



Where power meets precision

PX8000 Precision Power Scope The PX8000 brings together Yokogawa's world-leading expertise in power measurement with our long heritage in oscilloscope design to deliver a true test and measurement revolution: the world's first precision power scope.

With the launch of the PX8000, R&D professionals need no longer compromise on their need for high-accuracy time-based power measurement, a need that conventional power analyzers and oscilloscopes were never designed to meet.

As more and more innovation focuses on energy consumption and the integration of electronics into power-based systems, so more and more engineers are demanding accuracy and precision from their power measurement.

The PX8000 delivers:

Insight – Precision power measurement gives true insights into energy consumption and performance.

Confidence – Proven, high-quality production means the PX8000 can be relied upon to deliver over extended periods of time.

Familiarity – Users experience a short learning curve thanks to features familiar to anyone who's used to power measurements or oscilloscopes.



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Features and benefits

Transient power measurement and analysis



Simultaneous power calculation

The PX8000 provides simultaneous voltage and current multiplication to give real-time power sampling. This supports both transient measurement (as standard) and numerical values averaged across the sample period. The available measurement period will depend on the sample rate and the memory size.

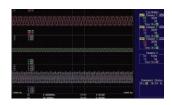


Cycle-by-cycle power trend measurement

Trend measurements between waveforms can be calculated by mathematical functions (up to four million points). The PX8000 provides graphical displays of voltage, current and power readings. The waveforms can be inspected for specific numerical values at any point and averages can be calculated between start and stop cursors.

Such capabilities are particularly important when analyzing and optimizing the performance of, for instance, lighting and electric motors at start-up.

The PX8000 has a number of innovative features that support the crucial measurement and analysis of transient power profiles.



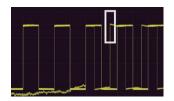
Specific time-period measurement

The PX8000 supports the capture of power waveforms over specific periods of time through the definition of start and stop "cursors." This is particularly useful for examining transient phenomena and in the design of periodically controlled equipment. To ensure that equipment such as photocopiers complies with energy standards, for instance, it is vital to measure power consumption across a range of different modes from "sleep" to full activity - and all the transient states in between.



X-Y display and phase analysis

For certain tasks it is important to be able to display values on an X-Y axis. Motors, for instance, are characterized by an ST-curve that shows the relationship between speed and torque. The PX8000 supports such displays as standard. It can also display lissajous waveforms of input and output for phase analysis.



Capturing sudden or irregular phenomena

Abnormal phenomena discovered during repeated high-frequency measurements can often be hard to isolate, disappearing from the screen almost as soon as they appear. The PX8000 has an always-active History function that automatically records up to 1,000 historical waveforms. These waveforms can be recalled and redisplayed at any time. They can also used to redefine trigger conditions.

Historical waveforms are explored via condition-based searches. Specific abnormal phenomena, for instance, can be located by searching only for waveforms that cross - or do not cross - a certain rectangular zone. Other search parameters include waveform amplitude and RMS.



Long-period data capture and analysis

The PX8000 comes with an accompanying PC application called PowerViewerPlus that can be used to capture waveform data for further analysis. This extends the ability of the PX8000 to use mathematical functions to analyze longer term performance.

PC connection is via standard Ethernet/USB/GP-IB connections. The user-friendly software displays waveforms in a simple and clear graphical style that will be familiar to users of Yokogawa's popular Xviewer software.

Researchers who want to use their own analysis software will be able to establish a connection to the PX8000 via the LabVIEW driver.



FFT analysis

The PX8000 features arithmetical. time-shift, FFT and other computations that enable users to display waveforms with offsets and skew corrections. Users can also define their own computations via equations that combine differentials, integrals, digital filters and a wealth of other functions.



Simultaneous harmonic measurement

The PX8000 makes it possible to simultaneously measure the harmonic components of voltage and current waves as well as the harmonic distortion factor. Harmonic measurements take place in parallel with conventional voltage and current measurement. Harmonics up to the 500th order of the fundamental can be measured.

The PX8000 in detail

PX8000



The PX8000 in detail

Display format selection:

Comprehensive range of display functions for power analysis, including numeric/waveform/ vector/bar/X-Y graphs.

Wiring selection:

Choose between different wiring, according to the relevant electricity system: single-phase, two- and three-wire (1P2W/1P3W/3P3W) and three-phase, three- and four-wire (3P3W/3P3W(3V3A)/3P4W) connectivity.

Acquire settings:

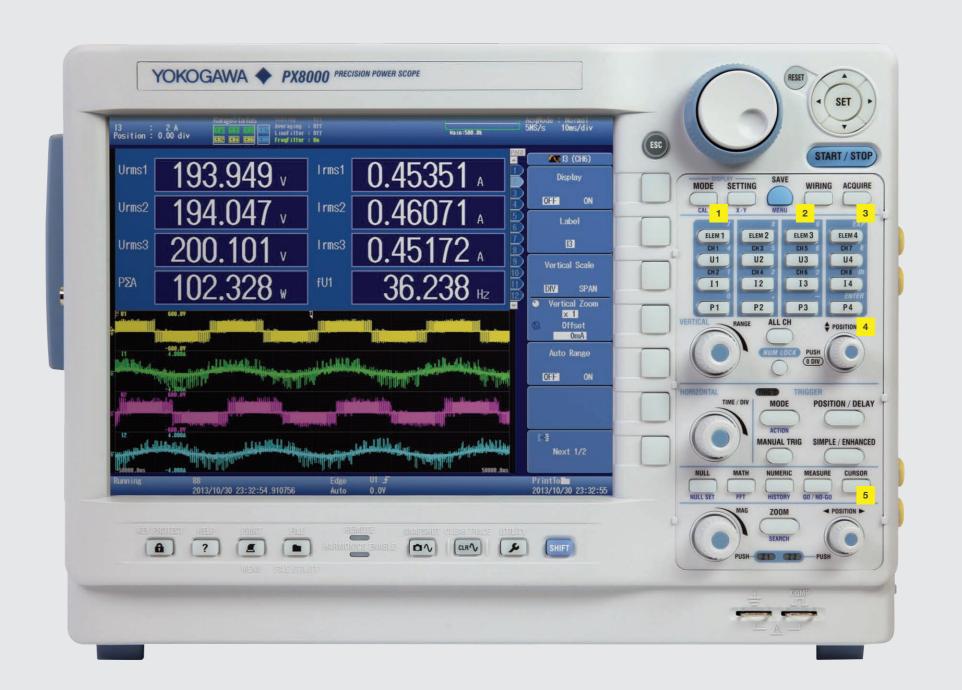
Memory size setting and History function for displaying and analyzing irregular waveform data. Sampling frequency is determined by memory size and time axis selections.

Module parameter settings:

Measurement parameters and options include voltage/current (direct/sensor) ranges, autoranging, offset, vertical zoom, filter, scaling and synchronized sources.

Power analysis settings:

Analytical functions include cycle-bycycle trend calculation, specific timeperiod measurement, and harmonic analysis and FFT analysis. There is a null setting for capturing sensor input conditions.



Modules PX8000

Modules



De-skewed measurement set-up

Sensors can introduce phase errors or skew between the current and voltage inputs. The 701936 de-skew kit enables this phase shift to be corrected automatically for each power measuring element individually.



Voltage module

12-bit sampling at up to 100MS/s
DC to 20MHz bandwidth (-3dB)
1.5V to 1000Vrms direct input
45Hz to 1kHz accuracy: 0.1% of reading, +0.1% of range

Current module

12-bit sampling at up to 100MS/s
DC to 10MHz bandwidth (-3dB, direct input)
DC to 20MHz bandwidth (-3dB, sensor voltage input)
10mA to 5Arms direct input
50mV to 10Vrms sensor input
45Hz to 1kHz accuracy: 0.1% of reading, +0.1% of range

Power measurement element includes voltage and current module (up to four modules).

Sensor and voltage measurement module (up to three modules can be installed) Auxiliary (AUX) module

12-bit sampling at up to 100MS/s
DC to 20MHz bandwidth (-3dB)
Up to 200V (DC+ACpeak) via direct input
Up to 1000V (DC+ACpeak) via probe input
Accuracy: 1% of range (DC)
Torque and speed sensor inputs
Pulse input from 2Hz to 1MHz

Safety and error-prevention features

To prevent incompatibilities, the PX8000 will detect miss-matched current and voltage modules and flag them with an on-screen warning message.

The PX8000 also comes with a range of standard dedicated input connectors designed to prevent incorrect or dangerous power connections. Using these connectors, it is not possible, for instance, to connect a current probe to a voltage input terminal.

A tie-wrap system prevents accidental current terminal disconnection.



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Connectivity



Long phenomena capture

The large internal memory of up to 100M Points enables long term measurements to be made at high and appropriate sample rates.

VIDEO OUT

Video signal output for enhanced display on analog RGB displays

GP-IB

General purpose interface bus

a IRIG

Synchronize multiple instruments via an external time source (optional)

4 EXT I/O

The PX8000 can be used to send a GO/NO-GO signal based on set conditions; equally external signals can be used to trigger measurement and analysis.

SD card slot

SD- and SDHC-compliant

USB-PC

Enables control from a PC

7 USE

For connection to a range of peripherals including storage, keyboard and mouse

8 Ethernet

1000BASE-T comes as standard

9 TRIGGER IN

External trigger input

10 TRIGGER OUT

External trigger output

11 EXT CLK IN

Sampling can be timed to an external signal (up to 9.5 MHz)

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Power meets precision

R&D teams everywhere are coming to terms with the need for new levels of precision in power measurement. With pervasive microprocessor control and on-going pressure to reduce energy consumption, the lines between electrical and electronic engineering continue to blur – and the need for a new class of hybrid measurement is emerging.

Traditional power measurement instruments cannot provide accurate time measurements; oscilloscopes are not designed to measure power. The PX8000 is the world's first precision power scope, bringing oscilloscope-style time-based measurement to the world of power measurement.

The PX8000's time-based accuracy brings a new dimension to power analysis. It can capture voltage and current waveforms precisely, opening up applications and solutions for a huge variety of emerging power measurement problems.

Focus on precision

The PX8000 brings high-precision waveform capabilities to power measurement. Among the features unique to the PX8000 are:

Multifunction snapshots

Up to 16 different waveforms – including voltage, current and power – can be displayed side-by-side, giving engineers instant snapshots of performance.

Detailed transient analysis

The PX8000 supports the measurement of all power waveform parameters between precisely defined start and stop cursors.

Trend calculation

The PX8000 has built-in functions for the direct calculation of variables, such as root mean square (RMS) and mean power values, to enable the identification of cycle-by-cycle trends.

De-skew compensation

The Yokogawa power analyzer series

The PX8000 is the new flagship product for Yokogawa's range of industry-proven power analyzers. Yokogawa's first power measurement instrument was designed back in the 1960s, and its power analyzers have played an important role in sustainable industrial development ever since.

isoPRO. – pioneering measurement technology



The PX8000 is powered by Yokogawa's isoPRO_technology, which offers industry-leading isolation performance at the highest speeds. isoPRO core technology, designed with energy-saving applications in mind, delivers the performance needed to develop high-efficiency inverters that operate at high voltages, large currents and high frequency.

9 Focus on power

Innovators everywhere are focusing on key questions that can only be answered by measuring power precisely.

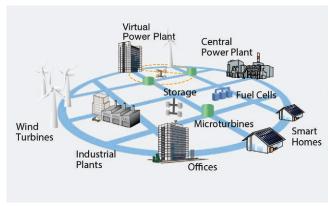
How can we minimize energy loss? How can we boost performance? How can we efficiently use renewable energy sources?



Inverter performance and efficiency



Photovoltaic cells for solar power



Smart grid solutions



Electric/hybrid vehicles



Wireless power charging

Applications

The PX8000 is an immensely versatile instrument, unlocking precision power measurement capabilities for researchers working on everything from renewable power to advanced robotics. Anywhere that power consumption is at a premium – which means almost anywhere power is consumed – can benefit from the introduction of the PX8000's precision measurement and analysis capabilities.

The following pages cover some typical applications for the PX8000. For help in designing your own measurement strategy, please contact your usual Yokogawa representative.









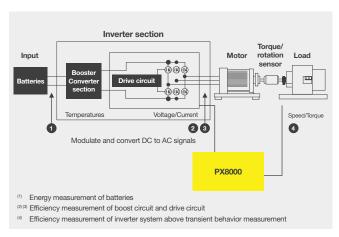


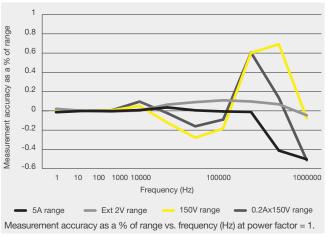
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Inverter and motor testing

Overview

Electric and hybrid vehicles have many electrical and mechanical components, and overall performance evaluation requires measuring the efficiency of both. The PX8000's flexibility, accuracy and wide bandwidth make it ideal for drawing together the range of power readings needed to optimize the efficiency of boost circuits and inverters – two key elements in overall electric vehicle performance.





The PX8000 advantage

Wide bandwidth

The vertical resolution of analog/digital conversion is one of the most important factors in precision measurement. The PX8000 has 12-bit resolution with 100MS/s sampling and 20MHz bandwidth. This means the PX8000 can be used for accurate measurement of inverter pulse shapes, which can then be used to fine-tune inverter efficiency.

Transient measurement by cycle-by-cycle trend

The PX8000's ability to analyze cycle-by-cycle trends makes it ideal for the measurement of transient effects. During the start-up phase of an inverter and motor, for example, current increases can be analyzed in each cycle. And when the load changes rapidly, the engineers can gain insights that will enable them to improve the control of the inverter.

Harmonic and FFT analysis

The PX8000 has both harmonic and FFT measurement capabilities for frequency-based analysis. The Harmonic function can measure fundamental waveforms from 20Hz to 6.4kHz. This is particularly useful for analyzing higher harmonic component and causes of noise in electromechanical systems.

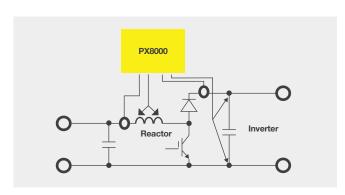
Offset cancels by individual NULL function

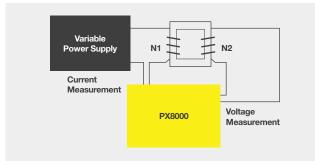
A common problem when testing inverter motors is the presence of ambient noise that can mean test values are nonzero even before testing begins. The PX8000's offset capabilities mean such effects can be nullified and specific inputs can be isolated for testing and analysis.

Reactor loss measurement of inverter boost circuits

Overview

A reactor is used to filter out noise and boost voltage levels prior to the use of an inverter. It consists of an electromagnetic material core and a coil. A main focus for electrical engineers is to reduce power loss across the total inverter system, and reactor performance is of particular interest. There are two potential evaluation methods: direct loss measurement of the reactor and iron loss measurement. The PX8000 supports either methodology because it can accommodate both high frequency measurement and low-power-factor conditions.





The PX8000 advantage

Low-power-factor measurement

Higher sampling rates and broad bandwidth make the PX8000 particularly useful for testing devices, such as transformers and reactors, that have lower power factors. It is particularly important to measure the precise power consumption of such devices at high frequency.

De-skew functionality

To analyze power consumption in low-power-factor devices it is particularly important to minimize any time differences between voltage and current caused by sensor input characteristics. The PX8000 provides precise de-skew adjustment to compensate for this time difference.

Core loss measurement under high frequency

Analyzing reactor core loss is an example of how the PX8000's user-defined functions can be utilized to provide an instant analysis of system performance.

In this example, core loss is calculated based on primary coil current and secondary coil voltage (using readings from an Epstein device), while magnetic flux density (B) and magnetic field (H) are calculated by factoring in input frequency, cross-sectional area and other parameters. All values can be displayed directly by the PX8000.

Measurement items specified using user-defined function as follows:

Core loss = Power value (W) x
$$\frac{N1}{N2}$$

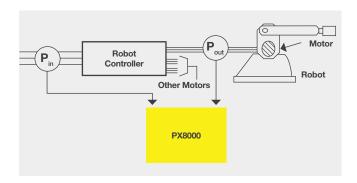
Transient responses of industrial robots

Overview

To evaluate motor-driven robots, power consumption of all motors and controllers are measured throughout all operational speeds and action patterns. Design engineers need to measure inrush voltage, current and power over the pattern of repeated actions. Efficiency is calculated by comparing mechanical output with input power.

During actual operating conditions, the time to accelerate and decelerate such motors can range from several hundred milliseconds to several seconds. As a PWM-driven motor rotates from the reset position to the top speed, the drive frequency changes from DC to several hundred Hz.

The PX8000 gives design engineers insight into power consumption and efficiency throughout a robot's operational performance.



The PX8000 advantage

Specific time-period analysis

The PX8000 supports the measurement of waveform data between specific Start/Stop cursors. Combined with its multi-channel capabilities and its Long memory and History functions, this makes the PX8000 particularly useful in rating a robot's operational power consumption.

Efficiency measurement of boosters, inverters and motors

A single PX8000 unit can measure both the input/ output power of inverters and the mechanical output of a motor. By installing three power units and one AUX module, the PX8000 can be configured to provide an instantaneous measure of component efficiency.

Transient measurement by trend computation

With its instantaneous power calculations, the PX8000 is ideal for evaluating and optimizing transient effects. Its cycle-by-cycle trend analysis provides further insights into this crucial area of robotics engineering.

Longer time-period measurement

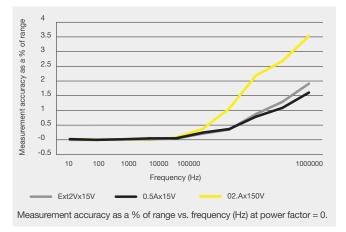
To analyze some robotic operations, it may be necessary to perform cycle-by-cycle trend analysis over a long period of time. The PowerViewerPlus software extends this mathematical capability to enable deep insights to be obtained from the data.

Wireless charger efficiency measurement

Overview

The development of wireless charging technology for mobile devices like smartphones and tablet devices is a focus for research. Automotive manufacturers are looking into the possibilities of charging electric vehicles wirelessly too.

Wireless charging depends on two electromagnetic coils being configured to support particular frequency profiles. Efficient power transfer and the prevention of power loss are naturally particularly important. The PX8000 is ideally suited for measuring such systems because of its ability to operate at high frequencies and low power factors.



The PX8000 advantage

Wireless charger efficiency evaluation

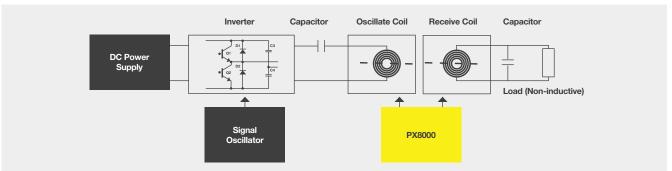
To evaluate the efficiency of wireless transfer (including inverters), at least three power measurement elements are required. The PX8000, with its four input channels, can analyze the performance of the whole system simultaneously.

Low-power-factor device measurement

The PX8000's higher sampling rates and broad bandwidth make it ideally suited for wireless power transfer systems. (The PX8000 supports 12-bit resolution, sample rates of up to 100MS/s and a 20MHz bandwidth.) Crucially, this means the PX8000 supports the measurement of low-power-factor systems operating at very high frequencies.

De-skew functionality

Because the PX8000 provides a de-skew function, differences between voltage and current that are introduced by sensor and input characteristics can be compensated for and therefore eliminated from the analysis of low-power-factor systems.



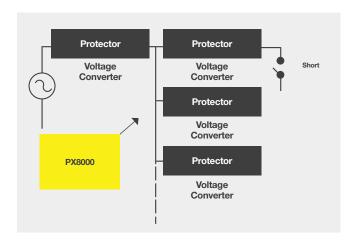
Power distribution

Overview

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Power distribution systems have to maintain constant voltage and constant power during load switching or in the case of a short circuit. Distribution protectors or circuit breakers for three-phase electricity systems must therefore be tested at transient voltage and power levels.

The PX8000 can capture fluctuating voltage and current waveform, calculate power parameters (including voltage and current values), determine an average over a specified period and display all values.



The PX8000 advantage

Simultaneous three-phase data capture

To evaluate three-phase electrical systems, at least three power measurement inputs are required. The PX8000 not only has four inputs but also enables the simultaneous capture and display of voltage and current across all three phases.

Specific time-period measurement

For a true evaluation of distribution protection, it is necessary to measure a full cycle of voltage, current and power values half a cycle after the recovery from a short circuit. The PX8000 can easily be set up to focus on such a specific period.

Harmonic and FFT analysis

The PX8000 has capabilities for both harmonic measurement and FFT for frequency analysis. The harmonic function can measure fundamental frequencies from 20Hz to 6.4kHz, and FFT has 1k to 100k points calculation across up to two channels. Such measurements are vital for identifying harmonic currents and identifying sources of noise.

Shape	Plug in input module style
Module structure	Voltage module, Current module and Auxiliary (AUX) module
Wodule Structure	Power measurement element: one Voltage module and one Current module
	Max 8 modules (max 4 power measurement elements) can be installed
	AUX module can be installed max 3 (at least one power measurement
	elements should be installed)
Max. channel number	8 ch, combination of Voltage/Current modules and AUX module
Max. record length	Standard 10 M points for each voltage and current regardless installed modu
	number
	The memory cannot combined, each memory of module is individual.
	50 M points for voltage and current regardless of the installed channel numb
	of module when/M1 option is installed
	100 M points for voltage and current regardless of the installed channel
	number of module when/M2 option is installed
Itage/Current input modules (760811/760812) Specifications
Input terminal type	Voltage: Plug-in terminal (female)
	Current: Direct input: Plug-in terminal (male)
	External current sensor input: isolated BNC
Input format	Voltage: Floating input, resistive voltage divider
	Current: Floating input through shunt
Measurement range	Voltage: 1.5/3/6/10/15/30/60/100/150/300/600/1000 Vrms
Weasurement range	(crest factor=2 at rated range input)
	Current: Direct input (5 A)
	10 m/20 m/50 m/100 m/200 m/500 m/1/2/5 Arms (Crest factor=2 at rated
	range input)
	Current: External current sensor input
	50 m/100 m/200 m/500 m/1/2/5/10 Vrms (Crest factor=2)
Line filter	Select from OFF, 500 Hz, 2 kHz, 20 kHz, and 1 MHz.
Frequency filter	Select from OFF, 100 Hz, 500 Hz, 2 kHz and 20 kHz.
A/D converter May comple rate	Resolution: 12 bit
Max sample rate	Conversion ratio (sampling period): Approx. 10 ns. (100 MS/s) For harmonic measurement, please refer to harmonic function.
xiliary (AUX) module (760851)	•
Number of input channels	2, switchable analog or pulse input
Input coupling	AC, DC, or GND
Input format	Isolated unbalanced
Frequency characteristics	DC to 20 MHz (-3 dB point when sine wave of amplitude +/-3 div is applied)
Voltage-axis sensitivity setting	50 mV to 100 V (1-2-5 steps) (when using 1: 1 probe attenuation)
A/D conversion resolution	12 bit
Temperature coefficient	+/- (0.1 of range)/degree (typical)
Bandwidth limit	Select from OFF, 2 MHz, 1.28 MHz, 640 kHz, 320 kHz, 160 kHz, 80 kHz,
	40 kHz, 20 kHz, and 10 kHz
	Cut-off characteristics: -18 dB/OCT (when 2 MHz, Typical)
Accuracy	DC: +/- 0.5% of range (typical)
	* Measured under the standard operating conditions
Frequency measurement range	2 Hz to 1 MHz, displaying range: 1.8 Hz to 2 MHz
Pulse width	500 ns or wider
Accuracy	+/- (0.05% of reading) +/- 1 count error(10 ns)
,	+/- (0.00% of reading) +/- 1 count entor(10 hs)
gger Function	
Trigger mode	Auto, Auto Level, Normal, Single, N Single, or On Start
nple Trigger	
Trigger source	Un, In, Pn, AUXn, EXT, LINE, or Time n = channel number
Time Trigger	Date (year, month, and day), time (hour and minute), and time interval (10
33	seconds to 24 hours)
hanced trigger	
	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or EXT
Trigger source	A → B(N): A Delay B: Edge on A: AND: OR: B>Time: B <time: b="" out:<="" td="" time=""></time:>
Trigger source Trigger type	
	B Between: Period: T>Time T <time: t1<t<t2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" wave="" window<=""></time:>
Trigger type ne Base	
Trigger type	B Between: Period: T>Time T <time: (1-2-5="" 1="" 10="" 100="" 2="" 20="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 8="" and="" div="" div,="" div<="" min="" ns="" s="" setting:="" step),="" t1<t<t2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" time="" to="" wave="" window=""></time:>
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Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div"	B Between: Period: Ts-Time Ts-Time: Tt-Tis-T2: Ts-T1, Ts-T2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display	B Between: Period: Ts-Time T <time: (1-2-5="" 1="" 10="" 10.4="" 100="" 1200="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 8="" and="" display<="" div="" div,="" inch="" lcd="" min="" ns="" observation="" s="" setting:="" step),="" t1<t<2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" wave="" window=""></time:>
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size	B Between: Period: Ts-Time T <time: (1-2-5="" 1="" 10="" 10.4="" 100="" 1200="" 157.8="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 210.4="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 8="" and="" display="" div="" div,="" inch="" lcd="" min="" mm="" mm<="" ns="" observation="" s="" setting:="" step),="" t1<t<2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" wave="" window="" ×=""></time:>
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTs2. TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size	B Between: Period: Ts-Time T <time: (1-2-5="" 1="" 10="" 10.4="" 100="" 1200="" 157.8="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 210.4="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 8="" and="" display="" div="" div,="" inch="" lcd="" min="" mm="" mm<="" ns="" observation="" s="" setting:="" step),="" t1<t<2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" wave="" window="" ×=""></time:>
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTat2: TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display)
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTs2. TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz: TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm × 157.8 mm 1024 × 768 KGA 801 × 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: Ts-Time T <time: (1-2-5="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.24="" 10.4="" 100="" 1200="" 157.8="" 16="" 16<="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 210.4="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" all="" and="" be="" can="" combination:="" custom="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" list="" matrix="" max="" min="" mm="" ns="" numerio="" observation="" of="" s="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t1<t<t2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" types="" wave="" window="" x="" xga=""></time:>
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTzT2: TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad
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Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTzT2: TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/1/2/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area)
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Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" splay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTzT2: TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/1/2/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area)
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Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numerio 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999).
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions	B Between: Period: Ts-Time T <time: (1-2-5="" (divided="" (waveform="" 1="" 10="" 10.4="" 100="" 1024="" 12="" 1200="" 157.8="" 16="" 1us="" 2="" 20="" 210.4="" 3="" 30="" 4="" 5="" 6="" 656="" 768="" 8="" 801="" all="" and="" area)="" bar="" be="" can="" cidivided="" combination:="" custom="" depends="" display="" display)="" displayed="" div="" div,="" dual="" fft1="" fft2="" format="" inch="" items="" lcd="" length<="" list="" lower="" matrix="" max="" min="" mm="" ns="" numeric="" observation="" of="" on="" record="" s="" setting="" setting:="" single="" step),="" t1<t<2:="" t<t1,="" t<t2:="" td="" tft="" time="" time:="" to="" triad="" types="" vector="" wave="" window="" x="" xga=""></time:>
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numerio 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999).
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Siplay Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Number of displayed items	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numerio 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999).
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Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Number of displayed items aveform Display	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/4/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad PFT12 (divided lower display area) TFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999). Select from 4, 8, 16, Matrix, All, Single List, Dual List, and Custom Maximum 16 waveforms Voltage, current and power of Element 1 Voltage, current and power of Element 2 (or AUX3 and AUX4 of Element 2)
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Number of displayed items aveform Display	B Between: Period: Ts-Time Ts-Time: Tt-Tt-T2: Ts-T1, Ts-T2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Disservation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numerio 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) XY1 and XY2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999). Select from 4, 8, 16, Matrix, All, Single List, Dual List, and Custom Maximum 16 waveforms Voltage, current and power of Element 1 Voltage, current and power of Element 2 (or AUX3 and AUX4 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 3 (or AUX5 and AUX6 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 3 (or AUX5 and AUX6 of Element 2)
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Number of displayed items aveform Display	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTat2: X=T1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual ZOOM1 and ZOOM2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999). Select from 4, 8, 16, Matrix, All, Single List, Dual List, and Custom Maximum 16 waveforms Voltage, current and power of Element 1 Voltage, current and power of Element 2 (or AUX3 and AUX4 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 3 (or AUX5 and AUX6 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 1 (or AUX7 and AUX8 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 1 (or AUX7 and AUX8 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 1 (or AUX7 and AUX8 of Element 4)
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Displaying format Displaying the merical Display Max digit of numeric display Max digit of numeric display Displaying items aveform Display Displaying items	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz TzTz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 items/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/1/2/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Du
Trigger type me Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Display update merical Display Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Number of displayed items aveform Display Displaying items	B Between: Period: TsTime TsTime: TtsTz Tz TsT1, TsT2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 litems/ 16 items/Matrix/Ali/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/23/4/6/8/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Triad Vector Single/Dual/Civided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) FFT1 and FFT2 (divided lower display area) Depends on setting of observation time and record length Please refer to Measurement function Selected full 5 digits (displaying 99999), or 6 digits (999999). Select from 4, 8, 16, Matrix, All, Single List, Dual List, and Custom Maximum 16 waveforms Voltage, current and power of Element 1 Voltage, current and power of Element 2 (or AUX3 and AUX4 of Element 2) Voltage, current and power of Element 3 (or AUX5 and AUX6 of Element 3) Voltage, current and power of Element 1 to MATH 8
Trigger type ne Base Time axis setting (Observation time) "Time/div" Display Available displaying size Number of dots Waveform displaying dot size Displaying format Displaying format Displaying functions Max digit of numeric display Displaying times aveform Display Displaying items	B Between: Period: Ts-Time Ts-Time: Tt-Tt-T2: Ts-T1, Ts-T2: Wave Window Time/div setting: 100 ns/div to 1 s/div (1-2-5 step), 2 s/div, 3 s/div, 4 s/div, 5 s/div, 6 s/div, 8 s/div, 10 s/div, 20 s/div, 30 s/div, 1 min/div and 2 min/div Observation time: 1us to 1200 s 10.4 inch TFT LCD display 210.4 mm x 157.8 mm 1024 x 768 XGA 801 x 656 (Waveform Display) Combination: Max 2 types of format can be displayed Numeric 4 items/ 8 litems/ 16 items/Matrix/All/Single List/Dual List/Custom Wave 1/2/3/4/6/3/12/16 Bar Single/Dual/Triad Vector Sing

Zoom Display Zoom	Expand the displayed waveform along with the time axis (up to 2 separate		
FT Display	locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled.		
FFT K-Y display	Power speculum of input waveform, Max. two windows		
X-Y Display	The X and Y axes can be selected from Un/ln/Pn/AUXn, MATHn (Max. four traces, two windows)		
Measurement Function and Con	nditions		
Crest Factor	Up to 200 (effective minimum input). Up to 2 (rated input) CfU: Voltage crest factor, CfI: Current crest factor		
Measurement period	Measurement period to calculate numerical values - Period of measurement update cycle based on zero crossing or external gate signal source signal		
Wiring method	 8192 points from specified by start cursor for harmonic measurement 1P2W (Single phase 2 wire), 1P3W (Single phase 3 wire), 3P3W (3 phase 3 		
Scaling	wire), 3V3A (3 phase 3 wire, 3 power meter method), 3P4W (3 phase 4 wire) 0.0001 to 99999.9999 can be set for scaling of VT ratio, CT ratio and power ratio when external current sensor, VT or CT are used for the input		
	Linear scaling function is available for AUX module (760851)		
requency measurement Number of displayed digits	Full 5 digits (99999)		
Max frequency	5.0000 MHz		
Accuracy	+/- 0.1 of reading		
Frequency Measurement filter Harmonics measurement	Same as Zero-cross filter (OFF/100 Hz/500 Hz/2 kHz/20 kHz)		
Method	PLL synchronization method (not available for external sampling clock function		
Frequency range	The range for the fundamental frequency of the PLL source is 20 Hz to 6.4 kHz, and sampling frequency is more than 2 MS/s. Time/div is 2 ms/div or higher. ACQ Time Base is set to Int		
FFT data length	8192, the analysis (calculation) start point can be set freely in the acquisition memory data		
Window function	Rectangular		
Sample rages, window width and upper limits of harmonic	Fundamental freq. Sample rate Window width Upper limit of harmonics 20Hz to 600Hz f \times 1024 8 cycles 500 order		
analysis	600 Hz to 1200 Hz f x 512 16 cycles 255 order 1200 Hz to 2600 Hz f x 256 32 cycles 100 order 2600 Hz to 6400 Hz f x 128 64 cycles 50 order		
Accuracy	5: unit kHz Line filter OFF Add below expression to normal measurement Voltage & current: (0.001 × f + 0.001 × n) % of reading + 0.1% of range		
M	Power: $(0.002 \times f + 0.002 \times n)$ % of reading + 0.2% of range		
Naveform data acquisition and Acquisition mode	Normal: Normal waveform data acquisition		
	Envelop: The peak values are held at the maximum sample rate regardless of the Time/div setting. Averaging: The number of times to average can be set to 2 to 65536 in 2 n steps.		
Zoom	Expand the displayed waveform along with the time axis (up to 2 separate locations). The zoom position can be automatically scrolled.		
Display format	1/2/3/4/6/8/12, and 16 analog waveforms windows		
Snapshot	The currently displayed waveforms can be retained on the screen. Snapshot waveforms can be saved and loaded.		
Time base /ertical and Horizontal Control	An External Clock input is available. Please refer to Time setting		
Channel ON/OFF	Un, In, Pn, AUXn or MATHn can be turned ON and OFF separately		
Vertical axis zooming	× 0.1 to × 100 Can be set the scale using upper and lower limits or switch between different scales		
Roll Mode	Roll mode is enabled automatically when the trigger mode is set to Auto, Auto Level, Single, or On Start, and the time axis setting is greater than or equal to 100 ms/div.		
Analysis Functions			
Power value calculation	Calculate Voltage, Current. Power, Delta parameters, frequency and AUX values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar		
Power value calculation	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values		
	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar aciculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstt, Burst2, AvgFerq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int2TY, Int2TY, Int1NY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent)		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burst1, Burst2, AvgFreq,		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstt, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int2TXY, Int1XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent)		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burst, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int1XY, (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period.		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstf, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int1XY, (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2XYY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH)	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar calculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fall, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstt, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgFeriod, int1TV, int2TV, intXV, int1tXV (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2TXV (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH to MATHB, Max, 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter +, -, *, /, SHIFT, ABS, SQRT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATA PH, DIF, DDIF, INTOS, BIN, SOR, CUBE, FI, F2, PV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLL, PWX, DUTYH, DUTYL, FILTT, FILT2, HLBT, MEAN, LS, PS, PSD, CS, TF, CH, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, HH, LL, XX and ZC Max, 20 expressions, F1 to F20		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH)	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstt, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int1XY, Int1XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH6, Max. 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter -, *,*,*, SHIFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAN PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, BIN, SQR, CUBE, Pt, P2, PV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLL, PWXL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, EILT1, RILT2, HLBT, MEAN, LS, PS, PSD, CS, TF, CH, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, -HH, -LL, -XX and ZC Max, 20 expressions, F1 to F20 *, *,*,*,* ABS, SQRT, LOG, EXP and NEG Compensate the phase different between power voltage and current module		
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Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH) User defined computation (numeric) Desckew function	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstt, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int1XY, Int1XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2XY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH6, Max. 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter -, *,*,*, SHIFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAN PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, BIN, SQR, CUBE, Pt, P2, PV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLL, PWXL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, EILT1, RILT2, HLBT, MEAN, LS, PS, PSD, CS, TF, CH, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, -HH, -LL, -XX and ZC Max, 20 expressions, F1 to F20 *, *,*,*,* ABS, SQRT, LOG, EXP and NEG Compensate the phase different between power voltage and current module		
Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH) User defined computation (numeric) Desckew function GO/NO-GO determination File Functions Save	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burst1, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int2XY, Int1hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2TXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH8, Max. 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter +, -, *, *, SHIFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAP PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, INTG, BIN, SOR, CUBE, PI, PE, PV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLL, PWLL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, FILTT, FILT2, HIZ, FILET, MEAN, LS-PS, PSD-, CS-, TF-, CH+, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, -HH, -LL, -XX and ZC Max. 20 expressions, F1 to F20 -, -, *, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP and NEG Compensate the phase different between power voltage and current module for power measurement element The following two types of GO/NO-GO determination are available Setup data, Waveform data (including History data), Numeric data and Image data can be saved external media.		
Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH) User defined computation (numeric) Desckew function GO/NO-GO determination	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burstf, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, Int1TV, Int2TV, Int1XV, Int1XV, (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int12XV (IntegPower/IntegOurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH6, Max. 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter +, -, *, /, SHIFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAP PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, BIN, SOR, CUBE, FI, F2, FV, PWHH, PWHL PWLL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTY, EILT, FILTZ, HLBT, MEAN, LS, PS, -RSD, CS, TF-, CH, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, -HH, -LL, -XX and ZC Max. 20 expressions, F1 to F20 +, -, *, /, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP and NEG Compensate the phase different between power voltage and current module for power measurement element The following two types of GO/NO-GO determination are available Setup data, Waveform data (including History data), Numeric data and Image		
Power value calculation Automated measurement of Waveform parameters Statistic processing Cyclic statistical processing User defined computation (MATH) User defined computation (numeric) Desckew function GO/NO-GO determination File Functions Save Load	values from captured waveforms Apparent power, reactive power and power factor and those Sigma values ar adiculated from the Voltage, Current and Power values Up to 24 items can be displayed P-P, Amp, Max, Min, High, Low, Avg, Mid, Rms, Sdev, +OvrShoot, -OvrShoot, Rise, Fail, Freq, Period, +Width, -Width, Duty, Pulse,Burst1, Burst2, AvgFreq, AvgPeriod, IntTY, Int2TY, Int1XY, Int2XY, Int1hXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Int2TXY (IntegPower/IntegCurrent) Application items: Automated measurement values of waveform parameters Statistical items: Max, Min, Avg, Sdv, and Cnt Automatically measured the waveform parameters of the data in the acquisition memory and performs statistical processing on the parameters once per period. Max 8 expressions for waveforms MATH1 to MATH8, Max. 4 Mpoint, regardin Digital filter +, -, *, *, SHIFT, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP, NEG, SIN, COS, TAN, ATAP PH, DIF, DDIF, INTG, INTG, BIN, SOR, CUBE, PI, PE, PV, PWHH, PWHL, PWLL, PWLL, PWXX, DUTYH, DUTYL, FILTT, FILT2, HIZ, FILET, MEAN, LS-PS, PSD-, CS-, TF-, CH+, MAG, LOGMAG, PHASE, REAL, IMAG, TREND, TRENDM, TRENDD, TRENDF, -HH, -LL, -XX and ZC Max. 20 expressions, F1 to F20 -, -, *, ABS, SORT, LOG, EXP and NEG Compensate the phase different between power voltage and current module for power measurement element The following two types of GO/NO-GO determination are available Setup data, Waveform data (including History data), Numeric data and Image data can be saved external media.		

Computed points	1 k, 2 k, 5 k, 10 k, 20 k, 50 k, or 100 k
Time windows	Rect, Hamming, Hanning, Flattop, or Exponential
uilt-in Printer (B5 Option)	
Print system	Thermal line dot system
Sheet width	112 mm
torage Functions	
D Card	
Number of slot	1
Max. capacity	16 GB
Supported cards	SD and SDHC compliant memory card
ISB Ports for Peripherals	
Compatible USB storage devices	Mass storage devices that are compliant with USB Mass Storage Class Ve
ISB Peripheral Interface	
Number of ports	2
Electrical and mechanical	USB Rev. 2.0 compliant
specifications	
Supported transfer mode	HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps), FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps), and LS Low Speed, 15 Mbps)
nput/Output	1.5 Mbps)
XT TRIG IN	
Connector type	BNC
Input level	TTL
Minimum pulse width	100 ns
XT TRG OUT	
Connector type	BNC
Output level	5 V CMOS
Logic	Low when a trigger occurs and high after acquisition is completed
XT CLK IN	
Connector type	BNC
Input level	TTL
Minimum pulse width	50 ns
ideo Signal Output	
Connector type	D-Sub 15 pin receptacle
Output format	Analog RGB
Output resolution	XGA-compliant output 1024 × 768 dots
O/NO-GO Determination I/O	Approx. 60 Hz Vsync (dot clock frequency: 66 MHz)
	DLH modular inch
Connector type	RJ-11 modular jack TTL or contact
Input level	TTL or contact
Connector type	RJ-11 modular jack
Connector type Input level	TTL or contact
Comp Output	TE of contact
Output signal frequency	1 kHz +/- 1%
Output amplitude	1 Vp-p +/- 10%
robe Power Output (/P4 Opti	
Number of output terminals	4
Output voltage	+/- 12 Vdc
Output current	Total max. of 1 A
ime Sync Signal Input (IRIG: /	
Input connector	BNC
Supported IRIG signals	A002, B002, A132, and B122
Input impedance	Can be switch between 50 Ohm and 5 kOhm
Maximum input voltage	+/- 8 V
iP-IB	
Connector type	24-pin connector
	Complies with IEEE St'd 488-1978 (JIS C 1901-1987)
Electrical specification	
Electrical specification Functional specification	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0
Functional specification Protocol	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0
Functional specification Protocol	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0
Functional specification Protocol thernet	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE Std 488.2-1992
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T)
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SSB Connector type Electrical and mechanical	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethemet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 20 compilant
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 20 compilant
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode sisplaying Items tumerical Values	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode isiplaying Items umerical Values Normal	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module)
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode sisplaying Items tumerical Values	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode Isisplaying Items Iumerical Values Normal	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Idc: simple ave
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode lisplaying Items umerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Urm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value, Idc: AC component
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode Itisplaying Items Itumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umrx rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Umrx; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: Irms: true rms value, Imrx rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irmrx, rectified mean value, Idc: AC component P
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode Ibisplaying Items Itumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Urm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, idc: simple average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value, lac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms x Irms, Irms.
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode sisplaying Items Imprecial Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Imn: rectified mean value, Idc: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irm or Umn × Irms
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode sisplaying Items umerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value, Iac: AC component Irms: true rms value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irmr; rectified mean value, Iac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irm or Umn × Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode bisplaying Items Iumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, ldc: sim average value, Irm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, ldc: sim average value, irm; rectified mean value, lac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irm or Urnn × Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3) Lambda (P/S)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode bisplaying Items Iumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg)	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: simple average value, Imn: rectified mean value, Iac: AC component Irms: true rms value, Imn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irmr; rectified mean value, Iac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irm or Umn × Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode Displaying Items Iumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (VA) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg) Itheret	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Urms: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Irms; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irms; rectified mean value, lac: AC component Fms: true rms value, Irms; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irms; rectified mean value, Iac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irms, Udc x Idc, Urmn x Irmn or Umn x Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3) Lambda (P/S) Phi (cos ° P/S)
Functional specification Protocol thernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols SB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode isplaying Items Imperical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg) igma Items International Systems International System	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umn: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urmn; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm: rectified mean value, Iac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irmn or Umn × Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3) Lambda (P/S) Phi (cos ³ P/S)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode bisplaying Items Iumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compliant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Umrx: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Imrx: rectified mean value calibrated rms value, idc: simple average value, Imrx: rectified mean value, lac: AC component rms: true rms value, Imrx: rectified mean value, lac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms × Irms, Umn × Irm, Udc × Idc, Urmn × Irmn or Umn × Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3) Lambda (P/S) Phi (cos ° P/S)
Functional specification Protocol Ithernet Connector type Transmission system Communication protocols ISB Connector type Electrical and mechanical specifications Supported transfer mode Displaying Items Iumerical Values Normal Voltage (V) Current (A) Active Power (W) Apparent Power (VA) Reactive Power (Var) Power Factor Phase Angle (deg) Iigma Items Iammonic analysis function (O	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, and C0 IEEE St'd 488.2-1992 RJ-45 modular jack Ethernet (1000 BASE-T, 100BASE-TX or 10 BASE-T) TCP/IP USB type B receptacle USB Rev. 2.0 compilant HS (High Speed, 480 Mbps) and FS Full Speed, 12 Mbps) Measurement functions for each channel (power module) Urms: true rms value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Udc: simple average value, Urm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm; rectified mean value calibrated rms value, Idc: sim average value, Irm; rectified mean value, lac: AC component P S (depends on Type 1.2 or 3), Type1 and Type2: selectable of Urms x Irms, Udc x Idc, Urmn x Irmn or Umn x Irms Q (depends on Type 1.2 or 3) Lambda (P/S) Phi (cos ° P/S) ption) U(k): K-th order voltage true rms value, U: total voltage true rms value Whe

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Active Power (W)		P(k): k-th order active power value, P: total active power value When k=0,		
Apparent Power (VA)		it shows DC component S(k): k-th order apparent power value, S: total apparent power value When		
		(k); k-th order reactive power value, Q; total reactive power value When k=0 it shows 0		
Reactive Power (Var)				
Power Factor		Lambda(k): k-th order power factor value, Lambda: total power factor value		
Phase Angle (deg)		Phi(k): Phase angle between k-th order voltage and current, Phi: Phase angle of current refers to voltage waveform		
		PhiU(k): Phase angle of k-th order voltage refers to the fundamental voltage U		
ta Function		Phil(k): Phase angle of k-th order current refers to the fundamental current I(1)		
Voltage [V]		DeltaU1 to DeltaU3, and Delta Usigma		
Current [A]		Deltal		
Power [W]		Delta P1 to Delta P3, and Delta PSigma		
X analysis function que and Speed input				
AUX1		Pulse input or Analog input		
AUX2		Pulse input or Analog input		
AUX(1×2)		Mechanical power calculation		
curacy				
Accuracy: Within 6 months after	Voltage:	Frequency Accuracy DC: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
calibration		0.1 Hz ≤ f < 10 Hz: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		$45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 1 \text{ kHz: } \pm (0.1\% \text{ of reading} + 0.1\% \text{ of range})$		
		1 kHz < f \leq 10 kHz: \pm (0.1% of reading + 0.1% of range) 10 kHz < f \leq 50 kHz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz: ±(0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		100 kHz < f \leq 200 kHz: \pm (0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range) 200 kHz < f \leq 400 kHz: \pm (1% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		400 kHz < f ≤ 500 kHz: ±((0.1 + 0.003 × f*)% of reading + 0.4% of range) 500 kHz < f ≤ 1 MHz: ±((0.1 + 0.003 × f*)% of reading + 4% of range)		
		1 MHz < $f \le 10$ MHz: $\pm ((0.1 + 0.003 \times 1)\%)$ of reading $+ 4\%$ of range)		
		* Measurement bandwidth 20 MHz (-3 dB, Typical) * Accuracy over 1 MHz is design value		
	Current:	Direct Frequency Accuracy		
		DC: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) + 20uA 0.1 Hz \leq f < 10 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		10 Hz ≤ f < 45 Hz: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		$45 \text{ Hz} \le f \le 1 \text{ kHz: } \pm (0.1\% \text{ of reading } + 0.1\% \text{ of range})$ $1 \text{ kHz} < f \le 10 \text{ kHz: } \pm (0.1\% \text{ of reading } + 0.1\% \text{ of range})$		
		10 kHz < f \leq 50 kHz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) 50 kHz < f \leq 100 kHz: \pm (0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		100 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz: ±(0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		200 kHz < f \leq 400 kHz: \pm (1% of reading + 0.4% of range) 400 kHz < f \leq 500 kHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.004 × f*)% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		500 kHz < f \leq 1 MHz: ±((0.1 + 0.004 × f*)% of reading + 4% of range)		
		* Measurement bandwidth 10 MHz (-3 dB, Typical)		
		Sensor Frequency Accuracy		
		DC: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) + 50uV 0.1 Hz \leq f $<$ 10 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		10 Hz \leq f $<$ 45 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		1 kHz < f ≤ 10 kHz: ±(0.1% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		10 kHz < f \leq 50 kHz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) 50 kHz < f \leq 100 kHz: \pm (0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		100 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz: ±(0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		200 kHz < f \leq 400 kHz: \pm (1% of reading + 0.4% of range) 400 kHz < f \leq 500 kHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.003 × f*)% of reading + 0.4% of range)		
		500 kHz < f \leq 1 MHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.003 × f*)% of reading + 4% of range) 1 MHz < f \leq 10 MHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.003 × f*)% of reading + 4% of range)		
		* Measurement bandwidth 20 MB (-3 dB, Typical)		
	Power:	* Accuracy over 1 MHz is design value Direct Fraguency Accuracy		
	-ower:	Direct Frequency Accuracy DC: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.4% of range) + 20uA × U		
		0.1 Hz \leq f $<$ 10 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) 10 Hz \leq f $<$ 45 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz: ±(0.1% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		1 kHz < f \leq 10 kHz: \pm (0.1% of reading + 0.16% of range) 10 kHz < f \leq 50 kHz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz: ±(0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range) 100 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz: ±(1.5% of reading + 0.6% of range)		
		200 kHz < f ≤ 400 kHz: ±(1.5% of reading + 0.6% of range)		
		400 kHz < f \leq 500 kHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.006 × f*)% of reading + 0.6% of range) 500 kHz < f \leq 1 MHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.006 × f*)% of reading + 6% of range)		
		Sensor Frequency Accuracy		
		DC: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.4% of range) + 50uV × U		
		0.1 Hz \leq f $<$ 10 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range) 10 Hz \leq f $<$ 45 Hz: \pm (0.2% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		45 Hz ≤ f ≤ 1 kHz: ±(0.1% of reading + 0.1% of range)		
		1 kHz < f \leq 10 kHz: ±(0.1% of reading + 0.16% of range) 10 kHz < f \leq 50 kHz: ±(0.2% of reading + 0.2% of range)		
		50 kHz < f ≤ 100 kHz: \pm (0.6% of reading + 0.4% of range) 100 kHz < f ≤ 200 kHz: \pm (1.5% of reading + 0.6% of range)		
		200 kHz < f ≤ 400 kHz: ±(1.5% of reading + 0.6% of range)		
		400 kHz < f \leq 500 kHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.004 × f*)% of reading + 0.6% of range) 500 kHz < f \leq 1 MHz: \pm ((0.1 + 0.004 × f*)% of reading + 6% of range)		
		* The unit of f in the equation for the reading error is (kHz).		
		* These accuracies apply when the power factor = 1. For the complete specifications, please refer to the separate document, Bulletin PX8000-02EN.		
neral specifications		· ACOUST CELLY.		
Standard operating con	ditions	Ambient Temperate: 23 +/- 5 degree, Ambient humidity: 20 to 80%RH, Supply		
		Voltage and frequency Within +/- 1% of rating, Altitude: 2000 m or less After the PX8000 has been warmed up for 30 minutes and then calibration		
		has been performed.		
Rated supply voltage		100 to 120 VAC / 220 to 240 VAC (Auto switching)		
Rated supply frequency Maximum power consu		50/60 Hz 200 VA		
	ipuol I	Approx. 6.5 kg (weight of the PX8000 only without paper and /M2, /B5, /C20		
Weight				
Weight		/G5 and /P4 options) 1500 VAC for one minute between the power supply and case		

Model	Suffix Code	Description
PX8000		Precision Power Scope
Power Code	-D	UL/CSA Standard, PSE support 3-pin type
	-F	VDE standard
	-H	GB standard
	-N	NBR standard
	-Q	BS standard
	-R	AS standard
Languages	-HE	English menu
	-HG	German menu
	-HJ	Japanese menu
Options	/B5	Built-in printer(112 mm)
	/C20	IRIG function
	/G5	Harmonic measurement
	/M1	50 M memory expansion*
	/M2	100 M memory expansion*
	/P4	4 Outputs of probe power

*Sel	ect	one	$\cap f$	these

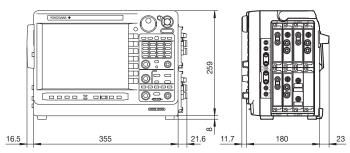
Name	Model	Description
Voltage Module	760811	Voltage module (Current module 760812 must be ordered together.)
Current Module	760812	Current module (Voltage module 760811 must be ordered together.)
Auxiliary Module	760851	Auxiliary (AUX) module for sensor input, Torque/Speed

Name	Model	Description
PowerViewerPlus	760881	Viewer software dedicated for PX8000

Standard Accessories;

Power cord (1 set), Front cover (1 set), Rubber foot (4 sets), Cover plate assy (8 sets), Current terminal adapter (4 sets), Voltage terminal adapter (4 sets), Printer chart (1 set for / B5), Getting started guide (1 set), CD (Getting started guide, Futures guide, User's Manual, Communication interface manual by PDF data)

Unit: mm





For the full specifications see Bulletin PX8000-02EN or tmi.yokogawa.com/px8000

Model / parts number	Product	Description
758917	Test read set	A set of 0.8 m long, red and black test leads
758922 🛕	Small alligator-clip	Rated at 300 V and used in a pair
758929 🛕	Large alligator-clip	Rated at 1000 V and used in a pair
758923	Safety terminal adapter	(spring-hold type) Two adapters to a set
B8213ZD	Safety terminal adapter	(screw-fastened type) Two adapters to a set.
758921 🛕	Fork terminal adapter	Banana-fork adapter, Two adapters to a set
366924 🕂 1	BNC-BNC cable	1 m
366925	BNC-BNC cable	2 m
B9284LK <u>^</u>	External sensor cable	Current sensor input connector, Length 0.5 m
701947	100:1 Isolation Probe	1000 V (DC+ACpeak) CAT I
700929	10:1 Probe (for isolation BNC input)	1000 V (DC+ACpeak) CAT I
701901	1:1 Safety BNC Adapter Lead (in combination with followings)	1000 Vrms-CAT II
701959	Safety Mini-Clip (Hook type)	1000 Vrms-CAT II, 1 set each of red and black
701954	Large Aligator-Clip (Dolphin type)	1000 Vrms-CAT II, 1 set each of red and black
366926 🕂	1:1 BNC-Alligator Cable	Non-isolated 42 V or less 1 m
366961 🕂	1:1 Banana-Alligator Cable	Non-isolated 42 V or less 1.2 m
B9988AE	Printer Roll Paper	For PX8000, 10 m × 10
701902	Safety BNC-BNC Cable (1 m)	1000 Vrms-CAT II (BNC-BNC)
701903	Safety BNC-BNC Cable (2 m)	1000 Vrms-CAT II (BNC-BNC)
720911	External I/O Cable	For external I/O connection
701948	Plug-On Clip	For 700929 and 701947
701906	Long Test Clip	For 700924 and 701926
A1800JD	Terminal	For 720220 input terminal, one (1) Piece
701963	Soft Carrying Case	For PX8000
B8213ZA	Safety terminal adapter	(screw-fastened type) Two adapters to a set
B9317WD	Wrench is attached	For B8213ZD and B8213ZA
700924	Differential probe	1400 Vpk, 1000 Vrms- CAT II

- ▲ Due to the nature of this product, it is possible to touch its mental parts. Therefore, there is a risk of electric shock, so the product must be used with caution.
- Use these products with low-voltage circuits (42 V or less).

Yokogawa's approach to preserving the global environment

- Yokogawa's electrical products are developed and produced in facilities that have received ISO14001 approval.
- In order to protect the global environment, Yokogawa's electrical products are designed in accordance with Yokogawa's Environmentally Friendly Product Design Guidelines and Product Design Assessment Criteria.

Notice

- Before operating the product, read the user's manual thoroughly for proper and safe operation
- If this product is for use with a system requiring safeguards that directly involve personnel safety, please contact the Yokogawa offices.

This is a Class A instrument based on Emission standards EN61326-1 and EN55011, and is designed for an industrial environment.

Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause radio interference, in which case

Operation of this equipment in a residential area may cause radio interference, in which case users will be responsible for any interference which they cause.

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