(×idn?)	Send Numbers Send ASCI
	Send Numbers
0 °C LF Repeats 1 -	Literal Strip Spaces
Dump File to Port	
c:\temp\capture.txt	▼ Send Eile X Stog Delays 0 🔹 0
	Bepeats 1 🗘 0

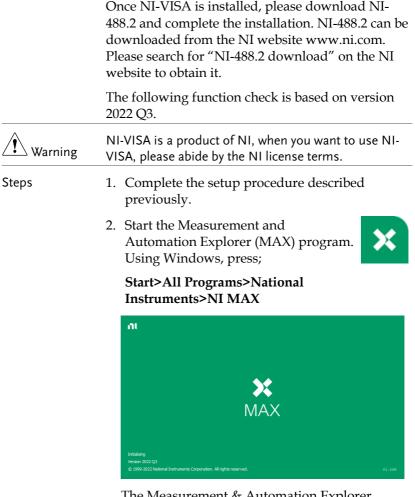
7. The terminal display will return the following: *GW-INSTEK*,*PSW*250-9,,01.54.20140313

(manufacturer, model, serial number, version)

8. If Realterm fails to connect to the PSW, please check all the cables and settings and try again.

GPIB Remote Control Function Check

Background	To check if the GPIB connection is functioning properly, you can use the National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer (NI MAX). NI MAX needs to be obtained by installing NI-VISA.
	You can download NI-VISA from the NI website www.ni.com. Please search for "NI-VISA download" on the NI website to obtain it.

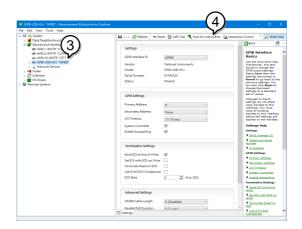


The Measurement & Automation Explorer initial splash screen.

3. From the **Configuration** panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>GPIB0(GPIB-USB-HS+)

4. Press the Scan for Instruments button.

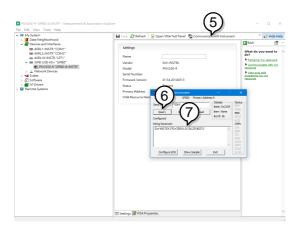


- 5. Click on Communicate with Instrument.
- 6. In the **NI-488.2 Communicator** window, ensure **IDN?* is written in the **Send String:** text box.

Click on the **Query** button to send the **IDN?* query to the oscilloscope.

7. The **String Received** text box will display the query return:

*GW-INSTEK,PSW*250-9,,01.54.20140313\n (manufacturer, model, serial number, version)



8. The function check is complete.

Web Server Remote Control Function Check

Functionality check	Enter the IP address of the power supply in a web browser after the instrument has been configured as a web server (page 125).
	http:// XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX
	The web browser interface appears.
Note	For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.

Socket Server Function Check

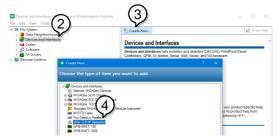
Background	To check if the socket server connection is functioning properly, you can use the National Instruments Measurement and Automation Explorer (NI MAX). NI MAX needs to be obtained by installing NI-VISA.
	You can download NI-VISA from the NI website www.ni.com. Please search for "NI-VISA download" on the NI website to obtain it.
	The following function check is based on version 2022 Q3.
Warning	NI-VISA is a product of NI, when you want to use NI- VISA, please abide by the NI license terms.
Functionality check	1. Start the NI Measurement and Automation Explorer (MAX) program. Using Windows, press:
	Start>All Programs>National Instruments>Measurement & Automation



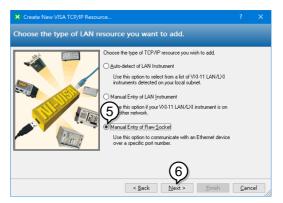
2. From the Configuration panel access;

My System>Devices and Interfaces>Network Devices

- 3. Click Create New....
- 4. Select Visa TCP/IP Resource.



- 5. Select *Manual Entry of Raw Socket* from the popup window.
- 6. Click Next.



- 7. Enter the IP address and the port number of the PSW. The port number is fixed at 2268.
- 8. Click the Validate button. A popup box will appear when successful.
- 9. Click Next.

Create New VISA TCP/IP Resou	rce		×
Enter the LAN resource de	etails.		
	Enter the TCP/IP address of your VISA network resource in the tom of xxx xxx xxxxx. the hostname of the device, or a computer@some.domain		
	9		
	< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > <u>F</u> inish	<u>C</u> anc	el

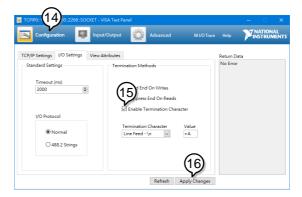
- 10. Next configure the Alias (name) of the PSW connection. In this example the Alias is: PSW_DC1
- 11. Click finish.



12. The IP address of the PSW will now appear under Network Devices in the configuration panel. Select this icon now. 13. Press Open VISA Test Panel.



- 14. Click Configuration icon.
- 15. In the *I/O Settings* tab, select the *Enable Termination Character* check box. Ensure *Line Feed* \n is selected as the line feed character.
- 16. Click Apply Changes.



- 17. Click the Input/Output icon.
- 18. Ensure **IDN*?*n* is selected in the *Select or Enter Command* dropdown text box.
- 19. Click the *Query* button.
- 20. The *IDN? query should be returned to the buffer area: *GW-INSTEK,PSW*250-9,,01.54.20140313*n*





For further details, please see the programming manual, available on the GW Instek web site @ www.gwinstek.com.



The PSW power supply filters should be replaced on a periodic schedule to maintain performance and specification characteristics.

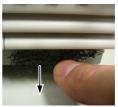
Replacing the Dust Filter	
---------------------------	--

Replacing the Dust Filter

The dust filter should be replaced at least 2 times a year. Not replacing the filter on a regular basis will reduce performance and may cause the unit to overheat.

Front panel filter 1. Turn the instrument off. (all models)

2. Pull the filter out from the bottom of the front panel.



3. Replace the filter with GW Instek part number 57RG-30B03801.

Faq

- The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode \leftrightarrow C.C. mode).
- The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.
- Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?
- The accuracy does not match the specification.

The power supply won't let me change the mode (C.V. mode \leftrightarrow C.C. mode).

To set the power supply to CC or CV mode, the Function key must be held when the power is turned on to enter the Power On Configuration Mode. See page 98.

The OVP voltage is triggered earlier than expected.

When setting the OVP voltage, take into account the voltage drop from the load cables. As the OVP level is set from the output terminals and not the load terminals, the voltage at the load terminals may be slightly lower.

Can I combine more than 1 cable together for the output wiring?

Yes. Cables can be used together (in parallel) if the current capacity of a single cable is insufficient. However the withstand voltage should also be taken into account. Ensure the cables are twisted together and are the same length. The accuracy does not match the specification.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within $+20^{\circ}C^{+}30^{\circ}C$. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specification.

For more information, contact your local dealer or GWInstek at www.gwinstek.com / marketing@goodwill.com.tw.

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PSW 160-14.4/ PSW 80-27/ PSW 40-54/ PSW 30-72	
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PSW-Multi Web Control Description

Open the web browser and input the IP address of PSW-Multi and then push "Enter key" to move over to Web Control server.

There are seven tabs on the top of the Web Control Page. Select the tab you desire on the top of the Web control page by clicking the mouse so that you can control the PSW-Multi or get more information about it.

Tab Welcome Page

Welcome Page Network Configuration SCPI com	mand Web control Data log Edit Seq	uence Visit Our Site		
PSW Multi-Channel Series Web Control Pages	System information			
Thanks For Your Using.	Manufacturer : Serial Number :	GW/#RSTEK GEK978312		
Use the navigation menu to select the features you need.	Description :	GW-INSTEK PSW-1060L114 0150.202200276		
Môre How-oo Please refer to user manual.		P-0078312		
	mDNS Hostname : IP Address :	P-X978312 local. 172.16 28.120		
	Subnet Mask : Gateway :	255,255,178,0		
	DNS :	172.16.1.248		
	MAC Address : DHCP State :	0022498730665 CN		

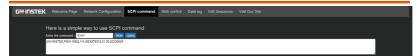
- On the Welcome Page, users can get the system information of this PSW-Multi.
- The system information includes all information about Manufacturer, Serial Number, Description, Firmware Version, Web setting, and Web information.

Tab Network Configuration

		Network Configuration	0001	-	Data la s	E # 0	16.5.008-
ensiek	welcome Page	Network Configuration					
			172.16.28.120				
	Subnet Mask :		255 255 128 0				
	Galeway :		172.16.0.254				
	DNS :		172.16.1.248				
			O ON O OFF				
	Password :						
					s	Submit	

On the Network Configuration page, user can change the IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway, DNS address or set password or set DHCP enable to get all network settings from router.

Tab SCPI command



On SCPI command page, user can use SCPI command to remote control PSW-Multi. For usage of remote control, please refer to programming manual for a command list.

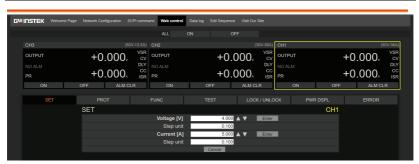
Tab Web control

G≝INSTEK	Welcome Page Net	work Configuration	SCPI comma	nd Web control	Data log	Edit Sequenci	e Visit Our S	Site				
CH3				CH2				(30V-36A)	CH1		(3))V-36A)
OUTPUT		+0.000		OUTPUT		+0.	.000,	VSR CV	OUTPUT	+C	0.000,	VSR CV
NO ALM		+0.000		NO ALM		+0.	.000	DLY CC ISR	NO ALM PR	+C	.000	DLY CC ISR
ON	OFF	ALM	I CLR	ON	C)FF	ALM C	LR	ON	OFF	ALM CL	२
		PROT		FUNC				K / UNLO	CK PWF	RDSPL	ERROR	

On Web control page, there are seven function tables and all the channels' setting are independent. User can choose any channel and use these functions to remote control PSW-Multi online. All the control methods and behavior is the same as stand-alone.

CH1	(30V-36A)
OUTPUT	+0.000, CV
NO ALM PR	
ON	
CH1	Channel display
(30V-36A)	Model type
VSR	This indicator is for indicating Voltage Slew Rate signal. If VSR function is enabled, the signal will become green.
CV	Constant Voltage Mode signal. If PSW-Multi operates in constant voltage mode, the signal will become green.
DLY	Delay Output signal. If delay function is enabled, the signal will become green.
CC	Constant Current Mode signal. If PSW-Multi operates in constant current mode, the signal will become red.
ISR	Current Slew Rate. If ISR function is enable, the signal will become green.
OUTPUT	Output signal. If output set to on, the signal will become green.
NO ALM	Alarm signal. If there is any alarm that is occurred, the signal will show what alarm is activated.
PR	Program ready signal. When user upload sequence to PSW-Multi, the front panel of PSW- Multi will show "WAIT" and this signal will become green. After user press output on, the sequence is executing and this signal will become orange.
ON	Output ON button
OFF	Output OFF button
ALM CLR	Alarm Clear button

G≝INSTEK



SET Table: User can set Voltage and current setting or adjust the setting step unit in this table.

Winstek Welcom	e Page Network Configuration SC	Pi command Web control	Data log Edit Sequence	Visit Our Site			
			ON OF				
СНЗ		/-13.5A) CH2		(30V-36A)	CH1		(30V-36A)
OUTPUT	+0.000,	VSR CV OUTPUT	+0.0		OUTPUT	+(0.000, ^{vsr}
NO ALM	+0.000	CC ISR PR	+0.0		NO ALM	+(D.000, ^{CC}
ON	OFF ALM CL	R ON	OFF	ALM CLR	ON	OFF	ALM CLR
	PROT						
	PROT					CH1	
			33.0	00 Enter			
		P [A]	39.6	00 Enter			
			Cancel				

PROT

PROT Table: User can set OVP and OCP setting in this table

СНЗ		(80)	/-13.5A)	CH2			/-36A) C	H1		()	07-36/
	+(0.000,	VSR CV		+	0.000,	CV CV			+0.000,	VS C
			DLY CC				DLY CC				DL
	+(.000.	ISR	PR	+	0.000	ISR 1			+0.000	IS
ON	OFF	ALM CLR		ON	OFF	ALM CLR		ON	OFF	ALM CLR	
				FUNC	TEST						
	FUNC			NORMAL	USB / GPIB / UART	PON CONF			CH1		
				NORMAL	USB/GPIB/UART	PONCONF			CH1		
	Outpu	t delay time				0.00 E	_				
		ON [s] OFF [s]					nter Oter				
		V-I mode				V high speed priority	1201				
	Voltag	c alcw rate									
		Rising [V/s]			60	.000	nter				
					60	.000	nter				
	Curre	nt slew rate									
		Rising (A/s) Falling (A/s)					nter				
	lote	rnal resistance s		amel			nter				
		eder circuit contri				ON		~			
		zer ON/OFF con				ON		¥			
		asurement Avera				Low		~			
					Pan	el lock: allow output off		~			
		tory Set Value				Disable		~			
		put synchronize tection trigger sy				OFF	_				
		Lock/Local sync		4		OFF	_	-			
		and a state of the			Cancel						

FUNC NORMAL

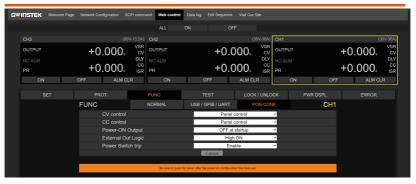
FUNC_NORMAL Table: User can set function setting in this table.

G^W**INSTEK**

APPENDIX

Gu	INSTEK	Welcome Page	Network Con	figuration SC	CPI comma	and Web control	Dat	a log Edi	t Sequent	e Visit	Our Site								
	CH3			(80)		CH2							CH1					1	30V-36A)
	OUTPUT		+0	.000,	VSR CV	OUTPUT			+0.	000). `	/SR CV					+0	.000,	VSR CV
					DLY							DLY NO ALM							DLY
	PR		+0.	.000	ISR	PR			+0.	000		ISR	PR				+0	.000	ISR
	ON		OFF	ALM CL	.R	ON		OFF		ALI	M CLR			ON		OFF		ALM C	LR
			PRO	от		FUNC				L	OCK/L	JNLO			WR DS	PL			
						NORMAL	u	ISB / GPIE	B / UART		PON	CON	IF			CH1			
			l l	JSB State															
				Fro	nt panel					Absent			×						
					ir panel				_	Absent			~						
				Rear panel		DDE				Disable	_	_	~						
				GPIB addre	88					8	E	inter							
			l	JART	id Rate					115200									
					a Bits					8 bits									
				Par						None			~						
					p Bit					1 bit			~						
								Can	cel										

FUNC_USB/GPIB/UART Table: User can set interface setting in this table.





FUNC_PON CONF Table: User can set power on configuration setting in this table. Be sure to cycle the power after the power on configuration has been set.

GWINSTEK	Welcome Page	Network Configuration	SCPI comma	and Web control	Data log E	dit Sequence	Visit Our	Site				
						OF						
CH3			(80V-13.5A)	CH2			(3	0V-36A)	CH1		(8	0V-36A)
OUTPUT		+0.00), vsr cv	OUTPUT		+0.0	000,	VSR CV	OUTPUT		+0.000,	VSR CV
			DLY					DLY CC	NO ALM			DLY CC
PR		+0.00	J _{A ISR}	PR		+0.0	000	ISR	PR		+0.000	ISR
ON		OFF AL	M CLR	ON	OF	F	ALM CL	R	ON	OFF	ALM CL	.R
SE				FUNC	TES	ST				WR DSPL	ERROR	
		TEST								CH1		
		Contro		t001 ~	Load	Unload			Run Sto	p		
		Downlo	ad	t001 ~	D	ownload						
		Upload		t001 ~	Choose Fi	ile Upload	1					

<u>G INSTEK</u>

```
EST
```

TEST Table: User can use test script function in this table.

5 ^W INSTEK	Welcome Page	Network Config	guration Si	CPI comma	nd Web control	Data log	Edit Sequen	ce Visit Ou	r Site				
CH3			(80	V-13.5A)	CH2				(30V-36A)	CH1			(30V-36A)
OUTPUT		+0.0	000,	CV	OUTPUT		+0	.000,	VSR CV	OUTPUT		+0.000	
NO ALM		+0 (000.	CC			+∩	.000	DLY CC			+0.000	
PR		OFF	ALM CI		PR ON	0		ALM C		PR ON	OFF		A ISR
ON		OFF	ALW CI	.rx	ON	0	ele	ALIVIC	LK	ON	UFF	ALI	I CLK
								LOC	K / UNLO	CK F	WR DSPL		
		LOCK / U	INLOCK								CH1		
			anel Key L		OF	F 🔵							

LOCK / UNLOCK

LOCK/UNLOCK Table: User can use lock or unlock function in this table.



PWR DSPL

PWR DSPL Table: User can choose display mode to change Voltage/ Current/ Power display setting in this table.

ALL ON OFF CH3 (00/13.6Å) CH2 (00/39.6Å) OUTPUT +0.0000, VSR DUTPUT (00/99.6Å) NO ALM DUT +0.0000, VSR DUT PR +0.0000, LSR DIS PR +0.0000, LSR DIS ON OFF ALM CLR ON OFF ALM CLR ON OFF ALM CLR ON OFF ALM CLR SET PROT FUNC TEST LOCK / UNLOCK PWR DSPL ERROR	G WINSTEK Wek	come Page Network Confi	iguration SCPI cor	nmand Web control	Data log Edit Sequenc	e Visit Our Site			
OUTPUT +0.000, over the construction VSR over the construction OVEr the construction OVEr th						NFF			
COLINGI +0.000, NO ALIM CV DW NO ALIM CV DW DW NO ALIM CV DW DW NO ALIM CV DW DW DW DW DW CV DW DW DW DW CV DW DW DW DW CV DW DW DW CV DW DW CV DW DW CV DW	CH3			A) CH2		(30V-36A)	CH1		(30V-36A)
NO-ADDI OP ADDI OP ADDI OP ADDI OC ADDI <t< th=""><th>OUTPUT</th><th>+0.</th><th>000, c</th><th>N OUTPUT</th><th>+0.</th><th>000, cv</th><th>OUTPUT</th><th>+(</th><th>).000, cv</th></t<>	OUTPUT	+0.	000, c	N OUTPUT	+0.	000, cv	OUTPUT	+().000, cv
PR TU.UUUA ISR PR PR PR<	NO ALM	. 0							
SET PROT FUNC TEST LOOK/UNLOCK PWR.DSPL ERROR	PR	+0.			+0.		PR	+(
	ON	OFF	ALM CLR	ON	OFF	ALM CLR	ON	OFF	ALM CLR
ERROR						LOCK / UNLOC		R DSPL	ERROR
		ERROR							

ERROR

ERROR Table: If there is a program error during remote control, user can get information from this table.

Tab Data log

GWINSTEK	Welcome Page	Network Configurati	on SCPI comm	nand Web con	trol Data log	Edit Sequence	Visit Our Site				
CH3 Sample Period CSV Separator Decimal Separator	1 Comms (,) ~ Point (,) ~	s Maximum Number: Mode:	Overwrite 👻	CH2 Sample Period: CSV Separator: Decimal Separator:	1 Comma (.) V Point (.) V	s Maximum Number: Mode:	(30V-36A) 100 Overwrite 👻	CH1 Sample Period: CSV Separator: Decimal Separator:		Maximum Number: Mode:	(30V-36A) 100 Overwrite Y
No. Voltage	Current OPER.	Status QUES Status	Time	No. Voltage	Current OPER.	Status QUES. Status	Time	No. Voltage	Current OPER. Sta	fus QUES. Status	Time
Start	Stop	Clear	Export to CSV	Start	Stop	Clear	Export to CSV	Start	Stop	Clear	Expert to USV

- On Data log page, user can set data log function to record the output voltage and output current by period sampling time and counter setting.
- For usage of data log record function, please follow the setting description.



Sample Period: Set the sampling period. It can be set from 1sec to 600sec.

Maximum Number: Set Maximum counter numbers. It can be set from 100 to 60000 counters.

CSV Separator: Before start data log record, User can choose comma (,) or semicolon (;) for CSV separator to generate report.

Decimal Separator: Before start data log record, User can choose point (.) or comma (,) for Decimal separator to generate report.

Mode: When the data log reaches the maximum counter number settings, user can choose overwrite or stop the data log record.

No.: Number of data log counter.

Voltage: measurement voltage value.

Current: measurement current value.

OPER. Status: Value of operation Status Register. Please refer to programming manual for a detail description.

QUES. Status: Value of questionable Status Register Value. Please refer to programming manual for a detail description.

Time: Time of Data log record.

CH1					(30V-36A)
Sample	Period:	1	s Max	dimum Number:	100
CSV Se	parator:	Comma (,) ~ M oo	le:	Overwrite 🗸
Decimal	Separator:	Point (.)			
No.	Voltage	Current	OPER. Status	QUES. Status	Time
1	+1.000	+0.000	+280	+0	06/26 19:57:29.8
2	+1.000	+0.000	+280		06/26 19:57:30.9
3	+1.000	+0.000	+280		06/26 19:57:32.0
4	+1.000	+0.000	+280		06/26 19:57:33.0
5	+1.000	+0.000	+280		06/26 19:57:34.1

Start Button: Start data log record function.

Stop Button: Stop data log record function.

Clear Button: Clear data log record data.

Export to CSV Button: Export the data log record data to CSV format.

Tab Edit Sequence

GWI	nste	K Weld	ome Page	Network	Configuration	on SCP	l command	Web contr	ol Data	log E	it Sequence	Visit O	ur Site				
	001	v															
Add Ro		Row Cycle	Number: 2		Step Start.		Step End.										
Description	× 📕																
				Voltage (V)				Dieoder		V8r up(V/8)	Vsr down(V/8)	Ist up(A/s)	ISE CONTR(A/S)		Sense Avera	ge Jump to	Jump Cnl
				MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON -									

On edit sequence page, user can edit sequence online, export sequence to CSV format, import CSV format to sequence and upload sequence to PSW-Multi.



When sequence editing is complete, user can upload sequence to PSW-Multi. There are ten groups sequence can be uploaded. If there is any sequence already that has been uploaded, the group will be displayed in dark black.

t001	~
t001	
t002	
	- 1
	1
t010	

Export csv, tst

Export sequence to CSV format and generate .tst attachment.

Import csv

Import CSV format to sequence information from this table.

	Number: 2		Step Start:		Step End:										
x 👘															
		Voltage (V)		OVP(V)	OCP(A)		Vsr up(V/s)	Vsr down(V/s)	Isr up(A/s)	Isr down(A/s)	IR(ohm)	Beeper	Sense Average	of qmut.	Jump Cr
				MAX	MAX		MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX					

The default of sequence has six rows and user can use "Add Row" or "Del Row" to adjust it.

_				_	_													
Add Roy			e Number: 2		Step Start:		Step End:											
Description	C1. []	ime] Range :	0.05 sec ~ 20 c	lays OR date f	ormat hith : mm	: ss ,example	12:59:59											
Step			Time(sec)	Voltage (V)		OVP(V)	OCP(A)			Vsr up(V/s)	Vsr down(V/s)	Isr up(AIS)	Isr down(A/s)			Sense Average	of qmut.	Jump Crit
1			1	MIN		MAX	MAX		CVHS -	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX					
2																		
3						MAX	MAX			MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX					
						MAX	MAX			MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX					
Add Ros			e Number: 2		Step Start:		Step End:											
Description	D1, [V	oltage] Param	eter : MIN, MA	C, «value».														
Step	Point	Output	Time(sec)	Voltage (V)	Current (A)			Bleeder	IV Mode	Vsr up(V/s)	Vsr down(V/s)	Isr up(A/s)	Isr down(A/s)	IR(ohm)	Beeper	Sense Average	Jump to	Jump Cnt
1		ON		MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON -	CWIST	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MIN	OFF -	LOW -		
2		ON		MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON V	CVHS-	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MIN	OFF -	LOW -		
3		ON		MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON -	CVHS-	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MIN	OFF -	LOW -		
4				MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON 🔻	CVHS -	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MIN				
5		ON		MIN	MIN	MAX	MAX	ON -	CVHS-	MAX	MAX	MAX	MAX	MIN	OFF -	LOW -		
6											MAX	MAX						
	_			_			-		-									
		<u> </u>	e Number: 2		Step Start:		Step End:											
	й <mark>(</mark>)1, [V	sr up) Parame	fer : MIN, MAX	<value>.</value>														
				Voltage (V)		OVP(V)	OCP(A)			Var up(V/s)	Vsr down(V/s)	Isr up(A/s)	Isr down(A/s)	IR(chm)		Sense Average	Jump to	Jump Crit
1				MIN				ON 👻	CVHS -	MAX	MAX					LOW 👻		
2																		
								ON 👻										

 1
 MIN
 MAX
 MAX
 ON →
 CVHS +
 MAX
 MAX
 MAX
 MAX
 MAX
 MIN
 OFF +
 LOW +

 1
 MIN
 MIN
 MAX
 ON →
 CVHS +
 MAX
 MAX
 MAX
 MIN
 OFF +
 LOW +

- When user wants to edit sequence, user can move mouse flag to everywhere which he wants to edit and press mouse button.
- Then description field will show description and setting range, user can take a reference and edit it.

Tab Visit Our Site

Visit our site then user can get more information, firmware and resource from website.

PSW-Multi Default Settings

The following default settings are the factory configuration settings for the power supply (Function settings/Test settings).

For details on how to return to the factory default settings, see page 57.

Initial Settings	Default	Setting
Output	Off	
LOCK	0 (Disa	bled)
Voltage	0V	,
Current	0A	
OVP	Maximu	ım
OCP	Maximu	ım
Normal Function Settings	Setting	Default Setting
Output ON delay time	F-01	0.00s
Output OFF delay time	F-02	0.00s
V-I mode slew rate select	F-03	0 = CV high speed priority
Rising voltage slew rate	F-04	60.00V/s (PSW 30)
		80.00V/s (PSW 40)
		160.0V/s (PSW 80)
		320.0V/s (PSW 160)
		500.0V/s (PSW 250)
		1600V/s (PSW 800)
Falling voltage slew rate	F-05	60.00V/s (PSW 30)
		80.00V/s (PSW 40)
		160.0V/s (PSW 80)
		320.0V/s (PSW 160)
		500.0V/s (PSW 250)
		1600V/s (PSW 800)
Rising current slew rate	F-06	72.00A/s (PSW 30-36)
-		54.00A/s (PSW 40-27)
		27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5)
		14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2)
		9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5)
		2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)

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Falling current slew rate	F-07	72.00A/s (PSW 30-36) 54.00A/s (PSW 40-27) 27.00A/s (PSW 80-13.5) 14.40A/s (PSW 160-7.2) 9.000A/s (PSW 250-4.5) 2.880A/s (PSW 800-1.44)
Internal resistance setting	F-08	0.000Ω
Bleeder circuit control	F-09	1 = ON
Buzzer ON/OFF control	F-10	1 = ON
Measurement Average Setting	F-17	0 = Low
Lock Mode	F-19	0 = Panel lock: allow output off
USB/GPIB setting		
Rear Panel USB Mode	F-22	2 = USB CDC
GPIB address	F-23	8
LAN setting		
LAN	F-36	1 = Enable
DHCP	F-37	1 = Enable
Sockets active	F-57	1 = Enable
Web Server active	F-59	1 = Enable
Web password active	F-60	1 = Enable
Web setting password	F-61	0000
Power On Configuration		
CV Control	F-90	0 = Panel control (local)
CC Control	F-91	0 = Panel control (local)
Power-ON Output	F-92	0 = OFF at startup
External Out Logic	F-94	0 = High ON
Power Switch trip	F-95	0 = Enable
Multi-Channel Function Setting		
Output Synchronize	F130	0 = OFF
Protection Trigger Synchronous	F131	0 = OFF
Key Lock/ Local Synchronize	F132	0 = OFF

Error Messages & Messages

The following error messages or messages may appear on the PSW screen during operation.

Error Messages	Description
Err 001	USB Mass Storage is not present
Err 002	No (such)file in USB mass storage
Err 003	Empty memory location
Err 004	File access error
Err 901	Keyboard CPLD error
Err 902	Analog CPLD error
Err 920	The ADC is over range for calibration
Err 921	The DAC is over range for calibration
Err 922	Point invalid for calibration
Messages	Description
MSG 001	External control of output. Output off (F-94=0, High=on)
MSG 002	External control of output. Output off (F-94=1, Low=on)
MSG 003	F-93 is not zero. Unable to calibrate.
LOCK F-19	F-19 is zero. Unable to turn the output on.

LED Display Format

Use the following table to read the LED display messages.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	А	В	С	D
8	1	2	3	Ч	5	Б	7	8	9	8	Ь	E	ď
Е	F	G	Н	Ι	J	К	L	М	Ν	0	Р	Q	R
Ε	F					Ľ							
		Б	Н	Ē	រ		L	ñ	п	0	ρ	9	

Specifications

The specifications apply when the PSW is powered on for at least 30 minutes.

PSW 30-36, PSW 40-27, PSW 80-13.5, PSW 160-7.2, PSW 250-4.5, PSW 800-1.44

		PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW	PSW
Model	Unit	30-36	40-27	80-13.5	160-7.2	250-4.5	800-1.44
Rated Output Voltage	V	30	40	80	160	250	800
Rated Output Current	Α	36	27	13.5	7.2	4.5	1.44
Rated Output Power	W	360	360	360	360	360	360
Power Ratio		3	3	3	3.2	3.125	3.2
Constant Voltage Mode							
Line Regulation ^{*1}	mV	18	23	43	83	128	403
Load Regulation*2	mV	20	25	45	85	130	405
Ripple and Noise*3							
p-p*4	mV	60	60	60	60	80	150
r.m.s *5	mV	7	7	7	12	15	30
Temperature coefficient	ppm	100pp	om/°C	of rated o	output vo	ltage, af	ter a 30
·	/°C	minut	te warn	n-up.	•	•	
Remote sense							
compensation voltage	V	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	1	1
(single wire)							
Rise Time ^{*6}							
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150
No Load	ms	50	50	50	100	100	150
Fall Time ^{*7}							
Rated Load	ms	50	50	50	100	150	300
No Load	ms	500	500	500	1000	1200	2000
Transient response		1	1	1	2	2	2
time ^{*8}	ms	1	I	I	2	2	2
Constant Current Mode							
Line regulation ^{*1}	mA	41	32	18.5	12.2	9.5	6.44
Load regulation*9	mA	41	32	18.5	12.2	9.5	6.44
Ripple and noise							
r.m.s ^{*5}	mA	72	54	27	15	10	5
Temperature coefficient	nnm	200pr	m/°C	of rated of	nutnut ci	rrent of	ter a 30

Temperature coefficient ppm 200ppm/°C of rated output current, after a 30 /°C minute warm-up.

Protection Function							
Over voltage protection							
(OVP)							
Setting range	V	3-33	4-44	8-88	16-176	20-275	20-880
Setting accuracy			of rated	output			
Over current protection		())					
(OCP)							
Setting range		3.6-	2.7-	1.35-	0.72-	0.45-	0.144-
8 8 8	A	39.6	29.7	14.85	7.92	4.95	1.584
Setting accuracy		± (2%	of rated	output	current)		
Overheat(Over temperature)		`					
protection (OHP (OTP))							
Operation		Turn tł	ne outpu	ıt off.			
Low AC input protection (AC-							
FAIL)							
Operation		Turn tł	າe outpເ	ıt off.			
Power limit (POWER LIMIT)							
Operation		Over p	ower lin	nit.			
Value (fixed)		Approx	x. 105%	of rated	output p	ower	
Analog Programming and Mo	nito	oring					
External voltage control		Accura	icy and I	inearity:	±0.5% c	of rated o	output
output voltage		voltage					
External voltage control		Accura	icy and I	inearity:	±1% of	rated ou	tput
output current		curren					
External resistor control				inearity:	±1.5% c	of rated of	output
output voltage		voltage					
External resistor control			•	inearity:	±1.5% c	of rated of	output
output current		curren	t				
Output voltage monitor							
Accuracy	%	±l	±l	±1	±l	±2	±2
Output current monitor							
Accuracy	%	±l	±1	±l	±1	±2	±2
Shutdown control					wer off v	vith a LC	0V (0V
				ort-circui			
Output on/off control				selection			
					ng a LOV		
					e outpul		ig a
					open-ciro		
					ng a HIC		
					e output		ig a
CV/CC/ALM/PWR ON/OUT					hort-circi lector οι		avinaura
ON indicator					sink cu		
ON mulcator		vonage	= 50v, m	aniiiuiii	SIIK CUI	ient offi	

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Front Panel							
Display, 4 digits							
Voltage accuracy 0.1% +	тV	20	20	20	100	200	400
Current accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	40	30	20	5	5	2
Indications		GREEN	LED's:	CV, CC,	VSR, IS	R, DLY,	RMT,
		20, 40,	60, 80,	100, %\	V, W, V, A	4	
		RED LE	ED's: AL	.M			
Buttons					et, Test,	Lock/L	ocal,
			SPL, Oi				
Knobs		0	e, Currei				
USB port				nnector			
Programming and Measurem	ent (USB, LA	AN, GPI	B)			
Output voltage programming							
accuracy 0.1% +	тV	10	10	10	100	200	400
Output current programming					_	_	-
accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	30	20	10	5	5	2
Output voltage programming		_	_			_	
resolution	тV	1	1	2	3	5	14
Output current programming		_	_		_	_	_
resolution	mΑ		1	1	1	1	1
Output voltage measurement	.,					~~~	
accuracy 0.1% +	mV	10	10	10	100	200	400
Output current measurement		20	~ ~		-	_	
accuracy 0.1% +	mΑ	30	20	10	5	5	2
Output voltage measurement		-	-	2	2	-	
resolution	mV	1	1	2	3	5	14
Output current measurement			,	,	,		
resolution	mA	I	1	1	1	1	1
Efficiency	0/	77	70	70	70	70	80
100Vac	%	77	78	78	79	79	80
200Vac	%	79	80	80	81	81	82

 $^{\ast 1}$ At 85 \sim 132Vac or 170 \sim 265Vac, constant load.

^{*2} From No-load to Full-load, constant input voltage. Measured at the sensing point in Remote Sense.

*3 Measure with JEITA RC-9131B (1:1) probe

*4 Measurement frequency bandwidth is 10Hz to 20MHz.

*⁵ Measurement frequency bandwidth is 5Hz to 1MHz.

*6 From 10% to 90% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*7 From 90% to 10% of rated output voltage, with rated resistive load.

*8 Time for output voltage to recover within 0.1% + 10mV of its rated output for a load change from 50 to 100% of its rated output current.

^{*9} For load voltage change, equal to the unit voltage rating, constant input voltage.

PSW-720

Input Characteristics		
Nominal input rating		100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single phase
Input voltage range		85Vac ~ 265Vac
Input voltage range		47Hz ~ 63Hz
Maximum input current		
100Vac	А	10
200Vac	Α	5
Inrush current		Less than 50A.
Maximum input power	VA	1000
Power factor		
100Vac		0.99
200Vac		0.97
Hold-up time		20ms or greater
Interface Capabilities		
USB		TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.0,
		USB Class: CDC (Communications Device
		Class)
LAN		MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User
		Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrument IP Address, Subnet Mask
GPIB		Optional: GUG-001 (GPIB to USB Adapter)
Environmental Conditions		Optional. GOG-001 (GPIB to OSB Adapter)
Operating temperature		0°C to 50°C
Storage temperature		-25°C to 70°C
Operating humidity		20% to 85% RH; No condensation
Storage humidity		90% RH or less; No condensation
Altitude		Maximum 2000m
General Specifications		
Weight (main unit only)	kg	Approx. 5.4kg
Dimensions (W x H x D)		142 x 124 x 350
Cooling		Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC		Complies with the European EMC directive for
		Class A test and measurement products.
Safety		Complies with the European Low Voltage
		Directive and carries the CE-marking.
Withstand voltage		Between input and chassis: No abnormalities
-		at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
		Between input and output: No abnormalities
		at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.

	Between output and chassis: No abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V, 40, 80V, 160V models. No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance	Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
	Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
	Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V and 250V models. 1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V models.

PSW-1080

Input Characteristics		
Nominal input rating		100Vac to 240Vac, 50Hz to 60Hz, single phase
Input voltage range		85Vac ~ 265Vac
Input voltage range		47Hz ~ 63Hz
Maximum input current		
100Vac	А	15
200Vac	А	7.5
Inrush current		Less than 75A.
Maximum input power	VA	1500
Power factor		
100Vac		0.99
200Vac		0.97
Hold-up time		20ms or greater
Interface Capabilities		
USB		TypeA: Host, TypeB: Slave, Speed: 1.1/2.0, USB Class: CDC(Communications Device Class)
LAN		MAC Address, DNS IP Address, User
		Password, Gateway IP Address, Instrument IP
		Address, Subnet Mask
GPIB		Optional: GUG-001 (GPIB to USB Adapter)
Environmental Conditions		
Operating temperature		0°C to 50°C
Storage temperature		-25°C to 70°C
Operating humidity		20% to 85% RH; No condensation
Storage humidity		90% RH or less; No condensation
Altitude		Maximum 2000m

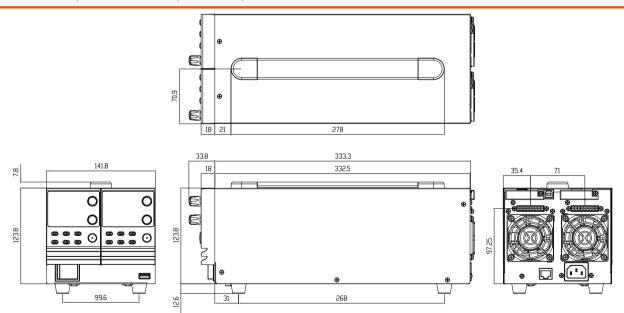
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General Specifications	
Weight (main unit only)	kg Approx. 7.7kg
Dimensions (W x H x D)	mm 214 x 124 x 350
Cooling	Forced air cooling by internal fan.
EMC	Complies with the European EMC directive for Class A test and measurement products.
Safety	Complies with the European Low Voltage Directive and carries the CE-marking.
Withstand voltage	Between input and chassis: No abnormalities at 1500 Vac for 1 minute.
	Between input and output: No abnormalities at 3000 Vac for 1 minute.
	Between output and chassis: No abnormalities at 500 Vdc for 1 minute for 30V, 40, 80V, 160V models.
	No abnormalities at 1500 Vdc for 1 minute for 250V, 800V models.
Insulation resistance	Between input and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more
	Between input and output: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or
	more
	Between output and chassis: 500 Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 30V, 40V, 80V, 160V and 250V models. 1000Vdc, 100M Ω or more for 800V
	models.

PSW-Multi Dimensions

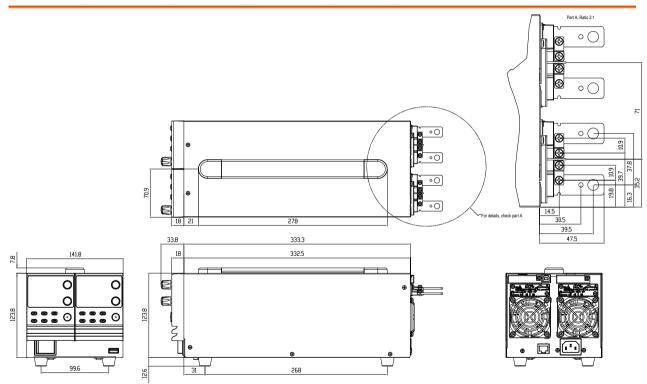
PSW-720

PSW 250-4.5/ PSW 800-1.44 (scale: mm)



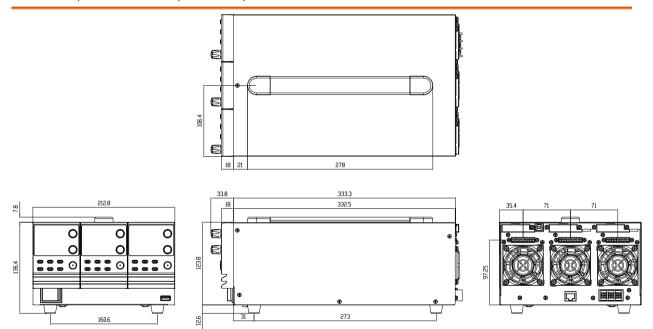
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PSW 160-7.2/ PSW 80-13.5/ PSW 40-27/ PSW 30-36 (scale: mm)



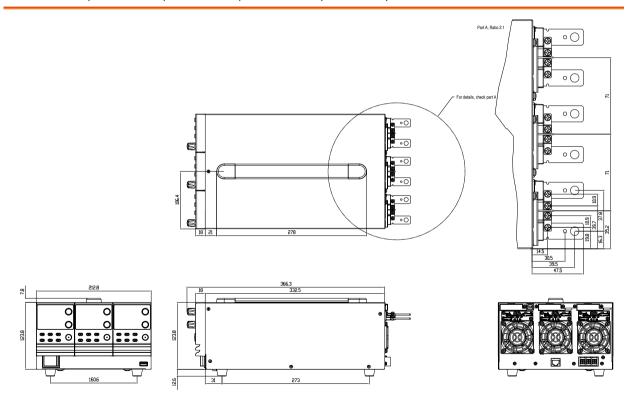
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PSW 250-9/ PSW 800-2.88 (scale: mm)



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PSW 160-14.4/ PSW 80-27/ PSW 40-54/ PSW 30-72 (scale: mm)



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The product is in conformity with the following standards or other normative documents:

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Current Harmonics EN 61000-3-2 / EN 61000-3-12		Surge Immunity EN 61000-4-5
Voltage Fluctuations EN 61000-3-3 / EN 61000-3-11		Conducted Susceptibility EN 61000-4-6
Electrostatic Discharge EN 61000-4-2		Power Frequency Magnetic Field EN 61000-4-8
Radiated Immunity EN 61000-4-3		Voltage Dip/ Interruption EN 61000-4-11 / EN 61000-4-34
◎ Safety		
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